HOUSING & SERVICES — NFFDS—

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF CONTRA COSTA

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES – HEALTH, HOUSING, AND HOMELESS SERVICES

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION & DEVELOPMENT

MXCAB Presentation June 30, 2021







Department of Conservation and Development's Role in Affordable Housing

PERMITTING AND TRACKING



DCD's Role in Affordable Housing FINANCING

BONDS



Municipal multifamily
affordable housing bond
issuer since 1982 with
portfolio of 4,100
affordable units. Annual
issuer fees subsidize
costs of this function
(monitoring, refinancing,
preapplications, etc.)

MCC



Mortgage Credit
Certificate issuer for
first time homebuyers
since the 1980s with
over 7,000 assisted.
State is discontinuing
this program.

FEDERAL



Conduit of Federal funding for HOME,
HOPWA, and CDBG funds for housing development.
Portfolio of over 2,500 affordable units with 550 extremely low- income,
1,500 very low- income, and 450 low-income units.

ADMIN



Bonds and Federal funds have allowable administrative costs which fund staff.

Approximately 5
FTE housing program staff at DCD.

Federal Funding Programs for Affordable Housing Managed by DCD

Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) funds are awarded to the County for use anywhere in the County.

Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) and Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) funds are awarded to the County on behalf of the Urban County – every jurisdiction except for Antioch, Concord, Pittsburg, and Walnut Creek

DCD runs a long-established and annual cycle to award these funds in compliance with extensive HUD regulations for public noticing, outreach, procurement, etc. Developers and project sponsors may apply on an annual basis for





Amounts

- Annual HOME + CDBG: Approx. \$5 million
- Annual Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS
 (HOPWA): Approx. \$1 million (a portion goes to services via HSD)
- HOME-ARP (anticipated one time award): \$12 million
- Also: Annual ESG is funneled through DCD to homelessness service providers, including H3.





St. Paul's Commons, Walnut

44 apartments, a charch, and unhoused day program.

Received \$2.6 million HOME, \$200,000 HOPWA, \$1 million CDBG, RAD vouchers for 5 units, and 18 PBS-8 vouchers. Total cost over \$34 million.

Approved 2017, opened 2020.



Veteran's Square, Pittsburg

30 units supportive housing.

\$2.2 million HOME, \$400,000 HOPWA, 10 housing vouchers, Pittsburg Housing Authority, and 19 VASH vouchers. Total cost over \$18 million. County-issued multifamily bonds.

Approved 2017, broke ground 2020.

LOCAL - SPECIAL PROJECTS

ALL OF THESE ELEMENTS REQUIRE ONGOING MONITORING OR ADMINISTRATION, REQUIRING SPECIALIZED STAFF TIME



Mobile Home Rent Stabilization Ordinance



Dougherty Valley Affordable Housing
Significant in Proposition Proposition Component



Livable Communities Trust
Housing is an allowed use.



State Housing Grants
Including Permanent Local Housing
Allocation

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY STATISTICS MAY 2021

LIHTC

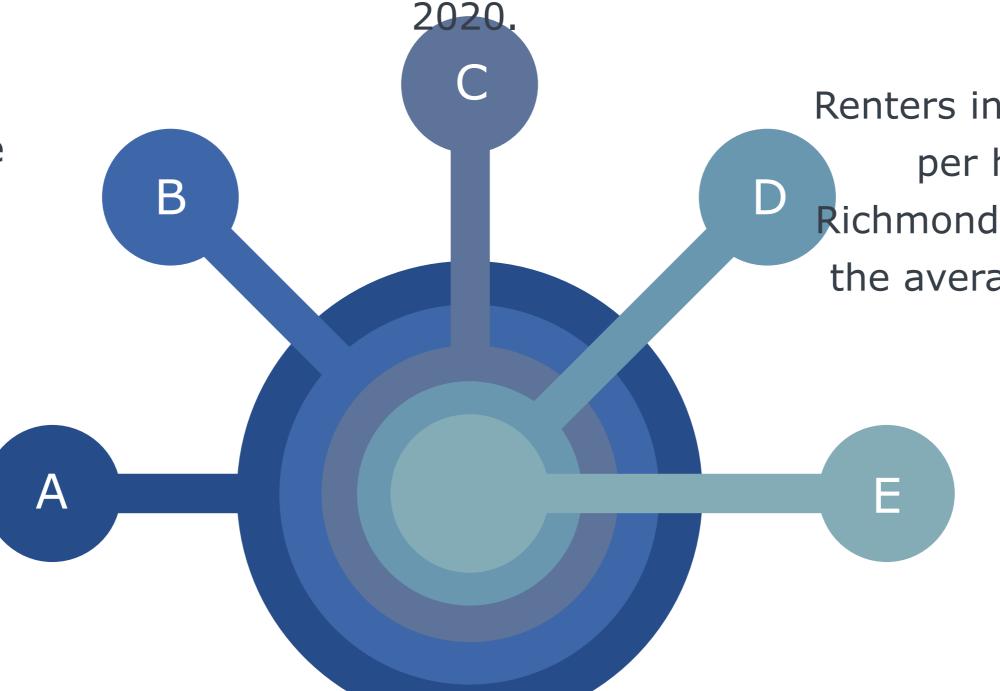
Low-Income Housing Tax Credit production and preservation in CCC increased by 162% between 2019 and

Access

27,709 low-income renter households in CCC do not have access to an affordable home.

Cost Burden

76% of extremely low-income households are paying more than half of their income on housing costs compared to just 1% of moderate-income households.



Wages

Renters in CCC need to earn \$37.54 per hour (2.5 times the City of Richmond minimum wage) to afford the average monthly asking rent of \$1,952.

Rising Costs

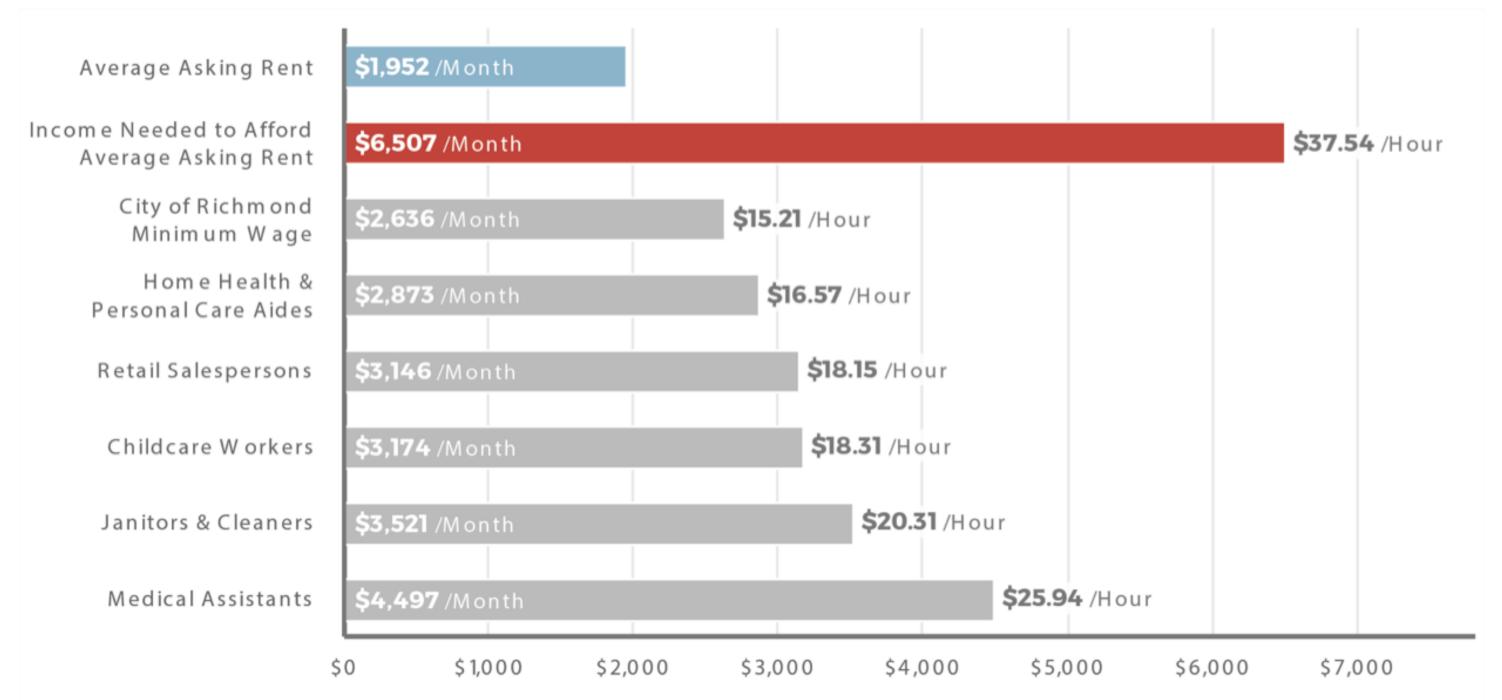
Controlling for project characteristics, compared to the rest of the state, average hard costs are \$81 more expensive per square foot in the Bay

Area.

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY STATISTICS MAY 2021

WHO CAN AFFORD TO RENT

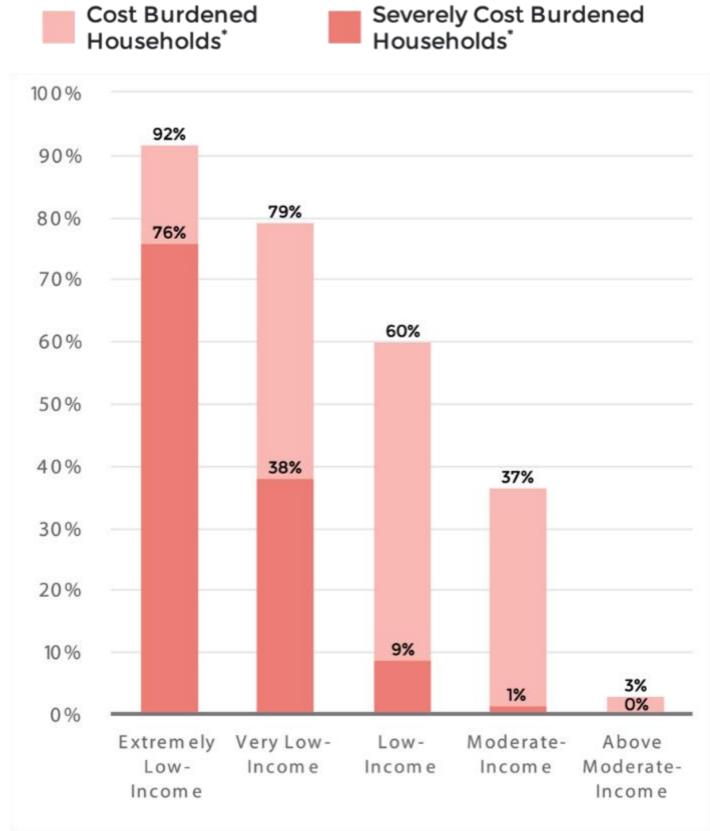
Renters need to earn 2.5 times minimum wage to afford the average asking rent in Contra Costa County.



Source: California Housing Partnership, CCC 2021 Affordable Housing Needs Report

COST BURDENED RENTER HOUSEHOLDS

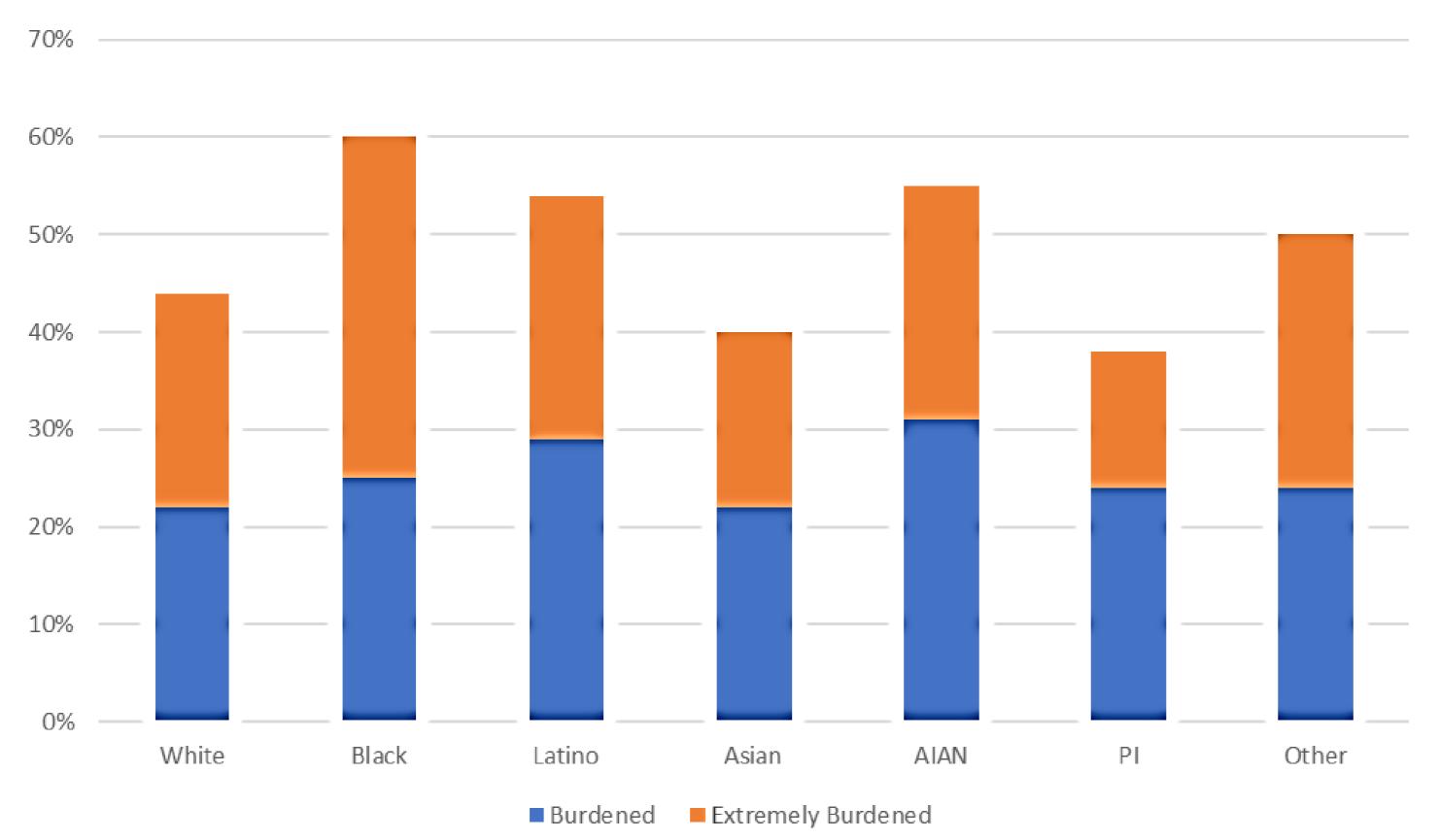
76% of ELI households in Contra Costa County are paying more than half of their income on housing costs compared to just 1% of moderate-income households.



^{*} Cost burdened households spend 30% or more of their income towards housing costs. Severely cost burdened households spend more than 50%. Source: California Housing Partnership, CCC 2021 Affordable Housing Needs Report

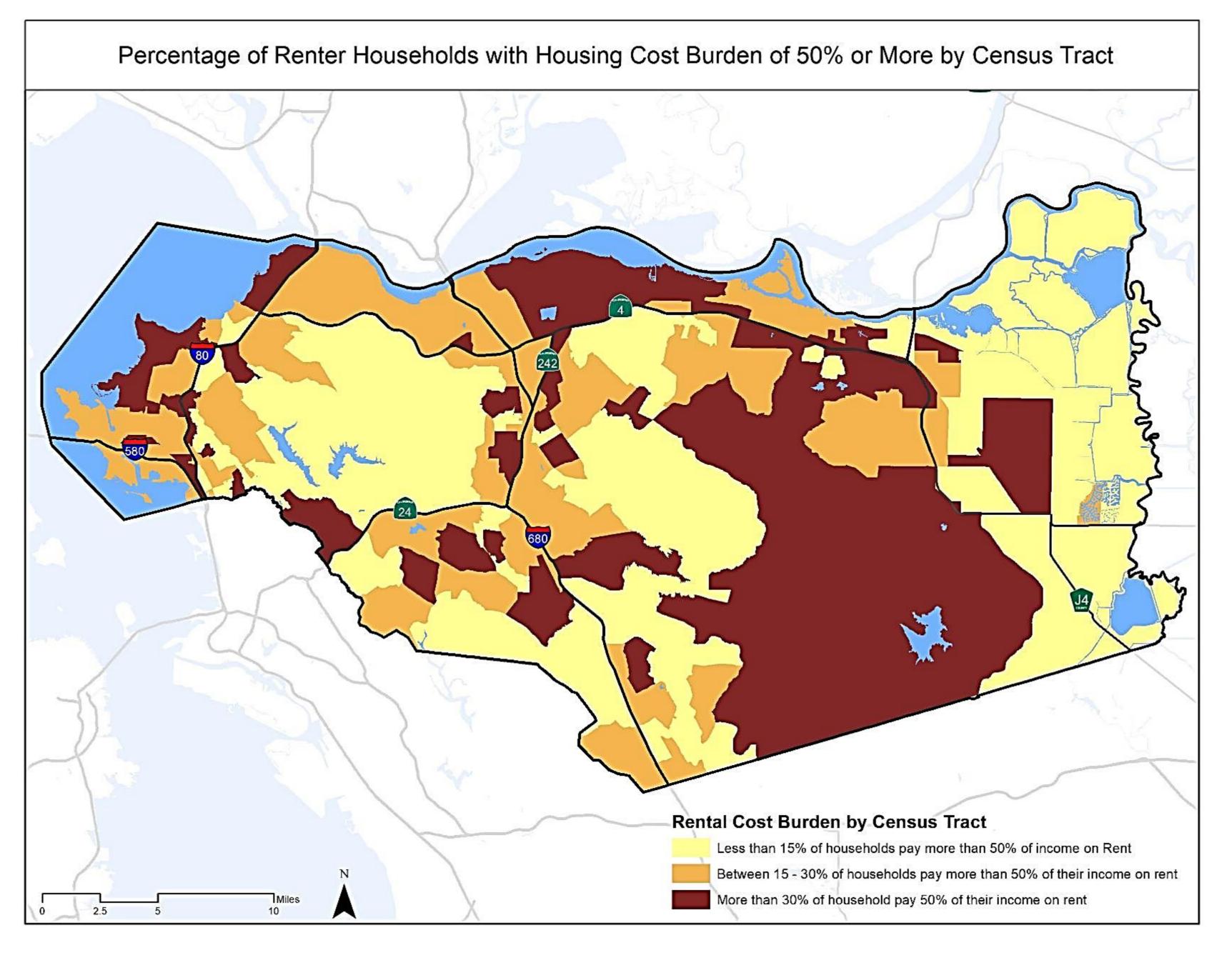
CONTRA COSTA COUNTY STATISTICS MAY 2021

Housing Burden by Race/Ethnicity in Contra Costa County



- Nearly 25% of renter households in Contra Costa County are extremely cost burdened (pay 50% or more of the household income towards rent.)
- Another 25% of renter households in Contra Costa County are cost burdened (pay between 30 50% the household income on rent).

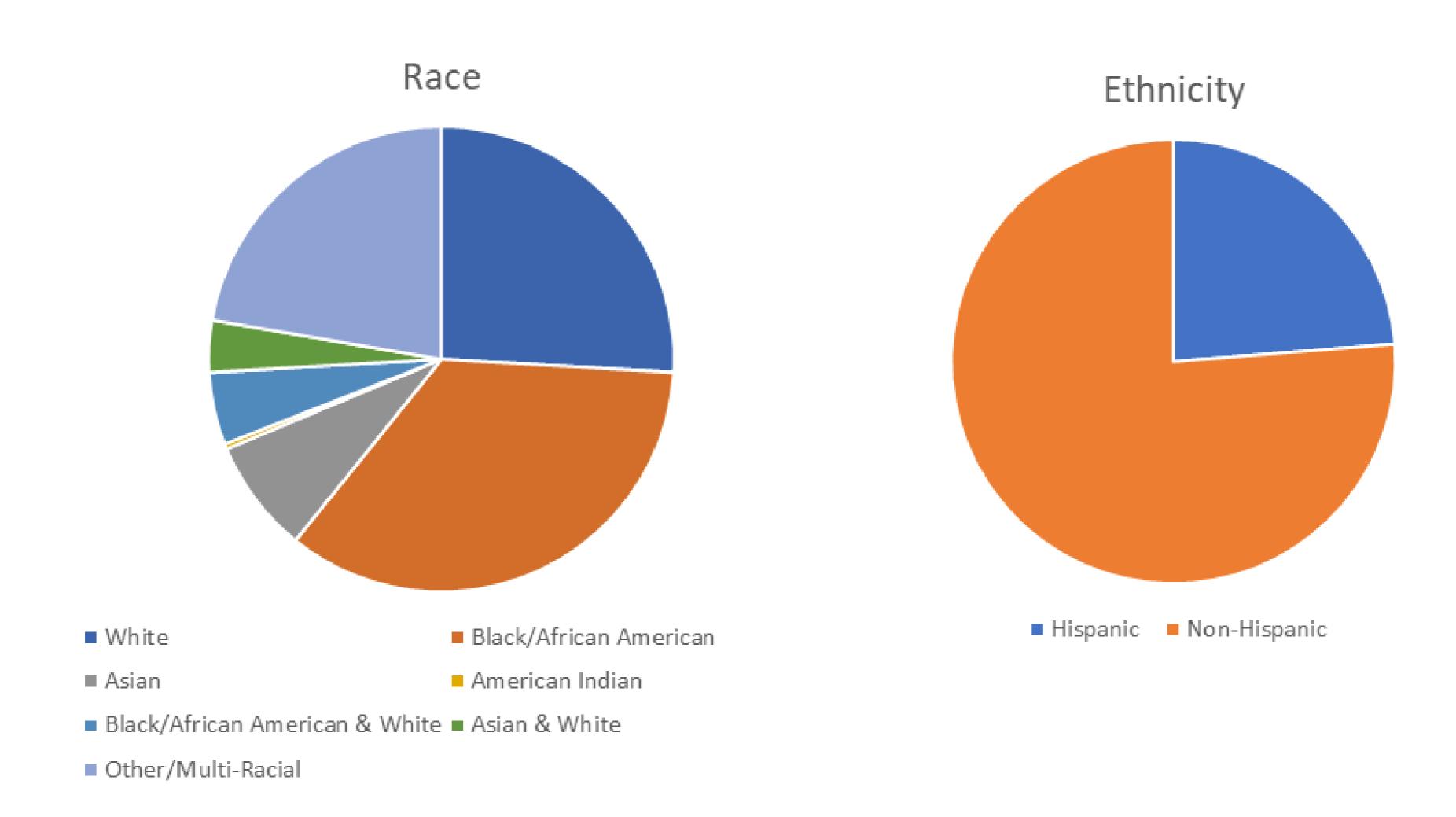
Source: California Housing Partnership, CCC 2021 Affordable Housing Needs Report



Source: CHAS 2013-2017 data, which is a custom tabulation from the U.S. Census Bureau on the American Community

Survey

TENANTS IN RECENTLY COMPLETED (3-5 YEARS) AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROJECTS LOCATED IN CONTRA COSTA COUNTY WITH DCD INVOLVEMENT



AFFORDABILITY

WHAT IS CONSIDERED LOW INCOME?

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY CDBG PROGRAM

Income Limits by Household Size Effective April 5, 2021

	Maximum income of households which are:					
Persons per Household	Extremely Low- Income (30% of AMI)	Very-low Income (50% of AMI)	Low Income (80% of AMI)			
1	\$28,800	\$47,950	\$76,750			
2	\$32,900	\$54,800	\$87,700			
3	\$37,000	\$61,650	\$98,650			
4	\$41,100	\$68,500	\$109,600			
5	\$44,400	\$74,000	\$118,400			
6	\$47,700	\$79,500	\$127,150			
7	\$51,000	\$84,950	\$135,950			
8	\$54,300	\$90,450	\$144,700			

- Extremely low-income households are defined as households earning 30 percent or less of area median income (AMI);
- Very-low income households earn 50 percent or less AMI;
- Low-income households earn 80 percent or less AMI subject to HUD caps;
 and median income households earn 100 percent AMI.

Source: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Contra Costa Consortium HOME Investment Partnerships Act Program

Income Limits by Household Size - Effective June 1, 2021

	Percent of Area Median Income									
Persons										
per								Median		
Household	20%	30%	40%	50%	60	0%	80%	Income		
1	\$ 19,180	\$28,800	\$ 38,360	\$47,950	\$ 57,54	40 \$	76,750	\$ 95,900		
2	21,920	32,900	43,840	54,800	65,76	60	87,700	109,600		
3	24,660	37,000	49,320	61,650	73,98	30	98,650	123,300		
4	27,400	41,100	54,800	68,500	82,20	00	109,600	137,000		
5	29,600	44,400	59,200	74,000	88,88	00	118,400	148,000		
6	31,800	47,700	63,600	79,500	95,40	00	127,150	159,000		
7	33,980	51,000	67,960	84,950	101,9	40	135,950	169,900		
8	36,180	54,300	72,360	90,450	108,54	40	144,700	180,900		

Extremely low-income households are defined as households earning 30 percent or less of area median income (AMI); very-low income households earn 50 percent or less of AMI; low-income households earn 80 percent or less of AMI; and median income households earn 100 percent of AMI.

Source: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

DCD's Perspective on Needs and Gaps









Matching local funds
to attract more
investment from other
sources. Flexibility
and ability to be more
creative on housing
type and stage of
project are key.
Predevelopment and
construction overruns
are hard to fund now.

County capacity to play the developer role on surplus property, special projects, etc.

Funding for preservation of affordable units

Homebuyer support, education, and resources