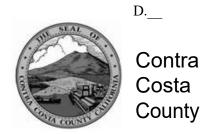
From: Anna Roth, Health Services Director

Date: March 15, 2021

Subject: West Contra Costa Healthcare District (WCCHD) Audit, Bond, and Bankruptcy Related Items



RECOMMENDATION(S):

Approve the recommendations of the West Contra Costa Healthcare District Finance Committee to (1) accept and approve the 2019/20 Audited Financials (2) accept and approve the 2019/20 Successor Retirement Plan Audited Financials (3) adopt as the Governing Board of the District a Resolution (i) approving the conversion of the interest rate with respect to the West Contra Costa Healthcare District Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 from taxable to tax exempt and (ii) approving and authorizing the taking of necessary actions and the execution of necessary documents in connection therewith (4) approve the filing of Court documents to officially close the District Bankruptcy.

BACKGROUND:

On March 15, 2021 the Finance Committee of the West County Healthcare District met, reviewed and took action on the following items:

- 1. The 2019-20 Financial audit completed by JWT & Associates with no adverse findings was presented, discussed and approved (audit attached).
- 2. The 2019-20 Successor Retirement Plan audit conducted by JWT & Associates with no adverse findings was presented, discussed and approved (audit attached)
- 3. The previously approved refunding of the 2011 Bonds contained a provision for conversion from taxable to tax free status. The committee approved the conversion of the bonds from taxable to non-taxable as anticipated in the original refunding. The Resolution to accomplish the conversion was approved as recommended by Counsel. Annual savings from this action is anticipated to save approximately \$9.6 million over the life of the issuance (Resolution attached).
- 4. The Bankruptcy Code authorizes the Court to close a Chapter 9 case "when administration of the case has been completed". The bankruptcy Plan was confirmed by a final order of the Court. All allowed claims entitled to distribution under the Plan have been paid or will be paid in accordance with the Plan. On the advice of Counsel the committee approved the filing of documents to officially close the Bankruptcy (attachment).

FISCAL IMPACT:

Savings from the 2011 Bond Conversion will save \$9.6 million over the life of the issuance.

✓ APPROVE		OTHER
✓ RECOMMENDATION O	F CNTY ADMINISTRATOR	RECOMMENDATION OF BOARD COMMITTEE
Action of Board On: 03/15/20	21 APPROVED AS REC	OMMENDED OTHER
Clerks Notes:		
VOTE OF SUPERVISORS	I hereby certify that this is a true and Supervisors on the date shown.	correct copy of an action taken and entered on the minutes of the Board of
Contact: Patrick Godley, (925) 957-5405	ATTESTED: March 15, Monica Nino, County Adm	2021 inistrator and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

cc:

Audited Financial Statements

WEST CONTRA COSTA HEALTHCARE DISTRICT

June 30, 2020

Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

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JWT & Associates, LLP

Advisory Assurance Tax

1111 East Herndon, Suite 211, Fresno, California 93720 Voice: (559) 431-7708 Fax:(559) 431-7685

Report of Independent Auditors

The Contra Costa Board of Supervisors West Contra Costa Healthcare District Martinez, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of West Contra Costa Healthcare District (the District) as of June 30, 2020, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flow for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District at June 30, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

JWT & Associates, LLP

Fresno, California November XX, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2020

Introduction

This discussion and analysis has been prepared by the management of West Contra Costa County Healthcare District (the District or WCCHD) in order to provide an overview of the District's financial and operating performance for the year ended June 30, 2020, in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financials Statements; Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments.* Read in conjunction with the District's audited financial statements and accompanied notes to the financial statements. It is intended to help the reader better understand the District's financial performance and position. It should be noted that the audited financial statements prepared by JWT & Associates, LLP, include an unmodified opinion regarding the financial statements.

This discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

The District, which was formed in 1948, operated Doctors Medical Center in San Pablo, California for over 60 years. Since the mid-1990's, the medical center faced ongoing financial challenges. Ultimately, the District closed Doctors Medical Center in April 2015 due to insufficient funding for the population it serviced and due to its continuing losses. The District continues to function.

After the closure of the hospital in 2015, the remaining staff conducted the following key activities to wind down the non-clinical operations of the District.

- Conducted a complete inventory of the contents of the hospital.
- Obtained bids for equipment and sold equipment to the highest bidder.
- Discarded any unwanted items (trash) that were of little to no value.
- Shredded any unnecessary documents.
- Assigned remaining accounts receivable to an outside vendor for continued collection efforts on patient accounts.
- Arranged for medical records, storage, retention, retrieval and disposal.
- Removed information technology, ensuring that all data was appropriately removed before sale
 of hardware.
- Shut down unneeded building functions and plant operations.
- Sold the hospital building in April 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2020

Bankruptcy

The District did not have sufficient cash or other assets to support the ongoing operations of the District or to pay the post closure liabilities until the sale of the hospital building. On October 20, 2017, the District filed Chapter 9 bankruptcy. The purpose of the bankruptcy is to obtain relief from creditor collection actions and allow the District time and access to the funds necessary to affect a "plan of adjustment." On December 21, 2018, the Bankruptcy court confirmed the Second Amended Plan of Adjustment which provides for the following:

- 2004 and 2011 COP's (Certificates of Participation) shall be paid in full, with interest, under the plan through the ongoing collection of parcel tax revenues. The 2004 COPs were refinanced in April 2018 and the 2011 COPs were refinanced in June 2019 to reduce the interest rate on the outstanding debt.
- The District paid \$218,000 to Contra Costa County in settlement of an unsecured claim against the District. Additionally, The County retains its rights under the Tax Sharing Agreement and all advances made to the District under this agreement will be reimbursed to the County under the terms of the agreement.
- The West Contra Costa Healthcare District Successor Pension Plan received \$2 million dollars in fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Additional contributions will be paid to the Successor Pension Plan over the next 10 years and all participants are expected to receive their full benefit.
- The California Nurses Association (CNA) will be paid \$2,500,000 over the course of ten years without interest for an obligation incurred pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding between the District and CNA dated June 14, 2011.
- General unsecured creditors will be paid \$2.7 million over three years as a pro rata share of their claim.
- The Employment Development Department claim of \$1.3 million was paid over a two-year period without penalties and interest.
- Local 39 Pension claim will be paid in full over 10 years in annual installments and the Local 39 health claim will be paid at a 50% discount over 9 years.
- The sale of the hospital building for \$13 million closed in April 2018. The plan of adjustment allowed for payments of selling costs, plus costs to certain cellular parties in exchange for release of their interest or lien on the hospital building.
- The funds from the sale of the building and ongoing property tax collections will fund the plan of adjustment and the ongoing operations of the District. Under the terms of the plan of adjustment, the District has resumed providing healthcare services to the residents of the District and County as available funds allow.
- The first round of payments were made under the bankruptcy plan in December 2018. The second round of payments under the bankruptcy plan were made in December 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2020

Future of the District

Contra Costa Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) conducted a study, with the full cooperation of the District, to review the status of the District and to provide options for the future of the district. After consideration of these options, on February 16, 2018, Senator Glazer introduced Senate Bill Number 522 which provides that:

It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this act to replace the district's elected governing body with a district board appointed by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Contra Costa. This change in governance is intended to reduce administrative costs, increase operational efficiencies, and maximize the use of health care funding through collaboration with the county, which is the only other public agency provider of medical services in the region.

The bill was signed into law on July 18, 2018, by Governor Jerry Brown.

On September 11, 2018, the Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors appointed itself, under Health & Safety Code Section 32100.8, as the District's Board of Directors effective January 1, 2019.

The Board of Supervisors also noted the closure of the District's hospital eliminated an important community resource. Relatively lower income levels in West County reduce healthcare options and increase certain health risks. The groups most likely affected by the closure are the elderly, children, diabetics and individuals with respiratory diseases and special needs.

Although the District no longer owns a hospital, such healthcare districts, may provide a variety of services, including 1) health facilities, diagnostic and testing centers, and free clinics; 2) outpatient programs, services and facilities; 3) retirement program services and facilities; 4) chemical dependency services and facilities; 5) other healthcare programs, services and facilities; 6) health education programs; 7) wellness and prevention programs; 8) support to other healthcare service providers, groups and organizations; 9) ambulance or ambulance services; and 10) participation in or management of health insurance programs. Under the court-approved bankruptey plan, on average approximately \$1 million per year will be available to be allocated to the needs of the District. However, this figure is expected to fluctuate with revenues gradually expected to increase over time.

The Public Health West County Assessment Report presented to the District's Finance Committee on May 6, 2019 identified two major areas of health care related concerns.

- 1. The loss of emergency room services; and
- 2. The lack of adequate services for at-risk youth.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2020

The report recommended that funds allocated by the District for community benefit (\$900,000 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020) be balanced between direct services and capacity building to address these areas of concern

In April 2019, the Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors, acting as the governing board of the District, adapted a resolution converting the financial reporting period of the District from a calendar year-end to a fiscal year-end ending on June 30th. These financial statements cover the year ended June 30, 2020. The first full fiscal year subsequent to the change.



Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,989,400
Assets limited as to use		2,684,711
Other receivables		2,157
Estimated third-party payors settlements receivable		71,082
Total current assets		7,747,350
Assets limited as to use, less current portion		1,001,915
Other assets		555,186
Total assets	\$	9,304,451
Liabilities and net position Current liabilities	¢.	1 252 000
Current maturities of debt borrowings Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,353,000 1,299,156
Pension liability, current portion		1,000,000
Other liabilities, current portion		5,070,811
Total current liabilities		8,722,967
Debt borrowings, net of current maturities		51,237,000
Net long-term pension liability		9,791,845
Other liabilities, net of current		3,518,835
Total liabilities		73,270,647
Net position		
Unrestricted		(63,966,196)
Total net position		(63,966,196)
Total liabilities and net position	\$	9,304,451

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Operating revenues	
Operating revenue	\$ 88,699
Total operating revenue	88,699
Operating expenses	
Community Benefit Expense	650,000
Professional fees	640,885
Depreciation and amortization	38,588
Other operating expenses	25,155
Total operating expenses	1,354,628
Operating loss	(1,265,929)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
District tax revenue	10,528,435
Investment income	113,489
Interest expense	(2,504,871)
Other non-operating revenues (expenses), net	(2,189,807)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	5,947,246
Change in net position	4,681,317
Net position at beginning of the year	(68,647,513)
Net position at end of the year	\$ (63,966,196)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from patient services	\$ 196,240
Cash received from operations, other than patient services	106,328
Cash payments to suppliers and contractors	(329,192)
Net cash used in operating activities	(26,624)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Net change in other liability	(5,771,587)
Principal payments on debt borrowings	(1,241,000)
Interest payments on debt borrowings	(2,504,871)
Net change in pension liability	170,124
Other non-operating income (expense)	(19,683)
Parcel tax revenues levied for debt service	2,754,855
Ad valorem and parcel tax revenues to support operations	7,773,580
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	\$ 1,161,418
Cash flows from investing activities	
Net investment gain	113,489
Net change in assets whose use is limited	(1,608,184)
Net pension expense	(2,170,124)
Net change in other assets	 15,979
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,648,840)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,514,046)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 7,503,446
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 4,989,400

Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities

J 1 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Loss from operations	\$ (1,265,92	29)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	38,58	88
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Other receivables	17,62	29
Accounts payable	986,84	48
Estimated third-party payors settlements receivable	196,24	40
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (26,62	24)
Non cash disclosures		
Non cash payments on county loan	\$ 3,947,92	27

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity- West Contra Costa Healthcare District (the "District") is a public agency organized under Local Hospital District Law as set forth in the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The District is a political subdivision of the State of California and is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District was formed in 1948 for the purpose of building and operating a hospital to benefit the residents of West Contra Costa County. The District was governed by a Board of Directors elected from within the Healthcare District to specified terms of office until January 1, 2019. The District operated a full-service acute care facility and provided services to both inpatients and outpatients, who primarily resided in the local geographic area. The District ceased all operations of the hospital in April 2015 and subsequently filed bankruptcy in October 2017. On September 11, 2018, the Contra Costa County (the County) Board of Supervisors appointed itself, under Health & Safety Code Section 32100.8, as the District's Board of Directors effective January 1, 2019.

Basis of preparation - The District is a governmental health care district and, accordingly, follows governmental accounting standards. The accrual basis of accounting is used in accordance with provisions for proprietary fund types.

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, the District's proprietary fund accounting and financial reporting practices are based on all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as codified pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989.

The District applies the provisions of GASB 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments (Statement 34), as amended by GASB 37, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and Statement 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. Statement 34 established financial reporting standards for all state and local governments and related entities. Statement 34 primarily relates to presentation and disclosure requirements. The impact of this change was related to the format of the financial statements; the inclusion of management's discussion and analysis; and the preparation of the statement of cash flows on the direct method.

Use of estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents - The District considers cash and cash equivalents to include certain investments in highly liquid debt instruments, when present, with an original maturity of three months or less or subject to withdrawal upon request.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other assets - Other assets include debt issuance costs related to certain debt. Debt issuance costs incurred in connection with the issuance of tax-exempt bonds have been deferred and/or recorded and are being amortized over the term of the bonds using a straight-line method. Amortization expense recognized for the year ended June 30, 2020, was \$38,588.

Risk management - The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

Risk retention plans - The District is covered under the professional liability and workers' compensation insurance coverages arranged by and enforce for the County. Management estimates of uninsured losses for prior professional liability, workers' compensation and employee health coverage have been accrued as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements and are being settled as part of the bankruptcy.

Net position - Net position of the District are classified in three components:

- Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets.
- Restricted expendable net position are noncapital net assets that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors, or contributors external to the District, including amounts deposited with trustees as required by revenue bond indentures, discussed in Note 7.
- Unrestricted net position are remaining net assets that do not meet the definition of invested in capital assets net of related debt or restricted expendable net assets.

Operating revenues and expenses - The District's statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. The District no longer operates a hospital and now all operating revenue and expenses are related to the ongoing operations of the District which include administrative related, debt service related and other regulatorily required services. Non-operating revenues and expenses were those transactions not considered directly linked to providing health care services in prior years and currently those not associated with ongoing operations..

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to and deductions from fiduciary net position are determined on the same basis as reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due as payable in accordance with benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

Income taxes - The District operates under the purview of the Internal Revenue Code, Section 115, and corresponding California Revenue and Taxation Code provisions. As such, it is not subject to state or federal taxes on income.

Subsequent events – Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Property taxes – During the year ended June 30, 2020, the authority received approximately 98.1% of its financial support from property taxes. Property taxes are levied by the County on the District's behalf on July 1st and are intended to finance the District's activities of the same fiscal year. Amounts levied are based on assessed property values as of the July 1. Property taxes are considered delinquent on the day following each payment due date. Property taxes are recorded as non-operating revenue by the District when they are earned.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS & ASSETS LIMITED AS TO USE

As of June 30, 2020, the District had deposits invested in various financial institutions in the form of cash and cash equivalents including amounts classified as assets limited as to use amounting to \$8,676,026. These funds were held in deposits, which are collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code ("CGC"), except for \$250,000 per account that is federally insured.

Under the provisions of the CGC, California banks and savings and loan associations are required to secure the District's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the District's deposits. California law also allows financial institutes to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the District's total deposits. The pledged securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the name of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS & ASSETS LIMITED AS TO USE (continued)

The composition of assets limited as to use at June 30, 2020, is set forth in the following table. Investments are stated at fair value.

Held by Trustee
US Government Securities and Repurchase Agreements

\$ 3,686,626

Total

\$ 3,686,626

NOTE 3 - NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE AND REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAMS

The District rendered services to patients under contractual arrangements with the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs, health maintenance organizations ("HMOs") and preferred provider organizations ("PPOs") when the hospital was in operation.

The District had agreements with third-party payors that provided for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements included prospectively determined rates per discharge, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, fee schedules, prepaid payments per member, and per diem payments or a combination of these methods. Net patient service revenue was reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated settlements under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors.

Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries were paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates varied according to a patient classification system based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Inpatient non-acute services were paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. Payments for outpatient services were based on a stipulated amount per diagnosis. The District was reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate, with final settlements determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. The District's cost reports have been audited by the Medicare fiscal intermediary through 2015, the year the Hospital ceased operations. The District has estimated that as of June 30, 2020, they have no additional receivable or payable settlements with Medicare.

The District rendered services to Medi-Cal program beneficiaries at contracted rates. These rates varied according to a patient classification system based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. The District was reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate, with final settlements determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by Medi-Cal. The District's cost reports have been audited by Medi-Cal through 2015. The District has estimated that as of June 30, 2020, they are due \$71,082 from Medi-Cal for settlements through December 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 4-DEBT BORROWINGS

A schedule of changes in the District's debt borrowings for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2017 is as follows:

	06/30/19	 Additions	1	Reductions	 06/30/20
Bonds payable					
Certificates of Participation - Series 2018	\$ 13,322,000	\$ -	\$	(1,195,000)	\$ 12,127,000
Certificates of Participation - Series 2019	40,509,000	-		(46,000)	 40,463,000
	\$ 53,831,000	\$	\$	(1,241,000)	\$ 52,590,000

The terms and due dates of the District's debt borrowings at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

- Series 2018 Certificates of Participation dated April 2018, original amount of 15,015,000, principal payable in annual installments ranging from \$1,114,000 in 2018 to \$1,629,000 in 2028, interest at 3.625%, payable semiannually and collateralized by a pledge of the District's parcel tax revenues. The District is in compliance with the financial covenants and financial reporting requirements as specified in the Indenture Trust Agreement.
- Series 2019 Certificates of Participation dated June 2019, original amount of 40,509,000, principal payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$46,000 in 2020 to \$1,750,000 in 2042, interest ranging from 4.125% to 5.00%, payable semiannually and collateralized by a pledge of the District's parcel tax revenues. The District is in compliance with the financial covenants and financial reporting requirements as specified in the Indenture Trust Agreement.

Aggregate principal maturities on debt borrowings, based on scheduled maturities are as follows:

	Debt Borrowings			
Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest		
2021	1,353,000	2,457,286		
2022	1,484,000	2,140,735		
2023	1,615,000	1,994,023		
2024	1,675,000	1,932,830		
2025	1,740,000	1,870,038		
Thereafter	44,723,000	18,437,524		
	\$52,590,000	\$28,832,436		

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 6-OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The District entered into a tax exchange agreement with the County of Contra Costa (the "County") in April 2011, receiving an initial cash advance of \$10 million and subsequent additional advances for a total maximum outstanding balance of \$25,296,000, which was reached during the year ended December 31, 2014. The County Auditor allocates and transfers to the County, pursuant to this agreement, all but \$1,000,000 of the general ad valorem property tax revenues that otherwise would be collected and allocated to the District. The \$1,000,000 is transferred to the District for ongoing operating costs and expenses. This agreement commenced in July 1, 2011 and continued from year to year thereafter with allocations and transfers being made pursuant to the agreement. Pursuant to the tax exchange agreement, the District agreed to pay back an amount greater than what was advanced to them by the County. The District had been recognizing this additional amount pro-rata on a yearly basis based on the estimated years to pay off the advances. With the closure of the hospital and the subsequent bankruptcy the District decided to book the entire amount due to the county during the year ended December 31, 2016. The outstanding balance due to the County at June 30, 2020 is \$5,385,417. The current and long term outstanding advance balance is included in other liabilities in the statement of net position.

NOTE 7- RETIREMENT PLANS

The District offered a defined contribution savings plan intended to qualify under section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC"). The plan was designed to provide participants with a means to defer a portion of their compensation for retirement and to provide benefits in the event of death, disability, or financial hardship. The plan covered former employees of the District who met certain eligibility requirements. The District was the administrator of the plan and had delegated certain responsibilities for the operation and administration of the plan to an outside third-party trustee. Under the plan, employer contributions are discretionary. The District has not contributed to the plan since 2007.

The District also offered two Employer Contributory Tax Deferred Plans intended to qualify under section 403(b) and 401(a) of the IRC. The plans were designed to provide participants with a means to defer a portion of their compensation for retirement and to provide benefits in the event of death, disability, or financial hardship. The plans covered employees of the District who met certain eligibility requirements. Under the plans, the District had the ability to make discretionary matching contributions of up to 5.0% of the participant's annual compensation to the plan. The District made no contributions to the plans since 2015.

The District also provides a non-contributory single employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan covers all eligible employees of the previous Brookside Hospital. Brookside Hospital was the previous name of Doctors Medical Center. The plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries based on each employee's years of service and annual compensation. No new employees have been enrolled in the plan since 1996. There are 201 ex-District employees participating in the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 7-RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized a pension related loss under the Plan of \$2,170,124. At June 30, 2020, the District's reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Plan were considered immaterial.

The following is the aggregate pension expense for the years ended June 30, 2020:

Interest cost	\$ 531,299
Expected return on assets	(120,266)
Amortization of liability gains and losses	492,444
Amortization of assumption changes	1,275,165
Amortization of investment gains and losses	79,035
Administrative expenses paid from trust	(43,935)
	\$ 2,213,742
The net pension liability at June 30, 2020 is as follows:	
Interest on total pension liability	\$ 531,299
Liability (gain) loss	492,444
Assumption change	1,275,165
Benefit payments	(831,920)
Net change in total pension liability	1,466,988
Total pension liability at beginning of the year	13,694,352
Total pension liability at the end of the year	\$ 15,161,340

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 7-RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

The fiduciary net position at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Investment income (loss)	\$ 48,391
Employer contributions	2,000,000
Benefits paid	(831,920)
Administrative expenses	(43,935)
Net change in total pension liability	1,172,536
Total fiduciary net position at beginning of the year	3,196,959
Total fiduciary net position at the end of the year	\$ 4,369,495
District's net pension liability (total liability less net position)	\$ 10,791,845
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total liability	29%
Actuarially determined contributions Actual contributions	\$ 1,039,672 (2,000,000)
Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$ (960,328)

The following table summarizes the actuarial assumptions used to determine net pension liability and plan fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2020:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2020

Methods and assumptions

Actuarial cost method Unit credit (all benefits are fully accrued)

Amortization method Straight line

Asset valuation Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%
Inflation rate 2.00%
Projected salary increases N/A

Mortality table Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables (Healthy and

Contingent Annuitant) projected with Scale MP-2019

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

NOTE 7-RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Other disclosures about the non-contributory single employer defined benefit pension plan are as follows:

Description of the Plan: Effective March 2, 2000, the District began a single-employer defined benefit plan. This plan became effective on that date with a plan year end of June 30. This plan guarantees participants with a specific lifetime benefit funded 100% by the District.

Benefits provided: Benefitted full and part-time employees were eligible per plan specifications. The retirement formula is based on a percentage of the employee's compensation in each calendar year. Credit for past service is given to benefitted full and part-time employees up through 2000, at the same retirement formula of the employee's compensation in each consecutive calendar year in which the employee completed 1,000 hours of service.

Employees covered by benefit terms: As of June 30, 2020, there are 201 participants in the plan, 98 deferred vested participants and 103 retired participants and beneficiaries. There are no participating employees.

Contributions: The recommended contribution for the 2020 plan year is \$1,039,672 (assuming contributions will be deposited throughout the plan year).

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.0%. In the previous valuation, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was also 3.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: It is estimated that a 1% increase in the discount rate from 3.0% would decrease the net pension liability by approximately \$1,242,000 and a 1% decrease in the discount rate from 3.0% would increase the net pension liability by approximately \$1,772,000.

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation -The District may from time-to-time be involved in litigation and regulatory investigations, which arise in the normal course of doing business. After consultation with legal counsel, management estimates that matters existing as of June 30, 2020, will be resolved without material adverse effect on the District's future financial position, results from operations or cash flows.

Audited Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

West Contra Costa Healthcare District Successor Retirement Plan

June 30, 2020 and 2019

Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

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JWT & Associates, LLP

Advisory Assurance Tax

1111 E. Herndon Avenue, Suite 211, Fresno, CA 93720 Voice: (559) 431-7708 Fax: (559) 431-7685

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors of West Contra Costa Healthcare District San Pablo, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements of the West Contra Costa Healthcare District Successor Retirement Plan (the Plan), which comprise the net assets available for benefits as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the related statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on conducting the audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform audits of the Plan's internal controls over financial reporting over financial reporting as a basis of designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets available for plan benefits of the Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in net assets available for plan benefits for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Plan will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Notes 1, 3 and 6 to the financial statements, the Plan's funded status is at 28% of the actuarial present value of future benefits at June 30, 2020. The Plan's sponsor, West Contra Costa Healthcare District (the District), ceased operations of Doctors Medical Center in April 2015 and filed for bankruptcy protection in October 2016. The District has reached an agreement with the bankruptcy court whereby they will make minimum annual contributions of \$1,000,000 to the Plan starting in fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 and ending when the District's financial obligation is satisfied. Based on current actuarially determined Plan liabilities and anticipated estimated earnings, distributions and expenses, the Plan is expected to be able to fund all participant liabilities. The District's plans regarding these matters are also described in Note 6.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The required supplemental information as of or for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, are presented for purposes of complying with the Department of Labor's Rules and Regulations for Reporting and Disclosure under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This required supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the June 30, 2020 and 2019 financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the June 30, 2020 and 2019 financial statements taken as a whole.

October XX, 2020 Fresno, California

Statement of Net Assets Available for Plan Benefits

June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020	2019
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,331	\$ 6,059
Investments, at fair value Registered investment companies		4,284,167	3,072,631
Total investments		4,284,167	3,072,631
Total assets		4,285,498	3,078,690
Liabilities Other liabilities		40,331	6,059
Total liabilities	_	40,331	6,059
Net assets available for plan benefits	\$	4,245,167	\$ 3,072,631

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Plan Benefits

Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Additions		
Investment income		
Interest and dividend income	48,391	69,265
Total investment income	48,391	69,265
Employer contributions	2,000,000	1,000,000
Total additions	2,048,391	1,069,265
Deductions		
Benefits distributed to participants	831,920	848,182
Administrative expenses	43,935	28,163
Total deductions	875,855	876,345
Net change in net assets	1,172,536	192,920
Net assets available for plan benefits at beginning of year	3,072,631	2,879,711
Net assets available for plan benefits at end of year	\$ 4,245,167	\$ 3,072,631

Required Supplemental Information

Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Schedule of Funding Progress

							UAAL as a
		Actuarial					Percentage
	Actuarial	Accrued	U	Inderfunded			of
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	((Overfunded)	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	A.	AL (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	 (a)	(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
June 30, 2020	\$ 4,245,167	\$ 15,161,340	\$	10,916,173	28%	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2019	\$ 3,072,631	\$ 13,694,352	\$	10,621,721	22%	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2018	\$ 2,879,711	\$ 12,206,697	\$	9,326,986	24%	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2017	\$ 2,515,989	\$ 14,936,968	\$	12,420,979	17%	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2016	\$ 3,098,074	\$ 15,899,212	\$	12,801,138	19%	N/A	N/A

Schedule of Contributions to Plan

	Annual	
	Required	Percentage
	Contribution	of ARC
Year Ended	(ARC)	Contributed
June 30, 2020	1,009,390	198%
June 30, 2019	992,990	101%
June 30, 2018	813,720	123%
June 30, 2017	2,262,505	0%
June 30, 2016	2,016,149	0%

Effective January 1, 1994, the Plan was frozen. Forfeitures were applied to reduce employer contributions up to January 1, 1994 when each participant's benefit became fully vested and non-forfeitable upon the plan freeze.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN

The following brief description of the West Contra Costa Healthcare District Successor Retirement Plan (the Plan) is provided for general information only. Participants should refer to the Plan agreement for more complete information.

General

The Plan is a governmental plan as defined in section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The Plan was established on March 9, 2000 by the Plan Sponsor, West Contra Costa Healthcare District (the District), as a successor plan to the West Contra Costa Healthcare District Employees' Retirement Plan, which was terminated on that date. The Plan is intended to qualify as a defined benefit plan under section 401(a) of the IRC and is to be interpreted in a manner consistent with those requirements. The participants of the predecessor plan were given the option to receive immediate lump sum distributions of the present value of their benefits, to roll the benefits into an Individual Retirement Plan (IRA) or other plan, or to participate in a successor plan. During the year ended June 30, 2001, when the requested distributions were completed by the predecessor plan, the successor trust, which holds the assets of the successor plan, was funded. Periodic payments for that year were made by the predecessor plan. The amount of the funding was approximately 110% of the present value of the predecessor plan's liabilities. As of July 1, 2001, the successor plan assumed the predecessor plan's liabilities for the pension benefits of those participants who chose to take part in the successor plan and who made periodic payments.

Pension Benefits and Vesting

The Plan is to provide benefits on the same terms and in the same amounts as the predecessor plan.

The predecessor plan was frozen effective January 1, 1994. No participants accrued benefits on or after that date and each participant's benefit became fully vested and non-forfeitable on that date.

Employees with 5 or more years of service, or any employees of Brookside Hospital as of January 1, 1994, are entitled to annual pension benefits beginning at normal retirement, age 65, or as early as age 60, with full pension benefit. Plan members are entitled to a reduced benefit, if elected, at any time after age 50. Benefits are based on years of credited service and average earnings in the last three years of employment through the date that the predecessor plan was frozen and are offset by a portion of the vested employee's social security benefit.

Effective April I, 1998, upon attaining his or her normal retirement date (age 65); whether or not he or she actually retires on that date, a participant shall be entitled to receive a monthly Single-Life Annuity.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN (continued)

Contributions

The predecessor plan was frozen effective January 1, 1994 and, therefore, there would be no future employer contributions to the Plan, unless required to fund benefits that have already been accrued. The amount of employer contributions would be determined based on actuarial valuations and recommendations as to the amounts required to fund benefits. During the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the plan sponsor made no contributions to the plan.

In the actuarial report dated May 10, 2001, it was recommended by the actuarial consultants that if, as of any future valuation date, Plan assets drop below the then actuarial present value of future benefits, that such difference be funded, with assumed interest, in level additional contributions to the Plan by the District over a period not longer than five years, depending in part on the Plan's projected liquidity needs. It was also recommended that actuarial valuations be performed approximately every twelve months.

As of the valuation dates of June 30, 2020 and 2019, Plan assets are less than the actuarial present value of future benefits by the amount of \$10,916,173 and \$10,621,721, respectively. This amount is amortized over five years using the 2020 assumptions. Based upon this method, the actuarial consultants recommend that a contribution of at least \$1,009,390 be made to the Plan for the 2021 plan year. The Plan's sponsor has reached an agreement with the bankruptcy court whereby they will make minimum annual contributions of \$1,000,000 to the Plan starting in fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 and ending when the District's financial obligation is satisfied. The Plan sponsor made contribution payments totaling \$2,000,000 during the year ended June 30, 2020. Based on current actuarially determined Plan liabilities and anticipated estimated earnings, distributions and expenses, the Plan is expected to be able to fund all participant liabilities.

The funded status of the plan at June 30, 2020 and 2019, is 28.00% and 23.59% respectively. The long-term stability of the plan remains in question without future cash contributions. Annual benefit payments are projected to continue to exceed annual expected investment returns. This will continue to put pressure on the viability of the plan to close the underfunding purely through investments.

Death Benefits

The Plan provides a death benefit to all participants. For participants who are fully vested and married at the time of death, their spouse will receive an annuity of 50% of the benefit the participant had accrued through the date of death, commencing when the participant would have reached age 50. If a participant is not married or does not have five years of vesting credit, the participant's named beneficiary shall receive a lump-sum death benefit of \$500 plus one month's salary for each year of service up to six months.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN (continued)

Description of Vesting

Effective January 1, 1994, the Plan was frozen, and forfeitures were applied to reduce employer contributions up to that date. Each participant's benefit became fully vested and non-forfeitable upon the plan freeze.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Plan Administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Investment Valuation and Income Recognition

The Plan's investments are stated at fair value. All of the Portfolio Investments of the Collective Investment Trust are valued based on quoted market prices on the last business day of the Plan year. Net appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments includes net unrealized and realized appreciation or depreciation for the year.

Security transactions are accounted for on the trade date, and the dividend income is recorded on the exdividend date. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis. Costs used in determining gains (losses) on investment transactions are on the average cost basis.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits

Accumulated plan benefits are those future periodic payments which are attributable under the Plan's provisions to the service employees have rendered. Accumulated plan benefits include benefits expected to be paid to (a) retired or terminated employees or their beneficiaries, (b) beneficiaries of employees who have died, and (c) present employees or their beneficiaries. Benefits under the Plan are based on employees' highest annual compensation during the employees last three years of credited service. Benefits payable under all circumstances are included, to the extent they are deemed attributable to employee service rendered, through the valuation date. The actuarial valuations are done using the beginning-of-the-year method. In the event of the termination of the Plan, the benefit obligation would be revalued as of the date of the termination and under different assumptions than those used to determine the actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits.

NOTE 3 – ACCUMULATED PLAN BENEFITS

The actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits is determined by the Plan's consulting actuary, Findley. This amount results from applying actuarial assumptions to adjust the accumulated plan benefits to reflect the time value of money (through discounts for interest) and the probability of payment (by means of decrements such as for death, disability, withdrawal, or retirement) between the valuation date and the expected date of payment. For the periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the actuarial methods and assumptions used were consistent with the prior year.

The more significant assumptions underlying the actuarial computations for the Plan year are as follows:

- Rate of investment return 3.0%.
- Retirement Age Normal retirement is age 65, full pension benefits are available at age 60, early retirement is available at reduced benefits (ages 50 to 59).
- Life expectancy of participants Pub-2010 Public Retirement Mortality Tables (Healthy and Contingent Annuitant) projected with Scale MP-2019.

These actuarial assumptions are based on the presumption that the Plan will continue. If the Plan terminates, different actuarial assumptions and other factors might be applicable in determining the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits. The assumptions used consider the effect of the Plan's frozen status (as discussed in Note 1).

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS (continued)

The Plan assets are invested in products sold by Benefit. There was no realized or unrealized gain or loss on investment value for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, as the Plan's investments are in money market backed stable value investments that do not fluctuate with the stock market. Investments at Benefit consist of the following at June 30, 2020 and 2019, stated at fair value:

	 2020		2019
Registered investment companies		·	
Mutual funds - money market	\$ 4,284,167	\$	3,072,631
	\$ 4,284,167	\$	3,072,631

Due to the nature of the investment management services provided by Benefit, they qualify as a party-ininterest of the Plan. Fees paid by the Plan to Benefit for such services for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$4,935 and \$5,163, respectively.

NOTE 5 – TAX STATUS

The predecessor plan obtained its latest determination letter on February 24, 2000, in which the Internal Revenue Service stated that the Plan, as then designed, was in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Since the Successor Plan has replaced the predecessor plan, a new determination letter has not been obtained. However, since the plans are identical, the Plan sponsor's board of directors understands that the Plan, as currently designed and operated, is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the IRC. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been included in the Plan's financial statements. The Plan Administrator believes it is no longer subject to income tax examinations for years prior to 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 6 – RISKS AND UNCERTANTIES

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net assets available for benefits.

In September 2020, an actuarial valuation was prepared for the purpose of determining contributions for the plan year beginning July 1, 2020. As of that date, plan assets are less than the actuarial present value of future benefits in the amount of \$10,916,173. In accordance with the Plan sponsor's policy the total unfunded liability would be amortized over the next five years. The actuarial recommendation was for the sponsor to contribute \$1,009,390 during the plan year ended June 30, 2021. The Plan's sponsor has reached an agreement with the bankruptcy court whereby they will make minimum annual contributions of \$1,000,000 to the Plan starting in fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 and ending when the District's financial obligation is satisfied. The Plan sponsor made contribution payments totaling \$2,000,000 during the year ended June 30, 2020. Based on current actuarially determined Plan liabilities and anticipated estimated earnings, distributions and expenses, the Plan is expected to be able to fund all participant liabilities.

The funded status of the plan increased during the plan year ended June 30, 2020 from 22.44% funded to 28.00% funded. The long-term stability of the plan remains in question without the above-mentioned future cash contributions. Annual benefit payments are projected to continue to exceed annual expected investment returns. This will continue to put pressure on the viability of the plan to close the underfunding purely through investments.

The District, the Plan's sponsor, has liabilities that exceed assets by \$63,966,196 at June 30, 2020 (audited), reported net income of \$4,681,317 for the year ended June 30, 2020 (audited), and has cash reserves of \$8,676,026. Based on a financial analysis by the District's management, they anticipated significant difficulties in continuing to meet on-going financial obligations related to their hospital operations and in April 2015 closed the hospital and ceased its operations. The District also filed for bankruptcy in October 2016. The District has sold all assets, is settling liabilities, and wrapping up all other administrative issues. Based on current actuarially determined Plan liabilities and anticipated estimated earnings, distributions and expenses, the Plan is expected to be able to fund all participant liabilities.

Whether all participants receive their benefits will depend on the sufficiency, at the time, of the Plan's net assets to provide those benefits, the priority of those benefits to be paid, and the level and type of benefits guaranteed by the California Public Employment Retirement System (PERS) at that time. Some benefits may be fully or partially provided for by the then-existing assets and the PERS guaranty, while other benefits may not be provided at all.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 8 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820) provides a framework for measuring fair value under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The following provides a general description of the three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value under ASC 820:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are based on quoted prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities on the reporting date.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are other than quoted market prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value can be determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include significant inputs that are generally unobservable from objective sources. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value including assumptions regarding risk. Level 3 instruments include those that may be more structured or otherwise tailored to the Plan's needs.

As required by ASC 820, financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The Plan's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 8 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Mutual funds are valued at the market value of shares held by the Plan at year-end.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Plan believes its valuation method are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies for assumptions to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. Assets measured at fair value as of June 30, 2020 and 2020 are as follows:

	2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Registered investment companies				
Mutual funds - money market	\$ 4,284,167	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,284,167
Investments at fair value	\$ 4,284,167	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,284,167
	2019			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Registered investment companies				
Mutual funds - money market	\$ 3,072,631	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,072,631
Investments at fair value	\$ 3,072,631	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,072,631



Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 3 – ACCUMULATED PLAN BENEFITS (continued)

The actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, is as follows:

	2020		2019
\$	7,732,283	\$	4,519,136
	7,429,057		9,175,216
	15,161,340		13,694,352
_	_		-
\$	15,161,340	\$	13,694,352
	\$	\$ 7,732,283 7,429,057 15,161,340	\$ 7,732,283 7,429,057 15,161,340

Changes in the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	2020	 2019
Actuarial present value of accumulated plan		
benefits at beginning of plan year	\$ 13,694,352	\$ 12,206,697
Changes during the year attributable to:		
Decrease in discount period	1,023,743	265,816
Benefits paid	(831,920)	(848, 182)
Change in assumptions	 1,275,165	 2,070,021
Net increase (decrease)	 1,466,988	1,487,655
Actuarial present value of accumulated plan		
benefits at end of plan year	\$ 15,161,340	\$ 13,694,352

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS

Benefit Trust Company (Benefit), corporate trustee of the Plan, holds the Plan's assets and executes transactions therein. Security transactions are made by the investment manager based on parameters established by the Board of Directors of the District.

Required Supplemental Information

June 30, 2020 and 2019

The information presented in the required supplemental schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	3.00%	4.00%
Compensation increase rate	N/A	N/A
Inflation adjustment	2.00%	2.00%

Subject: West Contra Costa Healthcare District Conversion of 2019 Bonds to Tax-Exempt Status

RECOMMENDATION(S):

- 1. ACKNOWLEDGE the recommendation of the West Contra Costa Healthcare District (the "District") Finance Committee of the March ____, 2021, to approve conversion of the interest rate with respect to the West Contra Costa Healthcare District Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 from taxable to tax-exempt.
- 2. ADOPT, as the Governing Board of the District, Resolution 2021/____, (i) approving the conversion of the interest rate with respect to the West Contra Costa Healthcare District Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 from taxable to tax exempt; and (ii) approving and authorizing the taking of necessary actions and the execution of necessary documents in connection therewith.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The taxable converting to tax-exempt structure of the 2019 Bonds, which were issued to refund outstanding 2011 Certificates of Participation, will result in approximately \$9.6 million in total savings.

BACKGROUND:

On June 27, 2019, the District issued its \$40,509,000 West Contra Costa Healthcare District (Contra Costa County, California) Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (Taxable Converting to Tax-Exempt) (the "2019 Bonds"), pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of June 1, 2019 (the "Indenture"), to refund, on an advance basis, its then outstanding West Contra Costa Healthcare District Certificates of Participation (2011 Financing Project) (the "2011 COPs").

Because of limitations under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the 2011 COPs could not be refunded on a tax-exempt basis. Due to this limitation, the 2019 Bonds were issued as taxable bonds that could convert to tax-exempt bonds within 90 days of the optional redemption date of the 2011 COPs. The first date when the conversion to a tax-exempt rate can take place is April 2, 2021. Upon election to convert the bonds to tax-exempt status, the interest rate applicable to the 2019 Bonds decreases from 5.000% to 4.125%.

It is estimated that the taxable converting to tax-exempt structure of the 2019 Bonds will result in approximately \$9.6 million in total savings. To effectuate this structure, it is recommended that the District elect to convert the interest rate with respect to the 2019 Bonds from taxable to tax-exempt.

CONSEQUENCE OF NEGATIVE ACTION:

The interest rate with respect to the 2019 Bonds will not convert from taxable to tax-exempt, resulting in lost savings.

Quint & Thimmig LLP 02/25/21 03/01/21

WEST CONTRA COSTA HEALTHCARE DISTRICT

RESOLUTION NO.	
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RESOLUTION ELECTING TO CONVERT THE INTEREST RATE WITH RESPECT TO THE DISTRICT'S WEST CONTRA COSTA HEALTHCARE DISTRICT (CONTRA COSTA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA) REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2019 (TAXABLE CONVERTING TO TAX-EXEMPT), FROM TAXABLE TO TAX-EXEMPT AND APPROVING CERTAIN OTHER ACTIONS

RESOLVED, by the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the West Contra Costa Healthcare District (the "District"), as follows:

WHEREAS, on June 27, 2019, the District issued its \$40,509,000 West Contra Costa Healthcare District (Contra Costa County, California) Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (Taxable Converting to Tax-Exempt) (the "Bonds"), pursuant to that certain Indenture of Trust, dated as of June 1, 2019 (the "Indenture"), by and between the District and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, to refund, on an advance basis, its then outstanding West Contra Costa Healthcare District Certificates of Participation (2011 Financing Project) (the "2011 COPs");

WHEREAS, because of limitations under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the 2011 COPs could not be refunded on a tax-exempt basis;

WHEREAS, the 2019 Bonds were issued as taxable bonds that could convert to tax-exempt bonds within 90 days of the optional redemption date of the 2011 COPs;

WHEREAS, upon conversion, the interest rate applicable to the 2019 Bonds would reduce to 4.125% from 5.000%;

WHEREAS, to effect the conversion of the 2019 Bonds from taxable bonds to tax-exempt bonds, the Indenture (and the Code) requires the District to definitively elect to convert the interest rate from taxable to tax-exempt; and

WHEREAS, the District has determined to so elect to convert the interest rate with respect to the 2019 Bonds from taxable to tax-exempt;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby ORDERED and DETERMINED, as follows:

Section 1. As required by the Indenture and the Code, the Board hereby elects to convert the interest rate with respect to the 2019 Bonds from taxable to tax-exempt.

Section 2. The Executive Director of the District, or the designee thereof (an "Authorized Officer"), is hereby authorized to provide notice of such election to Pacific Western Bank and Western Alliance Business Trust, a wholly owned affiliate of Western Alliance Bank, an Arizona corporation, as original purchasers of the 2019 Bonds.

Section 3. The Executive Director of the District and any and all other officers of the District are hereby authorized and directed, for and in the name and on behalf of the District, to do any and all things and take any and all actions, including execution and delivery of any and all assignments, certificates, requisitions, agreements, notices, consents, instruments of conveyance, warrants and other documents, which they, or any of them, may deem necessary or advisable in order to provide notice of such election.

Section 4. All actions taken by any Authorized Officer and other officers or directors of the District which have been undertaken with respect to the issuance of the 2019 Bonds to date or which will be undertaken with respect to the conversion of the interest rate applicable to the 2019 Bonds, are hereby ratified, confirmed and approved in all respects.

Section 5. This resolution shall take effect immediately upon its passage.

I, the undersigned Secretary of the West Contra Costa Healthcare District, hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of a resolution duly adopted by the Board at a meeting thereof on the 23rd day of March, 2021, by the following vote of the members thereof:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSTAIN:

ABSENT:

* * * * * * * * *

Secretary

Recommendation

As the Governing Board of the District, APPROVE AND AUTHORIZE County Counsel, or designee, to take such actions needed to seek court approval to formally exit bankruptcy in *In re: West Contra Costa Healthcare District, Debtor,* United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of California, Case No. 16-42917.

Fiscal

No negative fiscal impact.

Background

The West Contra Costa Healthcare District ("District") struggled financially for years due to increasing costs, declining medical reimbursements and growing service demands from uninsured and underinsured population. On October 20, 2016, the District filed a petition to initiate a chapter 9 bankruptcy proceeding. Through the bankruptcy, the District sought the bankruptcy court's approval of a plan that allowed the District to modify its debts and on-going costs, emerge from bankruptcy, and begin the process of paying creditors.

On January 3, 2018, the bankruptcy court confirmed the District's Plan of Adjustment ("Plan"), which sets forth the various classes of claims against the District and allows the District to repay the creditors over a series of years. The order confirming the Plan states that the bankruptcy court retains jurisdiction over the District until the court issues a final decree closing the case.

At this time, the District has resolved all objections to administrative, secured and unsecured claims. Additionally, the District has made distributions to the seven classes of creditors. Through these distributions, the District:

- (i) has paid in full Class 1, the secured claims of the Certificates of Participation ("COPs") by refunding the 2004 COPs and the 2011 COPs;
- (ii) has almost completed payment in full the Class 2 unsecured claim of the County;
- (iii) has deposited \$5 million into the WCCHD Successor Pension Plan to comply with the District's obligations with respect to the Class 3 WCCHD Successor Pension Plan Claims and plans to continue depositing funds into the WCCHD Successor Pension Plan as required by the terms of the Plan;
- (iv) has paid \$750,000 of the Class 4 CNA Claim and plans to continue paying the CNA Claim in accordance with terms of the Plan;
- (v) has made all payments required by the Plan to holders of Class 5 general unsecured

claims;

- (vi) has paid in full the Class 6 Claim of the California Employment Development Department; and
- (vii) has paid \$124,005 of the Class 7 Local 39 Claim and plans to continue paying the Local 39 Claim in accordance with terms of the Plan.

While meeting its financial obligations, the District has saved approximately \$5 million by refinancing the 2004 COPs in 2018 and the 2011 COPs in 2019. Additionally, the refinancing of the 2011 COPs eliminated an accelerated payments requirement of \$1 million a year. The District also anticipates that the amount of ad valorem tax revenues it receives will increase from \$1 million to over \$4 million annually starting in 2022. Based on best estimates, the 1% ad valorem tax will revert from the County back to the District under the terms of the Tax Transfer Agreements at that time.

Since April 4, 2018, when the Plan became effective, the District has provided approximately \$1,100,000 of healthcare services to residents of the District. These healthcare services have included immediate/urgent care services and a home health site to connect County youth, ages 11-24, with primary care and behavioral health services.

While there is no requirement that the District exit bankruptcy at this time, a chapter 9 bankruptcy case may be closed "when administration of the case has been completed." (11 U.S.C. § 945.) In this case, all disputed claims have been resolved. Further, all allowed claims entitled to distribution under the Plan have been paid or will be paid in accordance with the Plan. As such, there are few, if any, benefits, of keeping the bankruptcy case open. However, should such a reason arise, an application may be made to the bankruptcy court to reopen the case. (11 U.S.C. §305, subd. (b).)

On the March ___, 2021, the District's Finance Committee, recommended taking such actions needed to seek court approval to formally exit bankruptcy.

Consequence of Negative Action

Failure to take this action will result in the District to continue to be subject to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court although all disputed claims have been resolved and the claims have been paid or will be paid in accordance with the bankruptcy plan.