

## SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

#### September 23, 2019 12:30 P.M. 651 Pine Street, Room 101, Martinez

### Supervisor John Gioia, Chair Supervisor Federal D. Glover, Vice Chair

Agenda	Items may be taken out of order based on the business of the day and preference
Items:	of the Committee

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Public comment on any item under the jurisdiction of the Committee and not on this agenda (speakers may be limited to three minutes).
- 3. APPROVE Record of Action from the August 1, 2019, meeting of the Sustainability Committee.
- 4. INTERVIEW applicants for the At-Large, Environmental Justice Seat #2 on the Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission.
- 5. RECEIVE UPDATE on options for bringing more electric vehicles into the County fleet and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate
- 6. RECEIVE PRESENTATION on status of Climate Action Plan update and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate
- 7. CONSIDER next steps regarding implementation of the Adapting to Rising Tides studies
- 8. RECEIVE report from Sustainability Commission Chair.
- 9. RECEIVE report from Sustainability Coordinator.
- 10. DISCUSS and RECOMMEND to the Board of Supervisors candidates for At-large, Environmental Seat #2 on the Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission.
- 11. The next meeting is currently scheduled for December 9, 2019, 9:30 A.M. in Room 108, 651 Pine Street, Martinez.
- 12. Adjourn

The Sustainability Committee will provide reasonable accommodations for persons with disabilities planning to attend Sustainability Committee meetings. Contact the staff person listed below at least 72 hours before the meeting.

Any disclosable public records related to an open session item on a regular meeting agenda and distributed by the County to a majority of members of the Sustainability Committee less than 96 hours prior to that meeting are available for public inspection at 651 Pine Street, 1st floor, during normal business hours.

Public comment may be submitted via electronic mail on agenda items at least one full work day prior to the published meeting time.

For Additional Information Contact:

Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator Phone: (925) 674-7871 Jody.London@dcd.cccounty.us



### Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

### **Subcommittee Report**

#### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019					
<u>Subject:</u>	APPROVE Record of Action from the August 1, 2019, meeting of the Sustainability Committee					
Submitted For:	Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator					
<b>Department:</b>	Conservation & Development					
<b>Referral No.:</b>						
<u>Referral Name:</u>	APPROVE Record of Action from the August 1, 2019, meeting of the Sustainability Committee					
Presenter:	Jody London, DCDContact:Jody London (925)674-7871					

#### **Referral History:**

County Ordinance (Better Government Ordinance 95-6, Article 25-205 [d]) requires that each County body keep a record of its meetings. Though the record need not be verbatim, it must accurately reflect the agenda and the decisions made in the meeting.

#### **Referral Update:**

Any handouts or printed copies of testimony distributed at the meeting will be attached to this meeting record. Links to the agenda and minutes will be made available at the Committee web page, <u>http://www.contracosta.ca.gov/7029/Sustainability-Committee</u>.

#### **Recommendation(s)/Next Step(s):**

Staff recommends approval of the attached Record of Action for the August 1, 2019, meeting of the Sustainability Committee.

#### Fiscal Impact (if any):

N/A

#### **Attachments**

08-01-19 Sustainability Committee Minutes



# SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

August 1, 2019 9:00 A.M. 651 Pine Street, Room 101, Martinez

### Supervisor John Gioia, Chair Supervisor Federal D. Glover, Vice Chair

Items may be taken out of order based on the business of the day and preference of the Committee Agenda Items: Present: John Gioia, Chair Federal D. Glover, Vice Chair Staff Present: Frank DiMassa, Energy Manager David Gould, Purchasing Manager Carrie Ricci, Deputy Director, Public Works Joe Yee, Deputy Director, Public Works Dom Pruett, Field Representative, Supervisor Andersen Carlos Velasquez, Fleet Manager Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator Justin Sullivan, Planner Chris Wikler, Field Representative, Supervisor Mitchoff Attendees: Marti Roach Contra Costa Climate Action Network Shoshana Wechler, Sustainabiltiy Comission Jan Warren, Interfaith Council, and CC CAN Patty Harrington, Sustainable Rossmoor Eddie Quiocho, City of Walnut Creek

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Public comment on any item under the jurisdiction of the Committee and not on this agenda (speakers may be limited to three minutes).

#### None.

3. APPROVE Meeting Minutes from last meeting.

#### Approved.

Chair John Gioia, Vice Chair Federal D. Glover

AYE: Chair John Gioia, Vice Chair Federal D. Glover

Passed

4. RECEIVE presentation regarding sustainability in Alameda County.

Carolyn Bloede, Sustainability Manager for Alameda County, described how Alameda County has built an organizational culture that embraces environmental sustainability. Bloede's presentation, included with the agenda, outlines the path Alameda County has taken since 2003 to deliver services using less energy and resources. Bloede noted that leadership from the Board of Supervisors and County Administrator propelled the work. In 2006, with direction from the Board, the CAO established cross-departmental teams to bring broad thinking. The group met quarterly to report on progress in meeting an initial goal to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from County operations by 15%. The group integrated sustainability into the County's vision and used creative strategies to engage County employees and make the work fun.

Bloede reported that Alameda County is in the process of developing a climate vulnerability assessment. Alameda County has in the past few years begun assessing the supply side impacts of its purchases, identifying opportunities to use the County's purchasing power to encourage vendors and service providers to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions. The value of Alameda County's procurement is about \$300 million annually, including the jail. The County also supports a regional purchasing effort that includes the cities in Alameda County through StopWaste, the Alameda County Waste Management Authority. Alameda County offers the opportunity for other jurisdictions to "piggyback" on its contracts, provides peer-to-peer consultation, and has led regional procurements for items such as electric vehicles and charging stations.

5. RECEIVE Update on Options for Bringing More Electric Vehicles into the County Fleet, and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate.

The Committee discussed the proposed amendments to existing Administrative Bulletins that pertain to the County fleet. There are now options for more vehicle types to be all-electric, and electric vehicles have larger driving ranges. The Committee clarified that there are close to 20 electric vehicles (EVs) in the fleet currently and over 200 hybrid vehicles.

Joe Yee, Deputy Director, Public Works, reported that the main bottleneck to deploying more EVs in the County fleet is charging stations. The County's efforts to take advantage of programs through PG&E and Electrify America have not been fruitful to date. Yee noted that as the County installs solar panels on a number of facilities, it is running conduit for EV chargers. Public Works has a list of 10 locations at County facilities that could accommodate 100 chargers, for an expected cost of about \$975,000. Carlos Velasquez, Fleet Manager, noted that EVs have lower life cycle costs than vehicles with internal combustion engines. When medium-duty EVs have a range of 200 miles, vehicle acceptance will likely be greater.

In public comment, Howdy Goudey suggested the EVs should be the default vehicle for the County, and suggested that the County might not need to install

Level 2 chargers across the board if chargers are being used during the workday by employees. This could lower budget requirements.

Jody London, County Sustainability Coordinator, noted that the initial results from the employee commute survey being conducted for the Climate Action Plan update show that many employees would purchase electric vehicles for personal use if they had access to charging at work. Yee noted that it will be important for the County to provide access to EV chargers to members of the public.

The Committee directed staff to develop a detailed plan, including costs, for EV charger deployment. The plan should address the unincorporated areas of the County, as well. The Committee directed staff to update the Administrative Bulletins to reflect the discussion about commercially or publicly available charging stations and different types of chargers for different charging needs, and incorporating EVs at a more rapid pace. The Committee directed staff to provide the results of the employee commute survey.

6. RECEIVE Presentation on County Purchasing Program, and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate.

David Gould, County Purchasing Manager, reviewed the history and implementation of the County's Environmentally Preferable Purchasing Policy, which was adopted in 2008. Areas of particular success include integrated pest management, solar energy, lighting, custodial supplies, and buildings that meet the LEED standards. Gould noted that in Contra Costa County, many decisions are left to individual departments, with guidance and collaboration from the Purchasing group. This is different than the cross-departmental teams that Alameda County has established, which Carolyn Bloede described earlier in the meeting. The Committee discussed options for increasing environmentally preferable purchases, including updating the County's policy, fostering more collaboration between departments, and senior leadership requiring departments to purchase responsibly. Ms. Bloede noted that Alameda County's policy is structured around principles rather than prescriptive approaches, which provides flexibility as technology changes.

The Committee requested that staff report back with recommendations for increasing collaboration between departments and modifying the Environmentally Preferable Purchasing Policy. The Committee requested that staff make needs clear in the report.

7. RECEIVE report from Sustainability Commission Chair.

Howdy Goudey, Sustainability Commission Chair, reported that on June 24, the Sustainability Commission received a report from the Contra Costa Transportation Authority on the Transportation Expenditure Plan. The Sustainability Commission sent a letter to the Board of Supervisors regarding recommended priorities for the County to support in the Expenditure Plan. The Commission also on June 24 received a presentation from PlaceWorks, the consultants on the General Plan and Climate Action Plan updates. The Commission is working in small groups to develop recommendations to the Commission for the Climate Action Plan goals and strategies.

8. RECEIVE REPORT from County Sustainability Coordinator.

Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator, reviewed the report published with the agenda. Committee members suggested that the energy efficiency toolkits being made available for County residents to check out through the County Library system be provided to each Supervisor's district office. In public comment, Howdy Goudey suggested staff develop a flyer publicizing the energy efficiency toolkits.

- 9. The next meeting is currently scheduled for Monday, September 23, 2019.
- 10. Adjourn

The Sustainability Committee will provide reasonable accommodations for persons with disabilities planning to attend Sustainability Committee meetings. Contact the staff person listed below at least 72 hours before the meeting.

Any disclosable public records related to an open session item on a regular meeting agenda and distributed by the County to a majority of members of the Sustainability Committee less than 96 hours prior to that meeting are available for public inspection at 651 Pine Street, 1st floor, during normal business hours.

Public comment may be submitted via electronic mail on agenda items at least one full work day prior to the published meeting time.

For Additional Information Contact:

Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator Phone: (925) 674-7871 Jody.London@dcd.cccounty.us



### Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

### **Subcommittee Report**

#### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019					
<u>Subject:</u>	INTERVIEW applicants for the At-Large, Environmental Justice Seat #2 on the Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission.					
<b>Submitted For:</b>	Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator					
<b>Department:</b>	Conservation & Development					
<b>Referral No.:</b>	N/A					
<b>Referral Name:</b>	_ N/A					
Presenter:	Jody London, DCDContact:Jody London (925)674-7871					

#### **Referral History:**

On November 15, 2016, the Board of Supervisors approved the creation of a Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission. The mission of the Sustainability Commission is to:

- Provide advice to staff and the Board on successful implementation of the Climate Action Plan, including suggestions on how that work can be performed more efficiently and effectively.
- Advise the Board on opportunities to realize equity and fairness across the diverse communities of Contra Costa County in sustainability programs that support the Climate Action Plan.
- Provide suggestions to staff and the Board on how to better engage Contra Costa County residents and businesses on sustainability issues and implementation of the Climate Action Plan.

The Sustainability Commission has been operating since June 2017 with eleven members and five alternates. In August 2019, the Board of Supervisors created an additional at-large seat representing Environmental Justice, bringing the total number of members to twelve. The breakdown is as follows:

- Five District representatives nominated by individual members of the Board of Supervisors (representatives must be a resident of that district);
- Two members representing community groups whose mission includes sustainability and/or environmental issues ("At-Large, Community");
- Two members representing commercial groups or organizations whose business focuses on sustainability and/or environmental issues ("At-Large, Business");
- Two members representing environmental justice issues and who live in disadvantaged communities ("At-Large, Environmental Justice"). The Environmental Justice seats should represent the geographic diversity of the County; and
- Five alternate District representatives nominated by individual members of the Board of Supervisors (alternates must be a resident of that district).

The terms of each seat were staggered so that about half expire every two years. This allows for

continuity on the Commission.

The Board directed the Sustainability Committee to review and interview applicants to the At-Large seats and recommend candidates for those seats as they become vacant.

#### **Referral Update:**

On August 6, 2019, the Board of Supervisors created an additional At-Large, Environmental Seat on the Sustainability Commission. The Department of Conservation and Development advertised this vacancy, as well as vacancies in the District 3 and District 5 alternate seats, and accepted applications through September 16, 2019. The solicitation notice is included as Attachment A...

Three people timely submitted applications to serve in the vacant At-Large seat described above.

Attachment B shows the current members of the Sustainability Commission. Attachment C is a summary of the applications received for the At-Large, Environmental Justice seat. Attachment D is the eligible applications for this seat received by the Clerk of the Board, with personal contact information redacted.

#### **Recommendation(s)/Next Step(s):**

INTERVIEW applicants for the At-Large, Environmental Justice Seat #2 on the Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission.

#### Fiscal Impact (if any):

None.

#### **Attachments**

Solicitation Notice Sustainability Commission Membership Roster Summary of Applicants Applications

#### Department of Conservation and Development

30 Muir Road Martinez, CA 94553

Phone: 1-855-323-2626

# Contra Costa County

John Kopchik Director

Aruna Bhat Deputy Director

Jason Crapo Deputy Director

Maureen Toms Deputy Director

Kelli Zenn Business Operations Manager

August 7, 2019

To all parties interested in the Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission:

The Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors is now accepting applications from individuals to fill one (1) at-large seat and two alternate seats on the Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission. Applications are due by Monday, September 16, 2019 at 5:00 P.M.

The Sustainability Commission has twelve members and five alternate members, all of whom are residents of the County. The Sustainability Commission advises the Board of Supervisors and staff on design and implementation of the County's Climate Action Plan, including opportunities to realize equity and fairness across the diverse communities of Contra Costa County and how to better engage County residents and businesses on climate issues.

At this time, applications are being accepted for the following seats:

- One member representing environmental justice issues and who lives in a frontline, or "disadvantaged," community, and who reflects the geographic diversity of the County. The other environmental justice seat is held by a resident of Richmond.
- **One alternate from District 3, to be appointed by Supervisor Burgis.** The applicant must be a resident of District 3.
- **One alternate from District 5, to be appointed by Supervisor Glover.** The applicant must be a resident of District 5.

The Board of Supervisors considers applications from all interested individuals; the Board's Sustainability Committee conducts interviews for at-large seats. The term of office for all three seats will be through March 31, 2021. There is no term limit at this time.

Sustainability Commission meetings usually are held the fourth Monday of February, April, June, August, October, and December. The remaining meetings this year will be August 26, October 21, and December 9 (the October and December meeting dates have been modified from the fourth Monday). For more information regarding the Sustainability Commission, please visit the Commission's website at http://www.cccounty.us/6393/Sustainability-Commission. A fillable application is available on the website for your convenience.

Application forms can be obtained from the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors by calling (925) 335-1900 or visiting the County webpage at https://www.contracosta.ca.gov/3418/. Applications should be returned to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, Room 106, County Administration Building, 651 Pine Street, Martinez, CA 94553 or emailed to ClerkoftheBoard@cob.cccounty.us no later than **5 pm on September 16, 2019**.

Applications for the at-large seat will be interviewed by the Board of Supervisors Sustainability Committee, and appointments will be made by the Board of Supervisors. Supervisors interview candidates the seats they appoint.

If you have any questions please contact Jody London, staff to the Sustainability Committee, by phone at 925-674-7871 or email at <u>Jody.London@dcd.cccounty.us</u>.

Sincerely,

/s/

Jody London Sustainability Committee Staff

#### CONTRA COSTA COUNTY SUSTAINABILITY COMMISSION 30 Muir Road Martinez CA 94553 2019 MEMBERSHIP ROSTER

REPRESENTATIVES	MEMBERS (ALTERNATES)	EXPIRATION
<ul> <li>Community Group Seat #1</li> <li>El Cerrito Community Garden Network, El Cerrito Environmental Quality Committee, Earthcare Now</li> </ul>	Howdy Goudey (lives in D1)	March 31, 2023
<ul> <li>Community Group #2</li> <li>Contra Costa Clean Energy Alliance</li> </ul>	Harry Thurston (lives in D3)	March 31, 2019
<ul> <li>At-Large, Business Seat #1</li> <li>ARC Alternatives</li> </ul>	Russell Driver (lives in D2)	March 31, 2021
<ul> <li>At-Large, Business Seat #2</li> <li>Tierra Resource Consultants</li> </ul>	Nicholas Snyder (lives in D2)	March 31, 2023
<ul><li>Environmental Justice</li><li>Urban Tilth</li></ul>	Doria Robinson (lives in D1)	March 31, 2023
<b>Education or Research Institution</b> <ul> <li>UCSF</li> </ul>	Kimberly Hazard (lives in D1)	March 31, 2021
Supervisorial Appointment District 1	Nick Despota Shoshana Wechsler (A)	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2023
Supervisorial Appointment District 2	Victoria Smith Ryan Buckley (A)	March 31, 2021 March 31, 2021
Supervisorial Appointment District 3	John Sierra Vacant (A)	March 31, 2021 March 31, 2021
Supervisorial Appointment District 4	Wes Sullens Travis Curran (A)	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2023
Supervisorial Appointment District 5	Charles Davidson Vacant (A)	March 31, 2021

										CLIMATE ACTION	POSSIBLE
NAME	DISTRICT	INCUMBENT?	CITY	EDUCATION	CURRENT EMPLOYER	POSITION	VOLUNTEER ACTIVITY/AFFILIATIONS	MEMBER SEAT REQUESTING	EXPERIENCE	PLAN AREA(S) OF EXPERTISE*	MEMBERSHIP DESIGNATION*
Renee Fernandez-Lipp	5	N/A	Pittsburg	MBA, Golden Gate Univ. BS, Mechanical Engineering, CSU Long Beach Certifications in green buildings, energy mgmt, similar	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	Principal - Public Safety Specialist, Power Generation	Contra Costa County Resource Conservation District, Board of Directors Global Student Embassy, Director	Env. Justice (seat #2)	Utility professional with over 25 years of progressive experience supporting programs and projects related to safe and reliable generation and utilization of energy. Key roles and skills include engineering; statisitical analysis; financial analysis; community relations; sales and trategic customer relationship management; account, program, project, operations, and personnel management experience.	Energy, including energy efficiency and renewable energy; utilites; solid waste; water and water conservation; land conservation and agriculture.	Environmenta Justice; Alternate, D5
Sarah Foster	5	N/A	Pittsburg	BA, Eastern Connecticut State Univ MPA studies, San Francisco State Univ	U.S. Coast Guard	Public Affairs Specialist	City of Pittsburg Planninng Commission Transplan sub committee, East County	Env. Justice (seat #2) or Alternate, D5	Currently on Pittsburg Planning Commission, term expiring early next year. Wishes to continue to contribute to community in a variety of ways. Living in Bayside Knolls, a historically red-lined disadvantaged community, is disproportionately affected by industrial and other environmental impacts. Wishes to help her community and others by strategizing with like-minded others to build agency and equity to support the Climate Action Plan, as well as to find the most effective ways to engage, prioritize the needs of our diverse communities.	Communications, planning, land use, stakeholder engagement, emergency response, crisis management	Environmental Justice; Alternate, D5
LaMar Harrison	1	N/A	Richmond	CBE Regional Leadership Academy			Canvassing and community engagement for Communities for a Better Enviroment in Richmond. Canvassing and community engagement for Safe Return Project to inform the community of programs, services, and campaigns.	Envl. Justice (seat #2)	Lifelong Richmond resident. Organizer at Safe Return Project, as a Richard Boyd Fellow. Member of Communities for a Better Environment, Richmond chapter. Single father concerned about the health and environmental conditions for his child.	Organizing, advocacy, environmental justice.	Envl. Justice (se #2)

#### **Print Form**

Please return completed applications to:

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

651 Pine St., Room 106

Martinez, CA 94553

or email to: ClerkofTheBoard@cob.cccounty.us

#### BOARDS, COMMITTEES, AND COMMISSIONS APPLICATION

Contra

Costa

County

First Name		Last Name				
SARAH		FOSTER	20.70	1.800		
Home Address - Street	City				Zip Code	
Phone (best number to reach you)		Email			1.	j"≉je
		1		. 6		
Resident of Supervisorial District: 5		Same and she had			1. 199. 19	2547 1
EDUCATION       Check appropriate box         ✓       High School Diploma       CA		ess one of the following ol Proficiency Certifica		Γ	G.E.D. Certi	ificate
Colleges or Universities Attended C	ourse of St	udy/Major	Deg	ree Av	varded	
Eastern Connecticut State Univ	Con	nmunications/PR		Yes	[	□ No
SF State N	lasters of	Public Administrat	ion <sub>+</sub> 🗆	Yes	l	No
				Yes	[	] No
Other Training Completed: HAZ	WHOPP	ER, EMERGENCY	MGT, I	CS, SI	EMS	
Board, Committee or Commission Name SUSTAINABILITY COMMISSION		Seat Name ENVIRONMEN				
Have you ever attended a meeting of the adv	isory boa				·	
🗆 No 🔳 Yes	If yes, h	iow many?	1			
Please explain why you would like to serve o	n this part	icular board, committe	ee, or cor	nmissi	on.	
I wish to serve at the pleasure of the Se community be more resilient and prepa sources. I believe the sustainability con to be a leader in addressing climate ch	red for ir nmission	evitable environme offers the best opp	ntal imp	bacts f	from a variet	y of
Describe your qualifications for this appointn your resume with this application)	nent. (NOT	E: you may also includ	e a copy	of		
I current serve as a Planning Commiss year and wish to continue to contribute Knolls, a historically red-lined disadvan industrial and other environmental impa and others by strategizing with like-min Climate Action Plan, as well as to find t	to my co taged co acts to wh ded othe	mmunity in a variet mmunity here, is dis nich I'm aware of. I rs to build agency a	y of way spropor wish to and equ	ys. Li tionate help r ity to s	ving in Bays ely affected l ny communi support the	ide by ty
I am including my resume with this applicatio						
Please check one:		🗆 No				
I would like to be considered for appointmen	t to other	advisory bodies for wh	ich I may	/ be au	alified.	
Please check one:		No		, we yu		



THIS FORM IS A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Are you currently or have you ever been appointed to a Contra Costa County ad Please check one:	visory boa	rd?
List any volunteer and community experience, including any boards on which y	ou have se	rved.
City of Pittsburg Planning Commission Transplan sub-committee East County	=	
	A	
Do you have a familial relationship with a member of the Board of Supervisors? the relationships listed below or Resolution no. 2011/55) Please check one: If Yes, please identify the nature of the relationship:	(Please rei	fer to
Do you have any financial relationships with the county, such as grants, contract	ts. or	
other economic relationships? Please check one: □ Yes ■ No If Yes, please identify the nature of the relationship:		
I CERTIFY that the statements made by me in this application are true, complete, a knowledge and belief, and are made in good faith. I acknowledge and understand application is publicly accessible. I understand and agree that misstatements and/ cause forfeiture of my rights to serve on a board, committee, or commission in Co Signed:	that all inf or ommiss	ormation in this ions of material fact may
/ U		
Submit this application to:Clerk of the Board of Supervisors651 Pine St., Room 106Martinez, CA 94553		
Questions about this application? Contact the Clerk of the Board at (925)	335-1900	or by email at
ClerkofTheBoard@cob.cccounty.us		
1. This application and any attachments you provide to it is a public document and is subject to the Co Code §6250-6270).	alifornia Publ	ic Records Act (CA Government
2. All members of appointed bodies are required to take the advisory body training provided by Contr	ra Costa Cour	nty.
3. Members of certain boards, commissions, and committees may be required to: 1) file a Statement Form 700, and 2) complete the State Ethics Training Course as required by AB 1234.	of Economic	Interest Form also known as a
4. Meetings may be held in various locations and some locations may not be accessible by public tran	sportation.	
<ol> <li>Meeting dates and times are subject to change and may occur up to two (2) days per month.</li> <li>Some boards, committees, or commissions may assign members to subcommittees or work groups commitment of time.</li> </ol>	s which may r	equire an additional
7. As indicated in Board Resolution 2011/55, a person will not be eligible for appointment if he/she is any of the following relationships: mother, father, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandmother, grand grandfather, great-grandmother, aunt, uncle, nephew, niece, great-grandson, great-granddaughter, fi mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepson, stepdaughter, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, spouse's grandn granddaughter, and spouses' grandson, registered domestic partner, relatives of a registered domesti	father, grand irst-cousin, hi nother, spous	son, granddaughter, great- usband, wife, father-in-law, se's grandfather, spouse's
8. A person will not be eligible to serve if the person shares a financial interest as defined in Governme Member.	ent Code §87	103 with a Board of Supervisors

THIS FORM IS A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 15 of 110 •

# Sarah B. Foster

Accomplished, seasoned and intuitive

	10		O	ł
- L.	 ke	0	1111	Ł
	10.00		No. of Lot	

**Seasoned and accomplished** | More than 21 years' experience leveraging integrated programs in strategic communications and high-stake issues management

**Curious and intuitive** | Systems thinker and thought leader promoting cross-cultural understanding and stakeholder relationships

Flexible and resilient | in challenging environments; applying experience to different roles and responsibilities

Lifelong leaner | seizing opportunities for personal and professional growth

#### EXPERIENCE

**Planning Commissioner** 

CITY OF PITTSBURG - June to present

- Advisory function to the city council on issues of land use, transportation and current planning
- Preside over public hearings on conditions of approval for development projects; vote over agenda items

Public Affairs Specialist • Assistant Public Affairs Officer Pacific Area Command (Alameda, California) Atlantic Area Comment (Portsmouth, Virginia) U.S. COAST GUARD – 21 YEARS

- Mastered soft and hard skills in public relation, public affairs and issues management
- Deep experience in multimedia projects, hard and soft news, media relations, traditional and social media, internal/external stakeholder engagement and campaigns
- East and West coasts tours of duty: Honolulu, Seattle, San Francisco, Alameda, California, New London, Connecticut, Portsmouth, Virginia and Washington, D.C. oversight of nine district offices in major metros throughout the U.S., Alaska and Hawaii
- Senior management roles leveraging proficiencies in strategic communications to achieve ROI outcomes for traditional and social media engagement

.

#### SKILLS

EXCEPTIONAL WRITTEN/ORAL COMMUNICATIONS Position papers, Policy, AP Style, feature stories, blogs, press releases and newsletters

MEDIA PLATFORMS Web, Facebook, Twitter, blogs and Instagram

MEDIA RELATIONS Article placement, interviews, editorial boards and spokesperson training

ASSERTIVE AND ANALYTICAL KNOWLEGE Crisis response, media & policy analysis content curator, communication campaigns

PROFICIENT IN ENTERPRISE SOFTWARE Microsoft Office (Mac & PC)

MULTIMEDIA EXPERTISE Stills and video, soft/hardware: Nikon DSLR, Adobe Photoshop, Final Cut X, iMovie

#### PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

CYBER CRISIS TEAM INFORMATION OFFICER Executed a federal government-mandated Cyber Domain Awareness campaign based in Washington, D.C. reaching approximately 40,000 workforce stakeholders resulting in 150,000 media impressions; collaborated with counterparts at DoD, DHS and other federal agencies

PROGRAM MANAGER for Public Affairs team deployments for the annual summer cadet training aboard the Coast Guard training ship Cutter Eagle. Launched a layered social-media communications campaign exceeding target ROI by 500 percent to reach more than 30,000 Facebook followers resulting in approximately 2,000,000 media impressions

#### Public Relations and Membership Chair Coast Guard Chief Petty Officers Association

Springfield, Virginia

- Relationship management for more than 10,000 members, national board officers and chapter officers
- Increased membership roster by 25% YOY leveraging grassroots engagements at the Chapter and Branch levels
- Traditional and social media content developer
- SWOT Analysis to update Association by-laws to current trends

#### **PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIPS**

San Francisco Bay Area Planning & Urban Research (SPUR)

Public Relations Society of America (PRSA) San Francisco Chapter

California Association of Public Information Officers Association (CAPIO)

International Association of Business Communicators (IABC) San Francisco Chapter

#### ASSISTANT INFORMATION OFFICER

Supported joint-agency crisis communications response to Northern California Tsunami (2012), Deepwater Horizon oil spill (2011) and Hurricane Katrina (2005) gaining widest hard news exposure in local, regional, national and international media markets

#### EDUCATION and TRAINING

Diablo Valley College Political Science, undergraduate (completing requirements)

Bachelor of Science, cum laude Communications, PR concentration Eastern Connecticut State University Willimantic, CT (2006)

Emergency Management courses California Specialized Training Institute San Luis Obispo, California (2011-2012) Emergency Management Institute Emmittsburg, Maryland (2008)

Public Affairs Officer and Specialist courses Defense Information School Fort Meade, MD (1997-2013)

Digital Multimedia Communications Bay Area Video Coalition (BAYVC) San Francisco (2011-2012) DSLR • Final Cut • Video Lighting• Interview Techniques

###

#### Contra Costa County Boards & Commissions Application Form

#### Profile

Renee		Fernandez-Lip	op			
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Name				
Home Address				Suite or Apt		
		ير يون ويون المور	energia (ben jan ang		- D	
City			5	State	Postal	Code
Primary Phone						
Email Address	viat de versilive inf	<b>`</b>				
Which supervisorial dist	rict do you live in a	f				
District 5						
Education						
Education						
Education Select the option that ap	plies to your high	school educat	ion *			
	plies to your high	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap	plies to your high	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap	plies to your high	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap High School Dipoloma College/ University A		school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap F High School Dipoloma College/ University A Name of College Attende	ed	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap High School Dipoloma College/ University A Name of College Attende GOLDEN GATE UNIVERSI	ed TY	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap	ed TY Study / Major	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap High School Dipoloma College/ University A Name of College Attende GOLDEN GATE UNIVERSIT Degree Type / Course of	ed TY Study / Major	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap High School Dipoloma College/ University A Name of College Attende GOLDEN GATE UNIVERSIT Degree Type / Course of BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION	ed TY Study / Major	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap High School Dipoloma College/ University A Name of College Attende GOLDEN GATE UNIVERSIT Degree Type / Course of BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION Degree Awarded?	ed TY Study / Major	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap I High School Dipoloma College/ University A Name of College Attende GOLDEN GATE UNIVERSIT Degree Type / Course of BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION Degree Awarded? ← Yes ← No	ed TY Study / Major	school educat	ion *			
Select the option that ap High School Dipoloma College/ University A Name of College Attende GOLDEN GATE UNIVERSIT Degree Type / Course of BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION Degree Awarded?	ed TY Study / Major ON	school educat	ion *			

Degree Type / Course of Study / Major

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING **Degree Awarded?** Yes O No College/ University C Name of College Attended Degree Type / Course of Study / Major **Degree Awarded?** ⊙ Yes ∩ No Other schools / training completed: **Course Studied** UC Davis - SUSTAINABILITY AND THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT **Hours Completed** 100 +**Certificate Awarded?** ⊙ Yes ⊖ No **Board and Interest** Which Boards would you like to apply for? Sustainability Commission: Submitted Seat Name **Environmental Justice** Have you ever attended a meeting of the advisory board for which you are applying? Yes O No If you have attended, how many meetings have you attended?

1

Please explain why you would like to serve on this particular board, commitee, or commission.

I have extensive professional experience promoting sustainability within multiple market sectors. As an employee of the CCSF Department of the Environment, I played a critical role in launching San Francisco's Green Business Certification program and leading the technical aspects of the SF Power Savings Partners program. I am a LEED accredited professional who lead multiple LEED certification projects to completion. I believe I can be an asset to the committee.

#### **Qualifications and Volunteer Experience**

I would like to be considered for appointment to other advisory boards for which I may be qualified.

· Yes · No

Are you currently or have you ever been appointed to a Contra Costa County advisory board, commission, or committee?

⊙ Yes O No

List any volunteer or cummunity experience, including any advisory boards on which you have served.

Current Board of Directors for the Resource Conservation District

Describe your qualifications for this appointment. (NOTE: you may also include a copy of your resume with this application)

See Resume.

RENEE\_FERNANDEZ-LIPP\_resume\_-\_CoCo.docx Upload a Resume

#### **Conflict of Interest and Certification**

Do you have a Familial or Financial Relationship with a member of the Board of Supervisors?

n Yes n No

If Yes, please identify the nature of the relationship:

Do you have any financial relationships with the County such as grants, contracts, or other economic relations?

🔿 Yes 💿 No

Please Agree with the Following Statement

I certify that the statements made by me in this application are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and are made in good faith. I acknowledge and undersand that all information in this application is publicly accessible. I understand that misstatements and/or omissions of material fact may cause forfeiture of my rights to serve on a board, committee, or commission in Contra Costa County.

🔽 I Agree

Utility professional with over 25 years of progressive experience supporting programs and projects related to the safe and reliable generation and utilization of energy.

#### SUMMARY OF KEY ROLES AND SKILLS:

- Over 15 years of engineering, statistical analysis and financial analysis experience.
- Over 10 years of community relations, sales and strategic customer relationship management experience
- Over 10 years of account, program, project, operations, and personnel management experience.

#### **PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE:**

#### Pacific Gas & Electric

#### Principal – Public Safety Specialist, Power Generation

Responsible for developing, executing and promoting public safety related materials and projects related to power generation assets. Representative accomplishments include:

- Authoring the first canal entry emergency response plan
- Authoring the first power generation annex to the Corporate Emergency Response plan

#### Manager - Governance, Planning and Strategy

Responsible for providing strategic planning and direction for the Vegetation Management Program with managerial oversight of the following groups:

- Contract Management
- Metrics Reporting
- Forecasting and budget management
- Quality Assurance/Quality Control
- Public Education

#### Principal, Portfolio Program Manager

Responsible for managing Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) expense and PCC budgets representing over \$190M annually. Representative accomplishments include:

- Leading TIMP portfolio forecasting and work prioritization efforts through two S1/S2 planning sessions and one rate case.
- Spearheading the development of critical internal processes and procedures to optimize and formalize forecasting and budget management activities, new project funding requests, service and equipment/tools procurement, project close-outs, and employee on-boarding.
- Recruiting, training, managing, coaching and mentoring the inaugural Information & Process Management team.
- Instituting processes and weekly meetings to vastly improve communications and coordination between TIMP and groups (both internal and external to PG&E) that deliver engineering, implementation, and project management services to the TIMP organization.
- Leading a team of cross-functional, inter-LOB subject matter experts through the successful completion of a quality assurance investigation that resulted in the implementation of several new internal and external quality control processes and procedures.
- Revamping and chairing the TIMP Steering Committee responsible for providing guidance and direction to the TIMP execution team.
- Preparing PG&E's Protocol I response for the 2014 Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) TIMP audit.

#### Senior Gas Risk Specialist – Gas Operations Gas Safety Excellence

GT&S Rate Case witness assistant and primary point of contact to Transmission and Storage asset families for LOB risk assessment and management efforts. Representative accomplishments included:

- Developing the GT&S rate case Threat Matrix Summary that provided a visual representation of the correlation between PG&E's program funding requests and PG&E's key risk/threat mitigation strategies.
- Collaborating with senior management, Asset Family Owners and subject managers to identify, evaluate and document LOB operational risks and associated mitigation strategies and programs.

#### 08/12 - Present

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 23 of 110

- Providing 2014 Risk Register Refresh project management oversight, strategy and direction for the Transmission • and Storage asset families.
- Drafting rate case testimony highlighting PG&E's risk management process and its use in developing mitigation programs.

#### Senior Program Manager - Gas Operations Regulatory Support

GT&S Rate Case manager and senior lead for regulatory and compliance filings. Representative accomplishments included:

- Working closely with the LOB EVP, VPs and other members of the senior management team including subject matter experts to develop the strategy and direction of the 2015 GT&S rate case.
- Collaborating with Integrity Management, Regulatory Affairs, Legal, Investment Planning, AFOs and SMEs to develop rate case testimony, work papers, data request responses, and guidance documents to support 2015 GT&S and 2014 GRC funding requests for Integrity Management Programs.
- Providing strategy, direction, scheduling, resource management and oversight of cross-functional teams in the development of regulatory and compliance filings for gas transmission and distribution operations such as the PSEP Quarterly Compliance report and Bi-annual Gas Safety Reports.

#### PL Energy, LLC

#### Senior Energy Consultant

Provided engineering and project management services in support of PG&E and SCE demand side management programs. Representative accomplishments included:

- Performing over 100 NRR-DR due diligence reviews involving site inspections, measurement and verification, and detailed engineering and financial analyses to verify energy savings and ensure adherence to program policies for large industrial and agricultural customers.
- Conducting large industrial and healthcare market sector energy audits to identify energy efficiency, demand response and renewable energy programs and projects.
- Training, mentoring, and coaching of new energy engineers. .
- Working closely with company cofounders to identify new revenue opportunities.

#### Waste Management, Inc. (WM)

Green Squad Regional Manager / Energy & Water Solutions Practice Manager

Managed a cross-functional team of engineers and environmental scientists providing services related to sustainable business practices including, but not limited to, energy efficiency, renewable energy, water conservation, waste management, green building certification, carbon accounting and greenhouse gas management. Representative accomplishments included:

- Strategizing with WM senior executive team in Houston to build out Green Squad business plan and launching Green Squad Northern California operations.
- Recruiting, training, coaching, mentoring, and managing the inaugural Northern California sustainability • consulting team.
- Developing operating policies, processes and procedures and identifying system improvement opportunities.
- Securing the division's first federal, large industrial and large commercial consulting contracts.
- Implementing over \$100k in internal WM annual energy savings measures and obtaining LEED certification for two California WM facilities.
- Reporting to executive leadership on Regional operations, financials, workload forecasts, resource needs, and new • business opportunities.
- Representing Green Squad and presenting on key service offerings at trade conferences.

#### Alternative Energy Systems Consulting, Inc.

Senior Energy Engineer / Senior Program Manager

Managed a team of engineers providing consulting services critical to the implementation of PG&E and SCE demand side management and self generation programs. Primary point of contact for PG&E contracts. Representative accomplishments included:

- Growing California team, operations and revenues by 300%.
- Securing and managing over \$2M in multi-year utility contracts. •
- Providing project management oversight and direction, planning and scheduling, budget management and QA/QC • for the NRR/DR, SGIP and TA/TI programs.
- Assisting in the development of the CA NRR-DR program standards, training programs and white papers. •

#### 06/08 - 04/10

01/06 - 06/08

#### 04/10 - 8/12

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 24 of 110

Large account manager for a building controls, facilities management and energy services company. Representative accomplishments included:

- Originating new business opportunities, upselling to existing customers, and contract negotiations. •
- Job cost estimating, including the solicitation and evaluation of subcontractor quotes.

and distributed generation programs and projects. Representative accomplishments included:

- Securing financing through investment partners. .
- ٠ Coordinating transfer of scope, schedule and budget expectations to engineering and construction teams to ensure successful project implementation.

Founding member of utility-owned energy services team providing consulting services related for energy efficiency

Providing engineering analysis support and new technical tools creation to optimize and simplify business

Sempra Energy Solutions, Pleasanton CA

#### . Developing program guidelines and checklists for SF Green Business Certification program. •

programs.

Senior Environmental Specialist

Developing engineering analysis tools and customer report templates.

Environmental Justice Solar Installation grant program.

• Preparing and delivering technical presentations and compliance reports on program metrics.

environmental programs administered by CCSF. Representative accomplishments included:

- Identifying and conducting cost benefit analyses on new and emerging technologies.
- Managing utility and trade ally partnerships. •

City and County of San Francisco (CCSF)

#### **EMCOR Energy Services**

#### Director of Business Development

Managed sales and marketing efforts for a large engineering, design, construction and operations firm providing services related to energy efficiency, renewable energy, new construction and facilities management projects. Representative accomplishments included:

- Originating and securing over \$2M in annual revenues.
- Working closely with founding Principals to develop company's annual business and sales & marketing plans.
- Launching company's first large scale marketing campaign and designing new marketing brochures.
- Preparing sales forecasts, P&L statements and monthly reports to senior management.

#### **Enron Energy Services**

Account Manager

Managed relationships, provided energy supply contract support, and maximized upselling opportunities within large volume accounts of an energy, commodities, operations, and services company. Representative accomplishments included:

- . Providing project management oversight and direction, planning and scheduling, budget management and QA/OC for UC/CSU Strategic Energy Plan field assessment and engineering analysis projects.
- Managing development and implementation of large-scale strategic energy plans for multiple accounts. ۰
- Preparing business plans and technical analyses for demand side management and distributed generation projects. •
- Successfully reconciling over \$1M in energy billing disputes.
- Researching and reporting on regulatory and compliance matters related to gas and electric operations. •
- Marketing and upselling.

#### Johnson Controls, Hayward, CA

Account Executive

**Energy Sales Engineer** 

development process.

#### 05/99 - 11/00

#### 08/98 - 05/99

#### 10/03 - 01/06

11/01 -10/03

11/00 - 10/01

Recruiting, training, coaching, mentoring, and managing the Northern California engineering team.

Reporting to executive officers on Regional operations, financials, workload forecasts, resource needs, and new business opportunities.

Technical lead for CPUC/PG&E funded energy efficiency and renewable energy programs as well as sustainability and

Strategizing with senior management to develop new energy conservation and renewable energy projects and

Providing technical and project management support for the San Francisco Peak Energy Program (SFPEP) and

- Developing strategic relationships with trade allies.
- Developing presentations, spreadsheets and supporting materials for start-up team.
- Evaluating new technologies and their potential application in local projects.
- Representing the company and presenting on key service offerings at trade conferences.

#### Noresco/ERI Services, Inc., Irvine, CA

#### Project Engineer

Lead engineer for an energy services company providing design and engineering services related to large energy efficiency and power generation projects. Representative accomplishments included::

- Conducting field inspections, technical and economic analyses, engineering design and computer aided drafting for energy efficiency and distributed generation projects at large government, industrial, healthcare and higher education institutions.
- Designing a major central plant upgrade and fuel cell installation at a large government test lab.
- Developing software tools for energy use technical and economic analyses.
- Managing subcontractors and preparing technical specifications for equipment purchase and subcontractor work.
- Leading team efforts to ensure compliance with all codes, standards and environmental regulations applicable to ongoing projects.

#### Southern California Gas Company

#### Senior Energy Consultant

Gas operations special projects team member and team leader to a group of energy consultants providing community outreach, engineering and support services to gas customers. Representative accomplishments included:

- Providing project management oversight and direction, planning and scheduling, cost controls, resource management and QA/QC for field assessment and engineering analysis projects.
- Providing environmental compliance support to internal gas operations and external large industrial stakeholders.
- Employee training, development, supervision and performance evaluation.
- Developing best practices and procedures manuals.

#### **DEGREES AND CERTIFICATIONS:**

- Master's Degree MBA, Golden Gate University San Francisco, CA
- Bachelor's Degree BS, Mechanical Engineering, CSU, Long Beach Long Beach, CA
- Utility Management Certification, Willamette University
- Sustainability and the Built Environment / Renewable Energy Professional Certification, UC Davis Davis, CA
- Certified Energy Manager (CEM), Association of Energy Engineers (AEE)
- LEED Accredited Professional (LEED AP), U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC)
- Certified Green Globes Professional, Green Building Initiative (GBI)
- Registered Engineer in Training (EIT), State of California

#### **PRESENTATIONS:**

- "Introduction to Renewable Energy Technologies", "Employment Opportunities in the Renewable Energy Sector" Class taught at the Green Science Academy, September 2013
- "Utilization of MSW as a Sustainable Energy Resource". Presented at the ACEEE Summer Study, July 2009 and at the AESP National Conference & Expo, February 2010
- "Biomass Energy Conversion Methods". Class taught at the Pacific Energy Center, November 2012.
- "Innovations in Waste Diversion and Energy Conversion". Presented at the Devry Sustainability Symposium, April 2012.

#### **BOARD AFFILIATIONS**

Board of Directors (current) – Contra Costa County Resource Conservation District Director (2016-2019) – Global Student Embassy

#### 07/93 - 08/98

#### 11/91-9/94

#### **Print Form**

### Contra Costa County

Please return completed applications to:

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

651 Pine St., Room 106

Martinez, CA 94553

or email to: ClerkofTheBoard@cob.cccounty.us

#### BOARDS, COMMITTEES, AND COMMISSIONS APPLICATION

First Name		Last Name		
La Mar		Harrison		
Home Address - Street	City		Zip Co	ode
			(	
Phone (best number to reach you)		Email		
	Name and			
Resident of Supervisorial District:				
EDUCATION Check appropriate		sess one of the following pol Proficiency Certificat		.D. Certificate
Colleges or Universities Attended	Course of S	tudy/Major	Degree Awarded	1
			□ Yes	🗆 No
			□ Yes	🗆 No
			□ Yes	🗆 No
Other Training Completed:	BE Regional Le	adership Academy		
Board, Committee or Commission Name Sustainability Commission		Seat Name		
		At-Large EJ		
Have you ever attended a meeting of the	=	ro for which you are ap	piying:	
	es iryes, i	low many:		
Please explain why you would like to ser	ve on this part	icular board, committe	e, or commission.	
I would like to represent the entire protect our environment. I believe the Sustainability Commis Contra Costa County General Plan providing an environmental justice	sion should update and	play an important ro I would like to contri	le in the developm	nent of the
Describe your qualifications for this apportion your resume with this applicat		E: you may also include	a copy of	
I am a lifelong resident of Richmon am a Richard Boyd Fellow. I am a Chapter where I have completed th community organizing meetings. I am a single father who is concerne have to deal with in his future. We h	member of 0 e Regional L ed about the	Communities for a B eadership Academy health and environr	etter Environment y and participate ir mental conditions	Richmond monthly
I am including my resume with this applied Please check one:	<b>cation:</b> ] Yes	No No		=
I would like to be considered for appoint Please check one:	Yes	No	ich i may be qualified	<b>.</b>
	THIS FORM IS	A PUBLIC DOCUMENT		

Are you currently or have you ever been appointed to a Contra Costa County advisory board? Please check one:	
List any volunteer and community experience, including any boards on which you have served.	
Canvasing and community engagement for CBE in Richmond for local campaigns. Canvasing and community engagement for Safe Return Project to inform the community of programs, services and campaigns	
Do you have a familial relationship with a member of the Board of Supervisors? (Please refer to the relationships listed below or Resolution no. 2011/55) Please check one: If Yes, please identify the nature of the relationship:	
Do you have any financial relationships with the county, such as grants, contracts, or         other economic relationships?         Please check one: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>If Yes, please identify the nature of the relationship:</li> </ul>	
I CERTIFY that the statements made by me in this application are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and are made in good faith. I acknowledge and understand that all information in this application is publicly accessible. I understand and agree that misstatements and/or ommissions of material fact ma cause forfeiture of my rights to serve on a board, committee, or commission in Contra Costa County. Signed: La Mar Harrison Date: 9/15/19	y
Submit this application to: Clerk of the Board of Supervisors	1
651 Pine St., Room 106	
Martinez, CA 94553	
Questions about this application? Contact the Clerk of the Board at (925) 335-1900 or by email at ClerkofTheBoard@cob.cccounty.us	
<b>Important Information</b> 1. This application and any attachments you provide to it is a public document and is subject to the California Public Records Act (CA Governme Code §6250-6270).	nt
<ol> <li>All members of appointed bodies are required to take the advisory body training provided by Contra Costa County.</li> </ol>	
3. Members of certain boards, commissions, and committees may be required to: 1) file a Statement of Economic Interest Form also known as a Form 700, and 2) complete the State Ethics Training Course as required by AB 1234.	ł
4. Meetings may be held in various locations and some locations may not be accessible by public transportation.	
<ol> <li>Meeting dates and times are subject to change and may occur up to two (2) days per month.</li> <li>Some boards, committees, or commissions may assign members to subcommittees or work groups which may require an additional commitment of time.</li> </ol>	
7. As indicated in Board Resolution 2011/55, a person will not be eligible for appointment if he/she is related to a Board of Supervisors member any of the following relationships: mother, father, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandmother, grandfather, grandson, granddaughter, great- grandfather, great-grandmother, aunt, uncle, nephew, niece, great-grandson, great-granddaughter, first-cousin, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepson, stepdaughter, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, spouse's grandmother, spouse's grandfather, spouse's granddaughter, and spouses' grandson, registered domestic partner, relatives of a registered domestic partner as listed above.	in
8. A person will not be eligible to serve if the person shares a financial interest as defined in Government Code §87103 with a Board of Superviso	ors

THIS FORM IS A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Member.

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 27 of 110



### Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

### **Subcommittee Report**

#### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019		
<u>Subject:</u>	RECEIVE UPDATE on option County fleet and PROVIDE DI	00	
<b>Submitted For:</b>	Brian M. Balbas, Public Works	Director/Chief E	ngineer
<b>Department:</b>	Public Works		
<b>Referral No.:</b>			
<b>Referral Name:</b>	_		
Presenter:	Joe Yee, Public Works	Contact:	Joe Yee, Public Works

#### **Referral History:**

On January 28, 2019, the Sustainability Committee received a report from the Department of Public Works on options for bringing more electric vehicles into the County fleet. The Committee directed staff to report back to the Committee on updates to the County's policies and Administrative Bulletins to reflect:

- Purchase of electric vehicles as vehicles in the County fleet are replaced, starting with sedans and including other types of vehicles as they become commercially available;
- Investing savings from EVs into EV infrastructure;
- How costs for purchasing and installing chargers, including wiring and trenching, will be allocated between departments and General Capital fund; and
- Policies for charging County vehicles, employee vehicles, and vehicles belonging to the public.

The Committee also directed staff to:

- Work with landlords to install EV charging infrastructure at facilities the County leases; and
- Develop a master plan for EV chargers.

At the August 1, 2019, meeting of the Sustainability Committee, Public Works provided recommended revisions to Administrative Bulletins 507.9 (Property and Equipment, County Vehicle Operation) and 508.5 (Property and Equipment, County Vehicle and Equipment Acquisition and Replacement Policy, and Clean Air Vehicle Policy and Goals). The Committee directed staff to develop a detailed plan, including costs, for EV charger deployment. The plan should address the unincorporated areas of the County, as well. The Committee directed staff to update the Administrative Bulletins to reflect the discussion about commercially or publicly available charging stations and different types of chargers for different charging needs, and incorporating EVs at a more rapid pace. The Committee directed staff to provide the results of the employee commute survey.

#### **Referral Update:**

Public Works identified 18 County building locations which will help expand EV usage in the County fleet by installing charging stations. Many of the locations have numerous internal combustion engine fleet vehicles that can be replaced with EVs. Top priority locations are those with existing solar photovoltaic panels, followed by locations that have solar panel installation planned. Advanced placement of conduits specifically for EV chargers installed as part of the solar projects will help reduce the overall cost of the EV chargers. 92 charging stations are planned in this proposal. It is estimated to cost \$1.38 million for the EV charging equipment and installation; costs for additional infrastructure to provide trenching, electrical conduits, and electrical panel upgrades at each location are undetermined at this time and will not be known until a project is initiated. Public Works is seeking \$250K as an initial amount to cover these additional infrastructure improvements. Public Works is working with the County Administrator's Office to identify potential funding to advance this effort.

#### **Recommendation(s)/Next Step(s):**

RECEIVE UPDATE on options for bringing more electric vehicles into the County fleet and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate

#### Fiscal Impact (if any):

Initial fiscal impact of \$250,000 for infrastructure costs; future costs could be \$1.38 million.

#### **Attachments**

No file(s) attached.



### Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

### Subcommittee Report

#### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019
<u>Subject:</u>	RECEIVE PRESENTATION on status of Climate Action Plan update and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate
<b>Submitted For:</b>	John Kopchik, Director, Conservation & Development Department
<b>Department:</b>	Conservation & Development
<b>Referral No.:</b>	
<b>Referral Name:</b>	RECEIVE PRESENTATION on status of Climate Action Plan update and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate
Presenter:	Jody London, 925-674-7871 <u>Contact:</u> Jody London, 925-674-7871

#### **Referral History:**

As part of its update to the County General Plan, Contra Costa County is also updating its Climate Action Plan (CAP). Work on the CAP has been ongoing since late last year. The consultants for the CAP update have been working with the Sustainability Commission, providing information and receiving feedback on the emissions inventory, vulnerability assessment, and other components of the CAP and the General Plan, including environmental justice.

#### **Referral Update:**

The Sustainability Coordinator is gathering input from the Sustainability Commission concerning draft CAP goals and strategies for achieving those goals. The Sustainability Coordinator is also working with staff across departments to determine the extent such strategies can be implemented and measured. The Sustainability Coordinator, with help from the Sustainability Commission, is hosting several community meetings to receive input and ideas on the CAP goals and strategies. Meeting dates and locations include:

Thursday, September 19, 2019, Walnut Creek Thursday, September 26, 2019, Crockett Tuesday, October 1, 2019, North Richmond Tuesday, October 15, 2019, Antioch

The Sustainability Coordinator is meeting with County staff and other stakeholders to receive input on CAP goals and strategies. The current working draft of the goals includes:

#### **Clean and Efficiency Built Environment**

Buildings in Contra Costa County run on clean energy

#### **Carbon Free Energy**

#### Contra Costa County uses clean energy in every sector

#### **Resilient Communities**

Contra Costa County uses natural systems and open space to increase resilience to natural disasters and foster community health

#### No-Waste Contra Costa

Contra Costa County generates no more solid waste than 2.25 pounds per person per day (PPD)

#### **Reduce Water Use and Increase Drought Resilience**

Contra Costa County uses less water and communities are prepared for drought

#### **Clean Transportation Network and Infrastructure**

Contra Costa County's transportation system facilitates walking, biking, and transit. If residents and workers are driving, they are in electric vehicles.

#### **Recommendation(s)**/Next Step(s):

RECEIVE PRESENTATION on status of Climate Action Plan update and PROVIDE DIRECTION as appropriate

#### Fiscal Impact (if any):

None at this time.

#### **Attachments**

CAP Community Meetings Announcement

# We Want to Hear From You!

### CONTRA COSTA COUNTY CLIMATE ACTION PLAN

West County Thursday, September 26 6:30 – 8:00 p.m. Crockett Community Center 850 Pomona Street Crockett, CA

#### **Central County**

Thursday, September 19 7:00 – 8:30 p.m. Fairway Room, Creekside Complex 1010 Stanley Dollar Drive **Walnut Creek**, CA East County

Tuesday, October 15 6:30 – 8:30 p.m. Prewett Family Park, Multi-Purpose Room 4701 Lone Tree Way **Antioch**, CA

### Let's make Contra Costa County a better place to live and work!

Be part of the conversation about the future of Contra Costa County! The County is updating its Climate Action Plan, which outlines actions the County will take to address our changing climate. We'd like your input on goals and strategies to reduce pollution emissions and be more resilient. We're holding three community meetings, each in a different region of the county. Thanks to partners **Crockett Community Services District**, **Sustainable Rossmoor** and the **City of Antioch**.

Contact Jody London, Contra Costa County Sustainability Coordinator for more information. Jody.London@dcd.ccounty.us, 925-674-7871



For more information and to share your ideas online, visit:

### EnvisionContraCosta2040.org

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 32 of 110





### Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

### **Subcommittee Report**

#### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019
<u>Subject:</u>	CONSIDER next steps regarding implementation of the Adapting to Rising Tides studies
<b>Submitted For:</b>	John Kopchik, Director, Conservation & Development Department
<b>Department:</b>	Conservation & Development
<b>Referral No.:</b>	
<u>Referral Name:</u>	CONSIDER next steps regarding implementation of the Adapting to Rising Tides studies
Presenter:	Jody London, 925-674-7871 <u>Contact:</u> Jody London, 925-674-7871

#### **Referral History:**

On September 10, 2019, the Board of Supervisors accepted the report "Climate Resilience in Contra Costa County: Implementing the ART Study," prepared by students from the UC Berkeley Goldman School of Public Policy under commission from the Department of Conservation and Development, and referred the report to the Sustainability Committee for further consideration.

#### **Referral Update:**

In 2015-2016, the Bay Conservation and Development Commission (BCDC) worked with Contra Costa County (County) and shoreline cities, property owners, community groups, and other stakeholders in the coastal region from Richmond to Pittsburg to develop the Adapting to Rising Tides (ART) study. The ART study examines the potential for sea level rise, and catalogs potential impacts on all sectors of the economy, including critical infrastructure and public services.

In 2017, the Delta Stewardship Council asked BCDC and the County to conduct an ART study for East County (Pittsburg to the eastern boundary of the County). The Board of Supervisors on May 23, 2017, invited BCDC to extend the study to eastern Contra Costa County, as recommended by the Ad Hoc Committee for the Northern Waterfront Economic Development Initiative. That study is ongoing and is expected to conclude later this year.

When the ART Study for East County is complete, the County will have even more data about potential impacts of rising waters along the Contra Costa shoreline. What the ART studies do not provide are recommendations for how to take action with this information, including how to govern and fund any initiatives that might be formed to address these issues.

The Department of Conservation and Development (DCD) successfully applied in November 2018 to the UC Berkeley Goldman School of Public Policy for a student team to examine the ART studies and recommend potential actions the County and its many partners can take moving forward. The Goldman School team worked pro bono under the direction of the County's

Sustainability Coordinator to develop a written report (attached). Following completion of the report, two members of the team worked this summer as interns in DCD and the Department of Health Services, and provided two lunchtime seminars for County staff on the ART studies and the recommendations in the Goldman School report (see attached presentation).

The Goldman School report recommends the County create a cross-sector working group to review vulnerabilities from rising tides, share information, coordinate policies, and develop a long-term vision regarding adapting to rising tides. Other governance structures considered in the report, and recommended for future consideration as collaboration around climate resilience deepens across the County, include memoranda of understanding and joint powers authorities. The report details the key steps in launching a working group and recommends an initial list of stakeholder organizations to engage. It also provides information on potential funding sources that could be pursued to fund implementation of the ART studies.

The ART studies contain valuable data about how rising water levels may impact our County. The ART studies will inform the General Plan and Climate Action Plan updates. At this time, the County has not determined what steps it will take to further act on the ART studies.

A challenge is there is not existing funding or staff for this work, nor is it clear which entity is best suited to lead this. A next step wold be to identify the scope of a project and funding for an inter-jurisdictional working group that would meet with the goal of identifying state funding opportunities, potential projects, governance, and other next steps.

#### **Recommendation(s)/Next Step(s):**

CONSIDER next steps regarding implementation of the Adapting to Rising Tides studies

#### Fiscal Impact (if any):

Specific fiscal impact is unknown.

#### **Attachments**

Goldman School Report on Implementing the ART Studies Presentation on ART process and Goldman School report



# CLIMATE RESILIENCE IN CONTRA COSTA COUNTY

# Implementing the ART Study

#### Mimi Kaplan, Ellie Householder, and Althea Lyness-Fernandez

University of California, Berkeley, Goldman School of Public Policy

May 2019

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	3
SECTION A: GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES	5
1. IDENTIFYING THE PROBLEM	5
2. METHODOLOGY	9
<ul> <li>3. RECOMMENDATIONS</li> <li>A. WORKING GROUP</li> <li>B. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING</li> <li>C. JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY</li> </ul>	9 11 13 17
4. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS	20
SECTION B. WORKING GROUP STRATEGY	22
1. CREATE A PLANNING COMMITTEE	22
2. IDENTIFY WORKING GROUP PARTICIPANTS	24
3. DEVELOP A COHESIVE MESSAGING STRATEGY	28
4. IDENTIFY RESOURCES NEEDS AND SECURE BASIC FUNDING	33
5. SET LAUNCH DATE AND PLAN FIRST MEETING	34
6. DEVELOP A MISSION STATEMENT & OPERATING PROCEDURES	35
7. PLAN MEANINGFUL ACTIONS	35
8. RELEVANCE TO OTHER GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES	39
APPENDIX A: FUNDING SOURCES	40
1. LOCAL FUNDING MECHANISMS	40
2. COUNTY FUNDING	41
3. STATE FUNDING	
4. FEDERAL FUNDING	47

#### **APPENDIX B: ASSET MAP BY CITY**

49

Implementing the ART Study in Contra Costa County, 2

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

**BACKGROUND:** This report analyzes the challenge of implementing best practices and governance around adapting to rising tides in Contra Costa County ("the County"), specifically along the San Joaquin River Delta. Recommendations are based on the findings of the 2017 Adapting to Rising Tides (ART) study conducted by the San Conservation Francisco Bay and Development Commission (BCDC). The first phase of this study, which extends from Richmond to Baypoint, is complete (referred to as "ART Study West"). The second phase, which extends through East County, is



Figure 1: ART Study West Boundaries

ongoing as of May 2019 (referred to as "ART Study East"; see map.)

**KEY CHALLENGES:** The County's shoreline is at risk of permanent and temporary flooding. The ART Study West estimates that sea levels in the County may rise 2-12 inches by 2030, 5-24 inches by 2050, and 17-66 inches by 2100. As a result, the following vulnerabilities have been identified:



**1. Water Dependent Industries:** Damage to transportation and utility connections that could impair or halt service to the County's water-dependent industries.



2. Creekside Communities: Flooding of residential areas, specifically impacting vulnerable populations such as low-income, elderly, and mobility-challenged communities.



3. Access to Services: Damage to transportation routes and flooding of facilities impacts access to law enforcement, fire districts, health services, schools, water, and waste services.



4. Ad-hoc Flood Protection: Harm to and decreased utility of assets currently providing ad-hoc flood protection, such as railways, shoreline parks, and tidal wetlands.



**5. Jobs & Employment Sites:** Flooding of shoreline employment sites or damage to transportation infrastructure critical for commuting.



6. Parks & Open Space: Damage to parks and open spaces, which often provide ad-hoc flood protection as well as recreational and therefore public health services that are difficult to replace.

**KEY FINDINGS:** The potential damage posed by rising tides requires county-wide action. According to a study by the National Institute of Building Sciences, "each \$1 spent on mitigation saves an average of \$6 in future disaster costs."<sup>1</sup> Currently, there is not one entity that has the jurisdiction to coordinate, let alone implement, the needed adaptions. Therefore, this paper outlines three governance structures (Working Group, Memorandum of Understanding, Joint Powers Agreement) that could help the County address the vulnerabilities caused by rising tides. The governance structures vary in their ease of establishment, ability to leverage funding, legal authority, and ability to expand.



This report also identifies potential funding sources at the local, state, and federal level that the County can use to fund this work (Appendix A). The analysis of funding sources recognizes that different types and levels of funding are appropriate for different governance structures.



**KEY RECOMMENDATIONS:** The County should create a cross-sector working group to review vulnerabilities, share information, coordinate polices, and develop a long-term vision regarding adapting to rising tides. **Section B** of the report details the key steps in launching a working group around adapting to rising tides in the County.

While we believe creating the working group is the key recommendation, the other governance structures should also be considered. Other structures may become more politically feasible and useful as collaboration around climate resilience deepens across the County. **Section A** of the report provides an overview of possible governance structures to coordinate a response to rising tides.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Resilient San Mateo." San Mateo Flood and Sea Level Rise Resiliency Agency. https://resilientsanmateo.org/.



# **SECTION A: GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES**

## 1. IDENTIFYING THE PROBLEM

### A. THE THREAT OF RISING TIDES IN CONTRA COSTA COUNTY

Communities, businesses, natural areas, and services near Contra Costa County's shoreline are at risk of flooding due to rising tides. While information on sea level rise and potential flooding has previously been available through sources such as the National Research Council, the Adapting to Rising Tides (ART) studies seek to detail the local and regional impacts of flooding so that communities can address those vulnerabilities.

The ART assessment of Contra Costa County (the County) is divided into two studies. The first phase, which extends from Richmond to Baypoint, is complete and published (referred to as "ART Study West"). The second phase, which extends through East County, is ongoing as of May 2019 and is conducted in partnership with the Delta Stewardship Council, the Bay Conservation and Development Commission ("BCDC"), and the Contra Costa County Office of Sustainability (referred to as "ART Study East"; see map.).

While the report does not cover the entire county, the ART West report does cover a significant portion of the county and projects many of the county-wide risks at hand. Furthermore, while the exact amount of flooding depends on various weather and climate factors, numerous studies and datasets all show that there will be increased flooding across the county's shorelines. The range of sea level rise predicted by the ART studies account for different climate scenarios and sources of flooding.

The <u>ART Study West</u> estimates that sea levels may rise 2-12 inches by 2030, 5-24 inches by 2050, and 17-66 inches by 2100 in Contra Costa County.<sup>2</sup> Using these estimates combined with National Research Council Data, the ART Study West quantifies the damage posed by sea-level rise across Contra Costa County, with particular emphasis on what is at risk across sectors and for the most vulnerable communities in the county.

The <u>ART Study East</u> will use updated guidance based on newly available data from the Ocean Protection Council. The assessment is using updated modeling techniques to better understand the consequence of rising tides from the Bay as well as freshwater rivers. The model will assess potential flooding at 12", 36", and 83" of water level rise , thereby accounting for a variety of scenarios.<sup>3</sup>

The predicted damages faced by the entire County will primarily be incurred through temporary and permanent flooding. Even temporary flooding – which will likely become more frequent, longer-lasting, and more wide-spread – can cause irreversible damage. The ART Study West categorized these risks by the estimated amount of flooding in a given area using BCDC models, and the ART Study East will use a similar format. Table 1 summarizes the assets at risk of damage, categorized by sector.

	SECTORS	TYPES OF ASSETS	# AT-RISK ASSETS <sup>4</sup>
	BUSINESS & INDUSTRY	Commercial	277
		Industrial land use	482
		Hazardous Material Sites	1,287
		Landfills	188-acres
<u> </u>		Brownfields	62

Table 1: ASSETS	AT RISK OF DAMA	GE, BY SECTOR (fron	n ART Study West)
			Anti Study HCSt

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Adapting to Rising Tides: Contra Costa County Assessment and Adaption Project. Adapting to Rising Tides. March 2017.

http://www.adaptingtorisingtides.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/Contra-Costa-ART-Project-Report\_Final.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Eastern Contra Costa and Solano Counties Adapting to Rising Tides." Adapting to Rising Tides. June 2018.

http://www.adaptingtorisingtides.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/ECCARTModelingAndMappingExplainer06.05.2018.pdf. <sup>4</sup> These statistics only include the areas in the assessment area from the ART Study West. However, these figures provide a broad overview of the scope of the problem.

	SECTORS	TYPES OF ASSETS	# AT-RISK ASSETS <sup>4</sup>
()	ENERGY	Refineries	4
		Pipelines	55
		Power Generation	1
		Power Distribution Stations	11
	TRANSPORTATION	Freight and Passenger Rail	14 miles
æ	TRANSPORTATION	Roadways	27.5 miles
		Single	507
	HOUSING	Multifamily	607
		Mobile homes	2
	PARKS & RECREATION	Regional Parks	7
		City Parks	7
		Marinas	8
	PUBLIC SERVICES	K-12 Schools	46
47		Public Healthcare Facilities	13
		Emergency Facilities	28
息	SEAPORT TERMINALS	Port of Richmond	Limiting access from seaport
		Marine Oil Terminals	Tidal, wind & wave erosion
١	WATER MANAGEMENT	Water Supply	477,212 residents
		Waste Water Services	8
		Storm Water Systems	86% of system

Damage caused by flooding across the shoreline could have severe economic impacts. The County's economy, which relies on transportation and warehousing, construction and manufacturing,<sup>5</sup> would likely suffer as a result of damage to the water-dependent industries, transportation infrastructure, and the 750+ business assets along the shoreline. Damage to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data USA Contra Costa County, CA

infrastructure and services that span the County – such as energy, water supply, and highways – could prevent or slow commutes and the transport of goods. These damages are likely to have a regional impact, as the County provides jobs, goods, services, and recreational activities for people throughout the Bay Area.

Furthermore, flooding damage can impact the health, safety, and quality of life of the County's residents. Over 1,000 households are directly at risk of flooding or damage, as well as nearly 80 of the county's hospitals, schools, and services. The communities most at risk from rising tides are those that are the least mobile in the face of crisis – such as those who cannot afford to relocate, do not speak English as their first language, or have limited physical mobility. These include low-income communities, communities of color, and senior citizens. Additionally, sudden flooding can release hazardous material into the water supply, leading to lead to public health crises and destruction of wildlife habitats.

### B. A COORDINATED RESPONSE IS NEEDED

In the face of these threats, the ART report details actions that stakeholders across all sectors can take to respond and adapt to sea-level rise. The recommendations are primarily focused on preventing future disasters, reducing harm from flooding, and adapting to make the County more resilient and prosperous. According to a study by the National Institute of Building Sciences, "each \$1 spent on mitigation saves an average of \$6 in future disaster costs."<sup>6</sup> Acting before more flooding occurs is key to preventing irreversible and costly damage.

All entities with ownership of coastal lands play an important role, including business, industry, homeowners, and the public sector. However, acting alone is insufficient. Given that rising tides are a regional issue, piecemeal changes will fall short of securing all of the County's shoreline against flood-related threats.

While conversations and initiatives around rising tides are taking place throughout the County, there is no collaboration that is county-wide and unites both the public and private sector. Furthermore, there is not one entity with a clear source of funding or regulatory authority to implement the ART findings county-wide.

Greater collaboration is therefore needed. Depending on the goal of the collaboration, different governance structures can be employed. While county-wide regulation or planning is one way of achieving a more resilient shoreline, there are other actions that stakeholders can undertake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> "Resilient San Mateo." San Mateo Flood and Sea Level Rise Resiliency Agency. https://resilientsanmateo.org/.

collaboratively. For example, information sharing or conducting smaller-scale projects would also vastly improve the county's ability to minimize its vulnerability to flooding. The below scenarios account for a variety of goals and actions.

# 2. METHODOLOGY

Our primary methodology for completing this project was cross-sector stakeholder interviews and a review of relevant case studies of similar regional planning projects. Our team spoke with members of the Contra Costa Office of Sustainability (our primary client); the Contra Costa County supervisors who have jurisdiction over the waterfront of the Delta; and the Bay Conservation and Development Commission who has jurisdiction over the area of the first ART Study West.

In meetings with these stakeholders, they have mentioned various regional planning projects that are illustrative of challenges and successes that inform best practices relevant to this project. An overview of the potential governance structures for implementation of the ART Study West findings is outlined, along with potential priorities, advantages and disadvantages.

## 3. RECOMMENDATIONS

After conducting interviews and case studies, we believe that creating a working group to coordinate a response to rising tides is the most politically feasible and will lay the needed groundwork for future collaboration around climate resilience.

In addition to detailing the County's vulnerabilities in the face of rising tides, the ART Study West outline specific actions that could help reduce these vulnerabilities. However, implementing these findings requires coordination between the many stakeholders who may be impacted by rising tides, especially those with jurisdiction over the shoreline. In the absence of an existing agency that has sole jurisdiction over shoreline planning and regulation, our report recommends various governance structures and funding opportunities to encourage collaboration both in the short and long-term.

Currently, creating an organization with centralized authority does not appear to be politically feasible. Furthermore, not all of the relevant stakeholders agree that adapting to rising tides is an immediate priority. Therefore, we expect that collaboration must start on a smaller and more informal scale, which we envision as a working group. As trust and joint vision are developed, larger-scale projects might take root. To implement these larger projects, more formal and

centralized governance will be required, as well as larger funding sources. We outline two governance tools (MOUs and JPAs) that could help achieve these larger initiatives. While it may not be currently politically feasible, other counties have created independent agencies to coordinate climate resilience initiatives, and a case study depicting this fourth option is includedl.

The governance structures provide a potential trajectory for long-term collaboration, and our case studies have shown that regional collaborations have often follow similar patterns. However, these structures are not prescriptive. For example, a working group does not need to exist for a Memorandum of Understanding to be implemented or a Joint Powers Agreement to be formed. However, the order of these governance structures does illustrate that initiating smaller projects across the county will increase the likelihood of taking on larger-scale programs due to the development of shared trust, vision, and resources.

Because our primary recommendation is to launch a working group, we have included specific steps for visioning and launching this group in Section B. Funding sources are included in Appendix A.

#### CRITERIA FOR EVALUATING GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES

The below governance structures are evaluated using the following criteria:<sup>7</sup>

- **Ease of establishment:** A governance structure that is easy to establish will be low on financial costs, time investments, legal and reporting requirements.
- **Ability to leverage funding:** Funding can leveraged either by applying to grants and loans or by creating a financing mechanism within the governance structure itself.
- **Legal authority:** Legal authority entails not only jurisdiction to act, but also liability. Legal authority allows for larger and more coordinated action, but also is more bureaucratic to establish and maintain.
- **Ability to expand:** Given the nature of rising tides, a useful governance structure should be able to gradually expand in size or scope as the issue becomes more pressing and more stakeholders are brought onboard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The criteria used here are based off of the evaluation criteria used by San Mateo County in a report appendix: "San Mateo County – New Agency Proposal: Governance Matrix Technical Memorandum." Resilient San Mateo. October 2018. https://resilientsanmateo.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Governance-Matrix-TM 102918 FinalV2.pdf

### A. WORKING GROUP

#### DEFINITION AND PURPOSE

A working group is a committee of stakeholders gathering regularly to share, discuss, study, and plan around a particular issue or question. The County's working group would bring public, private, and community stakeholders together around the topic of adapting to rising tides. A list of city assets listed in **Appendix B** can serve as a good starting point for outreach and engagement.

The initial purpose of the working group is to share information on the vulnerabilities identified in the ART report, review suggested actions, and develop a shared understanding of what is at stake. Afterwards, more information sharing can take place, such as sharing existing activities related to improving climate resilience and identifying joint goals.

In addition to information sharing, the working group could serve as a platform for coordinating around shared priorities. For example, city, county, and regional governments could develop a set of planning priorities related to flood prevention and agree to separately implement those policies in their own jurisdictions.

While it may require time, the working group could also serve as a platform for developing shared projects. These projects could range from education campaigns, improving emergency plans, conducting vulnerability studies, or restoring habitats and wetlands. However, conducting shared projects requires funding, and as detailed below, the working group cannot generate independent funding. <u>Creating an MOU</u> could provide more formality to these shared projects.

#### EFFECTIVENESS CRITERIA

- **Ease of establishment:** Easier to establish financially and legally. However, recruiting all relevant key stakeholders across sectors and maintaining interest is time-intensive and requires high-touch engagement.
- **Ability to leverage funding:** Limited. The working group is not a legal entity and cannot generate independent financing mechanisms. An operating budget must be identified, and funding for projects must come from grants or be shouldered by one or multiple stakeholders.
- Legal authority: None. This is a non-legally binding structure.
- **Ability to expand:** High. Once stakeholders are identified and recruited, there is great ability to expand a working group in scope and membership.

#### ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

We believe that a working group is a necessary, preliminary governance mechanism to spur county-wide action across sectors. The group can serve as a platform to identify the common goals, abilities, and needs of individual stakeholders. Because it is informal and not a legal entity, the working group presents lower barriers to entry for stakeholders who are hesitant about committing to adaptation projects. Furthermore, community organizations and the private sector can participate as equal members of the working group, as membership is not barred to just government entities.

Disadvantages to a working group include the time-intensive process of identifying and recruiting a representative group of stakeholders, especially given the limited resources currently available for this effort and ambiguity on where to house the initiative. Furthermore, while the informality creates lower barriers to entry, this informality also hinders collaboration on large-scale projects. Larger, county-wide projects will require more resources than may be readily available within a working group, and stakeholders will likely want more clearly defined enforcement mechanisms than what a working group can provide. Should this issue surface, it may indicate the need for a new governance structure.

For more detailed information on launching a working group in the County, see **Section B:** Launching a Working Group.

### B. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

#### DEFINITION AND PURPOSE

A memorandum of understanding (MOU) is an agreement between two or more parties that identifies shared goals to be jointly pursued. MOUs can be designed as legal contracts, but are often created to express a shared commitment. MOUs can outline shared goals or policies, enforcement mechanisms, expectations, roles, responsibilities, or funding agreements.<sup>8</sup>

Within the County, MOUs could be used to formalize commitment to shared goals that emerges from the working group. An MOU could also create governance structures for projects that require more precisely defined roles and responsibilities.

For example, an MOU could be symbolic, such as an agreement that all stakeholders will strive to meet particular resiliency-related goals or will implement particular policies in their general plans. An MOU could also be signed by a variety of stakeholders as an agreement to share a particular type of data, such as monitoring stormwater usage. An MOU could also be used to document the roles and responsibilities, including funding agreements, between multiple stakeholders in the implementation of a joint project.

#### EFFECTIVENESS CRITERIA

- **Ease of establishment**: Moderately time-intensive to establish, but depends largely on complexity of project and number of stakeholders involved.
- **Ability to leverage funding**: Limited, because it is not a formal entity and cannot generate independent funds, such as levying taxes, issuing bonds, creating special assessment districts. However, it can outline resource commitments by signatories and outline plans for specific projects that can then receive grant funding (although one organization would have to take point on managing grant funding).
- **Legal authority:** Can but does not have to be legally binding, depending on the language. Does not create any new legal regulatory authority.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> "Contracts and MOUs: Understanding Key Terms." ChangeLab Solutions. 2013. https://changelabsolutions.org/sites/default/files/MOU-vs-Contracts\_FINAL\_20120117.pdf.

• **Ability to expand:** An MOU can be used to lay the groundwork for more legal, formal collaborations. Additional MOU can serve as amendments if goals or responsibilities change during implementation.

#### ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

An MOU is a flexible tool that can be adapted to the type of goal at hand. It adds more formality to activities such as those that might emerge from the working group and can incorporate private and community partners as equal signatories. Because the signatories develop the MOU collaboratively, stakeholders may be more willing to put resources on the line when it is on their terms. Furthermore, outlining roles and resource requirements decreases the risk of one stakeholder shirking and can identify methods of resolving conflict.

Because the MOU does not create a legal entity, the types of funding, and therefore projects, that can be generated are still limited. Furthermore, an MOU may not lead to actionable results if the MOU does not include detailed responsibilities or consequences for not completing the agreed-upon terms. Finally, creating an MOU requires collaboration that may be time-consuming depending on the complexity of the agreement and the number of signatories.



### CASE-STUDIES OF MOUs

#### The Long-Term Restoration Planning for Baylands MOU Source

<u>*Purpose*</u>: The MOU details the structure of collaboration, program timeline, and amount of funding each signatory will contribute towards long-term restoration and planning for Baylands.

<u>Signatories</u>: U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the California Department of Fish and Game, and the Coastal Conservancy

<u>Relevance</u>: The MOU outlines governance structures to implement programming around bayland restoration, which could be applied to the County's efforts around adapting to rising tides. For example, the MOU develops an executive (leadership) team, a committee to conduct public outreach, and several teams with subject-matter or technical expertise. The MOU also creates a general work plan for achieving the broader goal of restoration, such as conducting needs assessments, environmental reviews, monitoring plans, and strategies.

### The Coastal Sage Scrub MOU

<u>Source</u>

<u>Purpose</u>: To "implement a policy of coordination and cooperation by and between the [parties] regarding the development of conservation strategies for effective, long term protection of the Coastal Sage Scrub natural community and its associated sensitive species in Southern California."

<u>Signatories:</u> U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the California Department of Fish and Game

<u>Relevance</u>: Coordinated the necessary participation of two different levels of government that share jurisdiction over a key resource. Specifically, it leaves the responsibility for developing and monitoring the conservation strategy with the state-level agency, but requires strong information sharing and coordination with the federal-level agency. The County could use similar structures for coordinating agreement between city, county, state, regional, and federal governments.

#### Sierra Forest Fire MOU

<u>Source</u>

<u>Purpose</u>: "To advance the use of fire for ecological benefit and improved fire management." Specifically, the activities in need of coordination include, "minimizing barriers to implementing fire use by improving smoke management coordination and engaging in public education and outreach, to help increase capacity to use wildland fire through expanded training opportunities and resource sharing."

<u>Signatories:</u> State and federal land/resource management agencies, environmental groups, and regional fire councils

<u>*Relevance*</u>: Coordinated a large number of stakeholders. The MOU began with 12 parties and currently has 37. This shows that large-scale coordination of departments and agencies across multiple levels of government is possible when the goal is clear and perceived as urgent.

#### The Under 2

<u>Source</u>

<u>Purpose</u>: To reduce greenhouse gas emissions to limit global warming to less than 2 degrees Celsius by 2050. This means that signatories of this MOU will "pursue emission reductions consistent with a trajectory of 80 to 95 percent below 1990 levels, by 2050 and/or achieving a per capita annual emission goal of less than 2 metric tons by 2050."

<u>Signatories:</u> Signed by over 220 governments across 43 countries (including California)

<u>Relevance</u>: The MOU shows that it is possible to use an MOU to decrease the harmful impacts of climate change even when said harms are not yet fully actualized disasters. The County could similarly use an MOU to state the overall goal that a variety of stakeholders work towards, but remain independently responsible for implementing.

#### **Project to Eradicate Northern Pike from Lake Davis**



<u>Source</u>

<u>Purpose</u>: To "establish an agreement to coordinate and minimize duplication of effort as the Forest Service complies with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and CDFG complies with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) with respect to the proposed project, the project proposal submitted to the Forest Service with a request for a special use permit and any other connected actions, such as forest closures. In order to facilitate the - Parties compliance with their respective laws, the Parties have agreed to do a joint EIR/EIS."

Signatories: California Department of Fish and Game and the Plumas National Forest.

<u>Relevance</u>: Illustrates how an MOU can facilitate a specific project (EIR/EIS) necessary to bring a larger policy change (eradicating northern pike from Lake Davis).

### C. JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

#### DEFINITION AND PURPOSE

A Joint Powers Authority (JPA) is a legal entity that "is established when two or more public agencies by agreement jointly exercise any power common to the contracting agencies."<sup>9</sup> Member agencies do not need to have authority in the same geographic areas, and can either function as two or more separate entities in agreement (and referred to as a Joint Powers Agreement), or as a new, separate public legal entity that can enter into contracts, sue and be sued and hold property (Joint Powers Authority or Agency).<sup>10</sup>

A JPA could be created between the city, county, and other public agencies in the County to develop joint programming around rising tides, as well as allow for monitoring, sanctioning and conflict resolution for and between stakeholders. JPAs are best applied to policy challenges that span jurisdictions and require coordinated efforts to address, such as environmental policy, insurance pooling, and transportation or infrastructure planning. The coordination allows for greater cost-savings and efficiency compared to each jurisdiction implementing independent programming. In the context of the County and rising tides, the JPA's purpose would likely be planning, regulation, or service provision.

#### **B. EFFECTIVENESS CRITERIA**

- **Ease of establishment**: Difficult to establish and maintain, but depends largely on number of stakeholders involved.
- **Ability to leverage funding**: Expansive, including issuing bonds (depending on the jurisdiction of member agencies). More likely to have the capacity to apply for and implement larger grants than a MOU or working group.
- **Legal authority:** Depending on the language, can create legal entity that can sue and be sued, hold property, enter into contracts.
- **Ability to expand:** The flexibility of JPA content and legal authority allows for expansion of projects and initiatives.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> http://www.cacities.org/getattachment/5768b027-71a7-4bc5-8d82-d2009f304297/LR-Cassman,-Savaree.aspx
 <sup>10</sup> "Governments Working Together: A Citizen's Guide to Joint Powers Agreements." <u>California State Legislature.</u> August 2007. <u>https://sgf.senate.ca.gov/sites/sgf.senate.ca.gov/files/GWTFinalversion2.pdf</u>

### C. ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

Because adapting to rising tides is a regional challenge that requires steady financing and the cooperation of a variety of government entities, a JPA would be an effective way of coordinating services among a wide variety of stakeholders. The biggest advantage of a JPA is that it can create new revenue streams and issue bonds, dependent on their member's authorities. Furthermore, JPAs can issue revenue bonds without voter approval, although each member must adopt a local ordinance allowing it, which includes a 30-day period for voters to petition the ordinance.<sup>11</sup>

JPAs are also extremely flexible and do not prescribe a particular decision-making or governance structure. Although the membership is primarily public agencies, state law allows non governmental organizations to also enter in these agreements, and the private sector can serve on the decision-making board.

JPAs require a high degree of trust and agreement among the parties involved. Because collaborating around rising tides is still relatively new among the County's governments, it may not be politically feasible at this point in time. Furthermore, creating a legal entity requires that it conduct annual reporting and other time-intensive bureaucratic requirements.



### CASE-STUDIES OF JPAS

### The San Francisquito Creek Joint Powers Authority

<u>Source</u>

<u>*Purpose*</u>: The SFCJPA is "leading four main projects to stabilize, restore, and maintain the channel of the San Francisquito Creek" as well as "design and plan capital projects to increase flood protection that benefit the natural environment."

<u>Signatories:</u> City of East Palo Alto, City of Menlo Park, City of Palo Alto, San Mateo County Flood Control District, Santa Clara Valley Water District.

<u>Relevance</u>: The four capital improvements projects are examples of initiatives that a County-based JPA could undertake. Initiatives include an engineering feasibility study, creek restoration, environmental impact studies, real-time creek monitoring, and issuing Request for Proposals for flood warning systems.

#### Sonoma County Regional Climate Protection Authority (RCPA)

<u>Source</u>

<u>Purpose</u>: Coordinates initiatives to improve climate protection and reduce greenhouse gas emissions within Sonoma County. The RCPA focuses on applying to grant funding and implementing projects related to reducing greenhouse gas emissions, including data collection efforts and public education campaigns.

<u>Signatories:</u> Sonoma County, City of Santa Rosa, City of Cotati, Town of Windsor, City of Petaluma, City of Healdsburg, City of Sonoma, City of Cloverdale, City of Rohnert Park, City of Sebastopol

<u>Relevance</u>: The County could use a JPA to conduct a similar approach to coordinated projects, particularly collecting data around rising tides or creating public awareness campaigns around the threat posed by rising tides. Public awareness initiatives include hosting events and forums or creating communities of practice.

#### The Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy (SMMC)

<u>Source</u>

<u>*Purpose*</u>: To "strategically buy back, preserve, protect, restore, and enhance....urban, rural and river parks, open space, trails, and wildlife habitats." The SMMC has 9 voting members and a 26 person advisory council as a means to ensure broad representation of local, regional, and state interests.

<u>Signatories:</u> Baldwin Hills Regional Conservation Authority, Desert and Mountain Conservation Authority, Eastern Ventura County Conservation Authority, Moorpark Watershed, Mountains Recreation & Conservation Authority, Newhall Ranch High Country Recreation and Conservation Authority, Santa Clarita Watershed Recreation & Conservation Authority, Whittier-Puente Hills Conservation Authority, Wildlife Corridor Conservation Authority

<u>*Relevance*</u>: Within a JPA, the County could implement a similar voting and governance structure to ensure a mixture of local, regional, and state representation.

#### The Wildlife Corridor Conservation Authority

<u>Source</u>

<u>Purpose</u>: The JPA was created to ensure "the proper planning, conservation, environmental protection and maintenance of the habitat and wildlife corridor between the Whittier-Puente Hills and the Cleveland National Forest in the Santa Ana Mountains."

<u>Signatories</u>: City of Whittier, City of Brea, City of La Habra Heights, City of Diamond Bar, Los Angeles County and the Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy.

<u>Relevance</u>: Demonstrates how a JPA can coordinate funding for joint activities from member parties.

#### The Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG)

<u>Source</u>

<u>Purpose</u>: ABAG was formed by a JPA in 1961 and has voluntary membership and limited statutory authority. ABAG has a general assembly, executive board and four committees: administrative, finance, regional planning and legislation. ABAG is funded by membership dues, fees for service programs, and grants from federal, state and local governments.

*Signatories:* 9 counties and 101 cities in the Bay Area.

<u>Relevance</u>: This case study shows that a larger network, including the key stakeholders for Contra Costa County climate resilience, already exists, and has been working together on regional issues for decades. Furthermore, if the County creates a JPA with a membership, a similar general assembly and committee structure could help foster decision-making.

## 4. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

San Mateo County, while economically and demographically different from Contra Costa County, has had similar conversations around creating governance structures to coordinate adaption to rising tides.

The trajectory of collaboration in San Mateo County could serve as an interesting case study and resource for Contra Costa County. Although San Mateo County is currently undergoing efforts to expand an existing agency to cover climate resiliency efforts, it has previously used working groups, JPAs, and MOUs to collaborate on this topic.

The following resources help provide context to resiliency efforts in San Mateo County and the different phases of collaboration that county stakeholders engaged in:

- <u>Resilient San Mateo</u>: Website for resiliency efforts in San Mateo County. They have used state and federal representatives to make the case for why an agency is needed and have created accessible language to inform the public about why action is needed.
- <u>Governance Matrix</u>: An extensive, technical report outlining different governance and funding strategies that San Mateo County considered before deciding on creating a new agency.

• <u>Background on Collaboration and Governance Proposal</u>: Details the history of collaboration within San Mateo County and makes the case for creating an county agency focused on resiliency.

Additionally, as work on climate resiliency expands, multiple of these governance structures could be used to target action within particular sectors or planning issues. However, a county-wide initiative to at least coordinate and share information will remain necessary.

# **SECTION B. WORKING GROUP STRATEGY**

Creating a working group to coordinate a response to rising tides is a natural first step for the County. Currently, it does not appear there is enough political agreement to create a regulatory or planning agency that will implement the needed changes. Additionally, a working group can serve as a low-stakes platform by which collaborative projects are identified and planned, allowing political will to build gradually.

Building an effective working group will require up-front planning to set the context, define broad goals, and ensure that all the relevant stakeholders are at the table. After our interviews, we believe that key stakeholders must first be engaged to build support for the working group. The following steps can begin immediately and are expected to take 3-6 months, depending on the amount of staff time available for coordination:

- **1. Create a Planning Committee**
- 2. Identify Working Group Participants
  - a) Government and Private Sector Participants
  - **b)** Community Organizations
  - c) Private Sector Engagement
- 3. Develop a Cohesive Messaging Strategy
  - a) City Assets and Barriers
  - b) Sample Communications Language
- 4. Identify Resource Needs and Secure Funding
- 5. Set Launch Date and Plan First Meeting
- 6. Develop Operating Procedures
- 7. Plan Meaningful Action
- 8. Relevance to Other Governance Structures

## 1. CREATE A PLANNING COMMITTEE

Convene a small planning committee to serve as both the face of the working group in the initial start-up period and to provide coordination and technical support. The <u>Community Resilience</u> <u>Building Workshop Guide (p4)</u> recommends convening the planning committee 2-6 months before the intended launch of the larger working group. Furthermore, the planning committee

should identify a work plan for the launch and set specific goals for the initial working group meetings.

The recommended planning team for the County consists of representatives from the following offices/teams:

- **County Supervisor:** A supervisor could provide the political leadership to get stakeholders to the table and communicate the need for collaboration.
- **County Administrator:** The County Administrator's Office has high visibility, political clout, and could unite city and county entities.
- **County DCD:** Provides technical and subject-matter knowledge, including coordinating with BCDC and the ART Reports.

In the lead-up to the working group launch, the planning team will need to conduct outreach to amplify the need for the working group. As a result of time and resource constraints, as well as ideological differences, it is evident that adapting to rising tides is not currently a priority for all stakeholders. Therefore, the planning team must engage in one-on-one meetings with key stakeholders to make the case for why action is needed. Furthermore, the planning team must identify stakeholders that are hesitant to participate and conduct more targeted outreach to communicate both the value of the working group and the threat posed by inaction. In particular, using collaboration as a tool to secure new funding may resonate with cities.

The planning team should develop a preliminary mission statement for the working group, with the understanding that it will change. Draft language is included below to serve as a starting point.

#### SAMPLE MISSION STATEMENT:

"Permanent and temporary flooding is predicted across Contra Costa County's shoreline, threatening damage to our communities and livelihoods. While cities, the County, community organizations, and businesses have taken individual action to protect against rising tides, greater collaboration is needed. The working group aims to create a space for conversation around how we can better secure our shoreline, as well as obtain the resources we need to turn these visions into action."

# 2. IDENTIFY WORKING GROUP PARTICIPANTS

The ideal working group participants include all stakeholders in the County with jurisdiction over shoreline land or who are projected to be impacted by rising tides. In addition to government entities, community organizations and the private sector are key to providing a holistic and diverse perspective on shoreline planning.

#### A. GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE-SECTOR PARTICIPANTS

The below table captures recommendations on stakeholders to be included within the working group. The membership of the ART Working Group can also be used to inform invitees. The following questions can be used to consider who else may need to be at the table:

- What communities and organizations are most affected by projected flooding? Which of these may not traditionally have a seat at the table?
- What stakeholders hold the most influence in this policy area and are key to have on board?
- What expertise needs to be included in the working group? Expertise is not only technical or professional, but also includes lived experience.

ТҮРЕ	INCLUDES <sup>12</sup>	
COMMUNITY	See community engagement section below	
CITY	Antioch, Bay Point, Brentwood, Clayton, Concord, Town of Danville, El Cerrito, Hercules*, Lafayette, Pleasant Hill, Port Costa, Rodeo, Martinez*, Richmond*, Town of Moraga, San Pablo*, Oakley, San Ramon, Pittsburg, Orinda, Walnut Creek, Pinole*	
COUNTY	Department of Conservation and Development*, Health Services*, Water Agency*, Flood Control and Water Conservation*, Office of Emergency Services*, Mosquito and Vector Control*	
DISTRICTS, AUTHORITIES, COMMITTEES	Contra Costa Water District*, West County Wastewater*, Central Contra Costa Sanitary District*, East Bay Municipal Utility District*, East Bay Regional Parks District*, Mt View Sanitary District*, Contra Costa Resource Conservation District, Contra Costa Transportation Authority*, West Contra Costa County Transportation Advisory	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>This is not an inclusive list. The full list of stakeholders should be determined by initial working group or planning committee. Entities with a \* participated in the ART Study West process.

	Committee*, Capitol Corridor Joint Powers Authority*, Bay Conservation and Development Commission*
PRIVATE SECTOR	East Bay Leadership Council, Chevron Richmond Refinery, Philipps 66 Richmond, Pacific Gas and Electric, Point Blue Conservation Science, Tesoro Martinez Refinery*, Plains All American Pipelines*, Southern Counties Oil Co.
OTHER ART WEST WORKING GROUP MEMBERS	Regional, State And Federal Agencies: Association of Bay Area Governments, Metropolitan Transportation Commission, Bay Area Resilience Collaborative, California Department of Transportation District 4, San Francisco Estuary Partnership, San Francisco Bay Trail, State Coastal Conservancy, Federal Emergency Management Agency, NOAA Office for Coastal Management, Office of Assemblymember Tony Thurmond, Office of Representative Mike Thompson <u>Other Private and Non-Profit Organizations</u> : Republic Services, Pacific Gas and Electric, Point Blue Conservation Science, Tesoro Martinez Refinery, Plains All American Pipelines, ESA Associates, Chabot Space and Science Center, Communities for a Better Environment, Environmental Justice Coalition for Water, Breakthrough Communities, East Bay Economic, Development Alliance, Tom Leader Studio, UC Berkeley Office of Environment, Health & Safety

#### **B. COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS**

Meaningful community engagement is a necessary component of implementing the ART recommendations. In particular, frontline communities must be part of the working group membership. The <u>Our Communities, Our Power</u> report defines frontline communities as "groups of people who are directly affected by climate change and inequality in society at higher rates than people who have more power in society...People who experience oppression because of race, income, gender, sexual orientation, disability, gender identity, age, etc. are more likely to have less resources and protections in our society in general and even less access to resources and protections not only to adapt to our changing climate but also to pass policies and legislation that are fair and culturally significant."

Frontline communities not only need to lead in defining the problem and informing solutions, but they are also key to informing the public at large about the threat of rising tides in the County. Suggested community organizations to reach out to include:

• <u>Contra Costa Interfaith Housing</u>: CCIH heals the effects of poverty and homelessness by providing permanent housing solutions and vital support services to highly vulnerable families and individuals.

- <u>Village Community Resource Center</u>: VCRC began in response to the fatal shooting of a 15 year old boy on Village Drive. After being incorporated in 2002, VCRC responded to the need for additional services by expanding its programs to include food distribution, homework assistance, translation and referral services.
- <u>The Bedford Center</u>: The Center's mission is to promote dignity and independence of people with disabilities and special needs.
- Independent Living Resource of Solano & Contra Costa Counties: Independent Living Resources (ILR) is a non-profit organization dedicated to helping people with any type of disability live normal, independent lives. Through education empowerment and advocacy, ILR strives to fully incorporate those with disabilities into the community and eliminate institutional, social and attitudinal barriers that hinder progress.
- <u>STAND! For Families Free of Violence</u> is a catalyst for breaking the multi-generational cycle of violence, promoting safe and strong relationships, and rebuilding lives
- <u>Transgender Law Center</u>. Transgender Law Center advocates for self-determination for all people.
- <u>CCC MEDS Coalition</u>: CCC MEDS Coalition is a community-based coalition that serves to prevent prescription drug related addiction and overdose deaths through community education, policy change, and advocacy.
- <u>Rise Up Contra Costa County</u>: is a union geared to the needs of highly trained professional and technical employees dedicated to improving governmental services and operations in the San Francisco Bay Area.
- <u>One Day At A Time</u>: ODAT's goal is to provide youth with a supportive network of peers, opportunities for academic and personal growth and exposure to positive transformative experiences.
- <u>Rotary Club of Antioch</u>: the RCA's mission is to local business and professional leaders have been coming together to serve their community and youth since 1947.
- <u>Environmental Science Academies at High Schools</u>: the mission of ESAHS is to empower and build student leaders who are prepared and excited to change the world around them through collaboration, problem-solving and becoming stewards of our environment.
- <u>Asian Pacific Environmental Network</u>: APEN brings together a collective voice to develop an alternative agenda for environmental, social, and economic justice in Asian and Pacific Islander communities. APEN works in West County.
- <u>Urban Tilth</u>: Urban Tilth hires and trains local residents to cultivate agriculture in west Contra Costa County to help our community build a more sustainable, healthy, and just food system.

• <u>Interfaith Council of Contra Costa County</u>. ICCC is a collection of 110 congregations, monasteries and retreat centers that join to make Contra Costa County a better place. Sustainability issues are among the topics on which ICCC works.

The following resources provide more information on how to center frontline communities within resilience strategies:

- <u>Our Communities, Our Power:</u> The NAACP provides an in-depth guide on how to convene communities and action around environmental issues that center people of color and frontline communities.
- <u>Community Resilience Building</u>: "is a unique, 'anywhere at any scale', community-driven process, rich with information, experience, and dialogue, where participants identify top hazards, current challenges, strengths, and priority actions to improve community resilience to all natural and climate-related hazards today, and in the future."

### C. STRATEGIZE PRIVATE SECTOR ENGAGEMENT

Potential private sector partners include:

- Tesoro Golden Eagle Martinez Refinery (owned by Andeavor)
- Martinez IT Vine Hill Complex and Acme Landfills
- Tesoro Martinez and Shell Martinez refineries
- Chevron Richmond Refinery
- Republic Services
- Pacific Gas and Electric
- Plains All American Pipelines
- East Bay Economic Development Alliance
- Agriculture/farms

Resources for private sector engagement include:

- <u>Holistic Toolbox for Private Sector Engagement in Development Co-Operation</u>: Outlines key principles for engaging with the private sector around development outcomes.
- <u>Businesses Acting on Rising Seas</u>: A report meant to inform businesses about how rising tides may affect them, and how businesses around the country are contributing to resiliency efforts. Case studies and sample language could be found in this report.
- <u>Guide to Public-Private Collaboration on Climate Resiliency Planning</u>: Report outlines messages that resonate with business around the importance of climate resilience planning as well as outlines key considerations in engaging with the private sector.

### 3. DEVELOP A COHESIVE MESSAGING STRATEGY

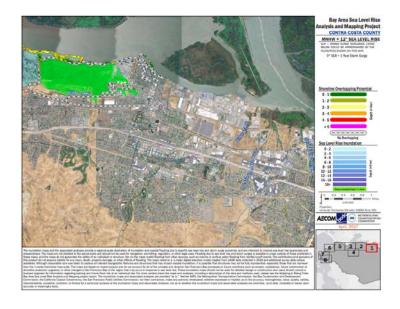


In addition to articulating a working group mission, a communications strategy is needed to bring stakeholders to the table and align expectations. In particular, targeted outreach to stakeholders who may be hesitant to join the working group must be conducted by the planning team.

A successful communications strategy describes the threat of rising tides using non-technical terms and uses local examples to illustrate what rising tides means for the County's future. Communication should both frame what is at stake but also highlight the opportunity to build on existing successes. Each stakeholder should be able to understand how participation will benefit them, as well as also see their role in achieving a broader goal.

#### A. CITY ASSETS AND BARRIERS TABLE

In Appendix B there is an assets and barriers map was created to help the planning team consider why each city might be motivated to participate in a rising tides working group. Understanding each city's unique constraints - as well as what assets may be affected by rising tides - can help the planning team conduct targeted communication regarding the importance of a working group. The ART Study West also has a resource called "Shoreline and Inundation Mapbook," which breaks down sea level rise predictions for individual cities (see image). This can also be used as a



resource when engaging cities with the goal of getting them to participate in a working group.

### B. SAMPLE COMMUNICATIONS LANGUAGE

There are two primary messaging needs: 1) that **rising tides are a prevalent threat** and 2) **action is needed that must be initiated** through a working group. Below is a sample of some of the language the ART West Study outlines as the impacts and opportunities for different sectors. These can serve as a starting point for communicating the impact of rising tides and the opportunities that a working group can provide. Economic impacts might resonate most with cities that are more resource-constrained or may not have a prominent focus on sustainability or climate resilience. Environmental impacts might be useful when reaching out to community based advocacy organizations, elected officials with a climate justice focus, and other non-governmental organizations.



#### ECONOMIC

IMPACTS	OPPORTUNITIES
<i>Industry:</i> "Industrial land uses providesjobs for residents, goods and products needed in other parts of the region, and tax revenue to the cities and the county. Damage or disruption could result in high costs due to lost productivity, as well as the replacement or repair of buildings, specialized equipment, and goods stored onsite. Temporary or permanent closures of industrial operations of all kinds could have broad economic impacts throughout the region, particularly if heavy industrial facilities such as the refineries are damaged or their connections to goods movement infrastructure is disrupted."	<i>Industry:</i> "Commercial and industrial facilities provide jobs, goods, critical services, and opportunities for economic development and growth. Commercial businesses are an important part of community function as community members tend to shop and access services, including medical and dental services, near where they live and work. In addition, community members with limited mobility and those that rely on public transit typically have limited options for travelling outside of their neighborhood to access jobs, necessary services and critical goods." <sup>15</sup>
<b>Transportation:</b> "Interstates in the project area are critical to both the flow of goods and the ability of commuters to access local and regional jobs In particular, workers who rely on vulnerable public transit assets or roads may be unable to get to work, affecting not only their wages but the economy of the region as a whole." <sup>13</sup>	<b>Goals:</b> "Maintain and improve local economic vitality and access to diverse employment opportunities by preserving the function of major employment centers, infrastructure and utilities. Recognizing Contra Costa County's regional refining and goods movement role, ensure the energy and transportation

<sup>13</sup> ART, pg. 139 <sup>15</sup> ART, pg. 27

Services: "... disruption of power, access to goods,<br/>services and jobs; can strain local disaster response and<br/>recovery resources; and, result in economic losses if job<br/>sites, government services, and businesses are disrupted<br/>by a loss in communications, utilities, or goods or<br/>commuter access.14Sectors and to<br/>they rely on a<br/>Questions re<br/>Will the action<br/>maintain good

sectors and the interconnected networks and systems they rely on are resilient."  $^{\rm 16}$ 

**Questions related to potential Economic Benefits:** Will the action promote or retain jobs? Will the action maintain commuter movement? Will the action maintain goods movement? Will the action reduce service or network disruptions?<sup>17</sup>



ENVIRONMENTAL

ΙΜΡΑCTS	OPPORTUNITIES
<i>Hazardous Materials</i> : "The release of persistent and mobile hazardous materials can have long-lasting and far-reaching consequences on wildlife and habitats, and can affect water quality." <sup>18</sup>	<b>Open Spaces:</b> "Bay Trail segments provide nature viewing and environmental education opportunities that may be lost if the trail is flooded or damaged. Damage of the trail can also increase erosion and result in impacts to the natural areas surrounding the
<i>Marinas</i> : "Marinas create, store, and transport hazardous materials like fuel and motor oil. If these	damaged trails segments."22
facilities are flooded, hazardous materials may be mobilized and lead to impaired water quality and environmental habitat degradation." <sup>19</sup>	<i>Economic</i> : "A solid understanding of the risk that water management systems face will help lay the foundation for developing, evaluating, and implementing strategies that balance protecting
<i>Transportation</i> : "Disruption of local streets and roads that public transit relies on could cause more individuals to drive, which could affect air quality. In addition, the loss of a portion of the transportation	public safety, growing the economy, and providing community and environmental benefits to ensure a vibrant and resilient future." <sup>23</sup>
network may increase congestion, potentially resulting in greater emissions and lower fuel	<i>Goals</i> : "Protect and improve the environment by preserving and restoring habitat, continuing to

<sup>14</sup> ART, pg. 15
 <sup>16</sup> ART, pg. 20
 <sup>17</sup> ART, pg. 179
 <sup>18</sup> ART, pg. 42
 <sup>19</sup> ART, pg. 88

- <sup>22</sup> ART, pg. 90
- <sup>23</sup> ART, pg. 140

efficiency. Lastly, prolonged flooding of segments of an interstate, such as I-680, that are adjacent to natural areas and marshes could cause trash and pollutants to mobilize and stress habitat."<sup>20</sup>

*Flood Protection:* "If the creeks and channels cannot provide adequate flood protection, there could be disruptions to local roads, damage to energy services, shutdowns to treatment plants serving residents and businesses, and lack of railroad service. This loss of goods, services and jobs will have a significant impact on the regional economy."<sup>21</sup>

improve air and water quality, and safely addressing contaminated lands. Promote the use of natural and nature-based approaches where possible and appropriate to improve community and economic resilience."<sup>24</sup>

**Questions related to Environmental Improvement:** Will the action create or maintain appropriate habitat and biodiversity? Water quality: Will the action maintain or improve water quality? Nature based: Will the action promote grey to green, nature-based solutions?<sup>25</sup>



ΙΜΡΑCTS	OPPORTUNITIES
<i>Workplace Consequences:</i> "The disruption or closure of industrial land uses can have significant consequences for employees as loss of access to the workplace can cause lost wages. Loss of these facilities may also have consequences on the people within the county and the region, as the industrial land uses within the county produce and provide a number of critical goods and products used in many other sectors. Unexpected flooding of facilities that store hazardous materials can also result in public health impacts in nearby communities." <sup>26</sup>	<b>Building Relationships:</b> "By increasing knowledge sharing between first responders and community members, not only will the planning be stronger, but also relationships between those that may be in need and those that are responding to those needs will be improved. For example, inclusion of community members and leaders in planning can ensure the use of culturally and ethnically appropriate communication methods during an emergency." <sup>30</sup>

<sup>20</sup> ART, pg. 139

- <sup>21</sup> ART, pg. 157
- <sup>24</sup> ART, pg. 20
- <sup>25</sup> ART, pg. 179
- <sup>26</sup> ART, pg. 37
- <sup>30</sup> ART, pg. 168

*Information:* "Social networks strength and community capacity can be limited if community members have limited information about the specific characteristics and/or needs of individuals and households in their community, and/or surrounding neighborhoods."<sup>27</sup>

**Cost to Community:** "The broader community of taxpayers and ratepayers may also bear some of the expense of rebuilding areas even if they do not themselves live in affected areas."<sup>28</sup>

**People:** "People are the workers, students, clients, customers, neighbors, volunteers and members that make up our cities, communities and region. People are responsible for creating the social and personal support networks, the culture and values, and the local economies that contribute to the resilience of communities. It is critical, therefore, to understand the unique needs, challenges and strengths of the people within each community when evaluating the potential risks faced from hazards such as flooding, sea level rise, and storm events."<sup>29</sup>

*Sustainability:* "Effects on communities and services on which they rely, with specific attention to disproportionate impacts due to inequalities."<sup>31</sup>

*Society and Equity:* "Goals support communities, and in particular those with characteristics that could make them more vulnerable, in accessing affordable, safe and healthy housing, utilities and services, recreational opportunities, transportation and transit, and information about risk. Protect the health, safety and welfare of all who live, work and recreate in Contra Costa County."<sup>32</sup>

*Facilities:* "Community facilities that could potentially serve as gathering locations or places for emergency information centers include the public schools, [and] large churches."<sup>33</sup>

**Questions related to social benefits:** Will the action protect public health and safety? Will the action protect especially vulnerable community members? Will the action preserve community function, and/or advance other community objectives? Will the action maintain recreational or educational opportunities?

#### C. OTHER COMMUNICATIONS RESOURCES

There are many frameworks that can be used to create an effective communication strategy. Below are several resources that the planning team could use when developing communications and conducting outreach campaigns:

• <u>Climate Action Business Association</u>: Provides guidance and support down a pathway of increasing engagement in climate work through three program areas: sustainability, political advocacy, and community.

<sup>27</sup> ART, pg. 104

- <sup>28</sup> ART, pg. 71
- <sup>29</sup> ART, pg. 90
- <sup>31</sup> ART, pg. 7
- <sup>32</sup> ART, pg. 20
- <sup>33</sup> ART, pg. 100

- <u>Opportunity Agenda</u>: The Opportunity Agenda synthesizes and translates research on barriers to opportunity and corresponding solutions; uses communications and media to understand and influence public opinion; and identifies and advocates for policies that improve people's lives.
- <u>Story-based Strategies</u>: links movement building with an analysis of narrative power and places storytelling at the center of social change.
- <u>The Spitfire Strategies SmartChart 3.0</u>: An exercise that helps you evaluate your audience and what type of messaging strategies will resonate with their interests and constraints.

# 4. IDENTIFY RESOURCES NEEDS AND SECURE BASIC FUNDING

While the working group is not as resource-intensive as other governance strategies, it still requires staffing and an operational budget.

#### A. STAFFING

We recommend hiring one person part-time or intern to coordinate working group activities. However, these responsibilities might be wrapped into an existing job, depending on where the working group is housed.

Specific responsibilities include:

- Coordinate time and location of meetings
- Issue meeting invitations and track attendance
- Develop and disseminate agenda items
- Take notes during working group meetings
- Provide follow-up support to action items that result from working group plans
- Apply for grants, depending on the types of activites the working group decides to take on

#### B. OPERATIONAL BUDGET

Funding for general operating expenses of the working group may depend on where the initiative is housed. Costs might include:

- 1 part-time staff member
- Copying and printing
- Reserving rooms

• Independent facilitator

#### C. PROJECT-SPECIFIC FUNDING

See the funding section in **APPENDIX A** for information on project-specific funding sources.

## 5. SET LAUNCH DATE AND PLAN FIRST MEETING

The Community Visioning Handbook (page 16) discusses important questions and agenda items for the first planning meeting, such as thinking about the goals of a working group launch. The agenda items around logistics (pages 18-22) may also be useful in thinking through logistics, agenda items, facilitators, and recruitment strategies.

The Community Resilience Building Workshop Guide (page 5) recommends two formats for the initial working group launch:

- One, 6-8 hour meeting
- Two, 4-6 hour meetings held about two weeks apart

The launch meeting should open and close in a large group plenary with all of the attending stakeholders. However, breakout discussions will allow for more open communication than is possible within large-group format. Breakout discussions could be sector-specific, regional specific, or randomly assigned. Because part of the working group goal is to encourage collaboration between different parts of the county, we recommend randomly assigning breakout groups.

Other resources that may help with deciding on how to launch and facilitate the working group:

- <u>Section B-F of the Community Resilience Building Workshop Guide</u>: In-depth recommendations on how to format large-group discussions around climate resilience that speak to both each stakeholder's interests and a broader community vision.
- <u>Community Visioning Handbook, page 23-28</u>: Sample agendas, breakout group discussion questions, and suggestions for framing opening statements.
- <u>Facilitating Large Group Meetings That Get Results Every Time</u>: Guidelines for facilitating meetings that have a large number and diversity of participants.
- <u>Introduction to Planning and Facilitating Effective Meetings</u>: Contains questions to consider when creating an agenda, deciding on a facilitator, and tools for facilitating large group decision-making.

# 6. DEVELOP A MISSION STATEMENT & OPERATING PROCEDURES

At the outset, the working group should agree on how it will collaborate with one another, and what the expected roles and responsibilities look like. The following questions, discussed by either the planning committee or the working group as a whole, can help set those expectations:

- What time commitment is expected from stakeholder? How often will the working group meet, and how long are meetings?
- Are other resources, besides time, expected from participants?
- What are the ground rules for discourse and conversation?
- How will agendas items be added and decided upon?
- How will discussions be facilitated? How can input be collected to ensure that all have a say in activities that move forward?
- How will big decisions be made? When and how might voting play a role?
- Who will be charged with facilitating meetings, ie: moving through agenda items at a timely pace?
- How will notes and action items be distributed, and to who?
- How will relevant information be communicated, such as through an email listserv?

The working group should work collaboratively to determine its goals and agree on shared values that will guide its work. After initial brainstorming, the working group could review the goals set out by the ART Working Group to compare and edit. The process of creating a mission statement should be collaborative. There are many ways to structure this process, which the below links cover:

- <u>Our Communities, Our Power p 47</u>: Hosting community forums and then compiling ideas into a draft that is then available for public comment before finalizing.
- <u>Community Visioning Handbook</u>: Sample agendas and questions for convening large group discussions and developing a community vision.
- <u>Community-Driven Climate Resilience Framework</u>
- Ten Principles for Building Resilience

### 7. PLAN MEANINGFUL ACTIONS

We strongly recommend that the working group planning committee and/or the working group itself review the <u>ART West Adaption Response Sheets</u> for potential projects that the working group

could take on. However, to start with, the working group should simply undertake information sharing and reviewing what rising tides mean for the County's future. Below are suggested agenda items or projects that the working group could take on at different stages of collaboration.

#### A. Initial Agenda Items/Areas for Collaboration

Note: it would be useful to have a representative from BCDC be a part of these sessions to help answer technical questions.

- Learn how to use the <u>Adapting to Rising Tides Explorer</u> and understand what sea level rise predictions mean. What are the different scenarios that could alter sea level rise predictions?
- Use ART report to review assets within each stakeholder's jurisdiction that are prone to flooding. Focusing on assets that are county-wide, such as transportation, may be good ways of building initial buy-in.
- Review project-specific maps so that stakeholders understand what areas are most at risk:
  - Shoreline and Open Space
  - Transportation and Energy
  - o <u>Business</u>
  - Housing and Public Services
  - o <u>Industry</u>
  - o <u>People</u>
- Review flood predictions from various studies outside of the ART projects as a way of showing that various data sources predict similar outcomes, such as:
  - o <u>FEMA Flood Maps</u>
  - o NOAA Costal Flood Exposure Mapper
- Share information on what stakeholders are doing around adapting to rising tides and what their biggest priorities are.
- Share information on what each stakeholder views as the biggest barrier in seeing the desired work around adapting to rising tides.
- After reviewing areas of vulnerability, discuss which geographic, sectoral, or planning vulnerabilities are most important to each stakeholder.

#### B. Public Education Campaigns

Public education is critical to successfully acting on rising tides. Understanding sea level rise predictions can be difficult, especially because the predictions often range widely. If citizens do not view adaptation as a priority, then elected representatives will be less likely to spearhead

action. Furthermore, communities may be able to implement smaller-scale changes at the household level that mitigate potential damage from flooding. Therefore, the working group could take on public education campaigns that help communities understand the threats and opportunities of climate resilience and how they can contribute to adaption work.

One example, drawn from the ART West Adaption Strategies Appendix, is:

- **People FUNC6:** Non-English speakers, people with disabilities, such as vision and hearing impairment, and socially isolated individuals and households may face communication difficulties in responding to and preparing for flooding
  - Develop trainings and educational materials, including CERT, in the languages that community members speak, including sign language and braille
  - Disseminate best available flood and climate risk information, in multiple languages and formats, through community-based organizations

#### C. Larger Projects/Initiatives

Note: The below are a sample the actions published in the <u>ART West Adaption Response Sheets</u>. The title indicates which spreadsheet and section the action was pulled from.

- Water Management (INFO1): Develop new or improve existing watershed-specific hydraulic models to evaluate the capacity of the stormwater system to store and drain rainfall runoff as sea levels, groundwater and precipitation patterns change
- Water Management (INFO2): Incentivize or require critical stormwater system information to be collected and made available in a geo-referenced or GIS format
- Water Management (INFO2): Adopt data management and sharing agreements among public and private stormwater infrastructure owners and managers to ensure complete, high quality, and accessible asset information is available for system vulnerability and risk assessments
- **Public Services Responses (GOV):** Review and update health care facility emergency plans to address current and future coastal and riverine flooding including contingencies and secondary impacts that are broad-scale (e.g., county or Bay Area-wide) and/or severe (e.g., long-lasting and/or deep inundation)
- **Public Services Responses (FUNC1):** Evaluate the continued siting of healthcare facilities in areas at risk from current and future flooding, in particular those areas that are difficult or expensive to protect, evacuate, or rebuild in a manner ensuring public health, safety and welfare
- Public Services Responses: Develop Plans and Procedures To...

- o obtain or distribute specialized equipment needed to either shelter-in-place or evacuate at-risk, less mobile, or medically dependent populations
- address the need for short-term sheltering and long-term housing of mobility and medically dependent community members
- Transportation (FUNC4): There are very limited alternatives to re-route goods movement if I-580 was disrupted, especially because this segment in the project area supports truck traffic to/from the Ports of Oakland and Richmond, and re-routing truck traffic can be challenging due to road-use restrictions.
  - Review and improve understanding of critical partners, timelines, and pathways for goods movement to/from the Port of Oakland and the Port of Richmond
  - Conduct an economic analysis of the consequences of goods not being delivered to/from the Ports of Oakland and Richmond to inform understanding of the economic consequences that could occur if I-580 was disrupted
  - Develop contingency plans for re-routing goods from I-580, including developing secondary markets and alternative transportation options
- **People FUNC6:** Non-English speakers, people with disabilities, such as vision and hearing impairment, and socially isolated individuals and households may face communication difficulties in responding to and preparing for flooding
  - Develop and maintain a centralized database of nonprofit, community, and faithbased organizations, equipment and service providers, and others that can communicate with communities at risk in the languages they speak
- **Contaminated Lands GOV1**: Most Brownfield sites are privately owned, and cleanup depends in part on being able to locate the responsible party and on these parties having the necessary funds to undertake the cleanup. Where responsible parties cannot be found or do not have sufficient funds, the cleanup process may be delayed or public funds must be used.
  - Establish lead agency and develop agreements among institutions that regulate or manage Brownfield sites to collect, manage, and share the data necessary to understand Brownfield site vulnerability to sea level rise using consistent methods

## 8. RELEVANCE TO OTHER GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES

The working group can share information or take on coordinated campaigns. It can also serve as a planning and visioning team for larger initiatives that require other governance structures listed in Section A. For example, the larger initiatives described in Section B - 7 may require that stakeholders outline roles, responsibilities, and resource sharing using a Memorandum of Understanding. Particularly large initiatives that are broadly supported may be better managed under a JPA or under an existing agency's jurisdiction. The working group can serve as a launching pad and place to plan those other governance structures.

## **APPENDIX A:** FUNDING SOURCES

The below funding sources represent a variety of funding opportunity types. While they are below divided them by local, state, and federal-level sources, they also vary in aspects such as grants vs. loans and funding sources vs mechanisms.

### 1. LOCAL FUNDING MECHANISMS

#### A. COMMUNITY BENEFIT ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

(Below text from San Mateo County)

"[A] special assessment, sometimes described as a local assessment, is a charge imposed on particular real property for a local public improvement of direct benefit to that property, as for example a street improvement, lighting improvement, irrigation improvement, sewer connection, drainage improvement, or flood control improvement. Pursuant to Proposition 218, formation of an assessment requires a weighted vote based on the proposed assessment of each parcel of 50+%).

**Advantages** (San Mateo County): An assessment is tailored to benefits received by each parcel within an assessment district, and where collected through a county property tax bill, it is a relatively reliable source of revenue for a public agency.

**Disadvantages** (San Mateo County): The primary disadvantage of an assessment district is the cost of the process associated with preparing an assessment and the associated voting process. An agency must prepare a detailed engineers report in support of an assessment, and run a ballot proceeding, typically with an informational campaign where an assessment covers a large area. In addition, assessments must be squared with property tax rolls annually to ensure that they reflect changes in parcels occurring through each year, and may be perceived in competition with other financial needs."<sup>34</sup>

#### **B. COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT TAX**

(Below text from San Mateo County)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> "San Mateo County – New Agency Proposal: Governance Matrix Technical Memorandum." Resilient San Mateo. October 2018. <u>https://resilientsanmateo.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Governance-Matrix-TM 102918 FinalV2.pdf</u>

"Special taxes in the context of a financing district are imposed through a Community Facilities District (CFD). A CFD special tax is levied on parcels within the district, similar to a special assessment; however, there is no need to distinguish special from general benefit. CFDs provide the most flexible tool for channeling benefits that accrue to private landowners and their tenants into funding resilient infrastructure (NHA, 2018).

If the CFD has 12 or more registered voters, then two-thirds of voters must authorize the special tax on a one-person, one-vote basis. An advantage of CFDs compared to special assessment districts is that parcels can annex into an existing CFD as long as the annexed parcels follow the same approval requirements.

**Advantage**: The jurisdiction forming the district has as wide discretion to create the special tax formula to maximize both revenue and landowner support, so long as the formula does not mimic an ad valorem approach (percent of assessed value). To fund resilient infrastructure, the CFD can levy special taxes on the basis of exposure to rising sea levels and amount of property protected (e.g. building square footage). Furthermore, the special tax formula can subsidize lower income households or senior citizens. This great flexibility makes CFDs an attractive compared to special assessment districts, in spite of the higher approval hurdle (two-thirds versus simple majority) (NHA, 2018).

**Disadvantage**: CFDs are typically formed by jurisdictions in cooperation with developers seeking to finance infrastructure to support development of undeveloped property. For resilient infrastructure this makes CFDs highly applicable to finance and maintain flood control projects for vacant lands undergoing development (NHA, 2018). This may not be applicable for wide stretches of San Mateo County coastline."<sup>35</sup>

### 2. COUNTY FUNDING

"[Contra Costa County's Capital Improvement budget] includes a recommended budget for Minor Capital Improvements of \$1.5 million, which is available for minor improvements and deferred maintenance when there is no other funding available; \$12.55 million for Facilities Lifecycle Improvements, which reflects the amount allocated to deferred facilities maintenance (\$2.55 million) and capital renewal from the County's Tax Losses Reserve (\$10.0 million); and also includes funding for the Plant Acquisition cost center, an allocation of general purpose revenue in the amount of \$5 million, intended as an on-going resource for construction and repair of County facilities. The monies are intended for capital projects and/or debt service on the borrowing for the new Administration Building and new Emergency Operations Center (EOC)/Public Safety building program.

The County is currently in contract for the development of a comprehensive Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). As work is performed on the CIP and the multi-year capital plan is established, the County will develop a more sophisticated/improved method to implement and monitor the capital budget."<sup>36</sup>

### 3. STATE FUNDING

# A. CALIFORNIA WATER BOARD: STORM WATER GRANT PROGRAM (PROPOSITION 1)

The Storm Water Grant Program can fund development of Storm Water Resource plans and project-specific planning. The grant can also be applied to <u>multi-benefit storm water projects</u> such as "green infrastructure, rainwater and stormwater capture projects and stormwater treatment facilities."

There is not a regular open window for applications, although the next round will begin in Summer 2019. \$90 million total is still available and grants range from \$45,837 to \$10,000,000.

- <u>Program overview</u>
- <u>Program guidelines and eligibility</u>
- Funded projects list

### B. CALIFORNIA STATE WATER REVOLVING FUND

The CWSRF program aims to provide "low-cost financing to protect California's waters from pollution" by providing below-market interest rate on loans for a variety of projects.<sup>37</sup> Eligible projects broadly include construction of public treatment facilities, projects that address water pollution, and estuary conservation and management.

The County could use the CWSRF to fund point and nonpoint source projects such as:

• Measures identified in Total Maximum Daily Loads;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Contra Costa County, Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Recommended Budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> ""Clean Water State Revolving Fund Forms and Instructions." <u>California Environmental Protection</u> <u>Agency</u>.<https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water\_issues/programs/grants\_loans/srf/srf\_forms.shtml>

- Stormwater and dry weather runoff reduction from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems;
- Conservation measures to reduce sediment and non-point discharges;
- Ammonia discharge reduction from publicly-owned treatment works (POTWs);
- Urban and agricultural water use efficiency to reduce demands on the Delta and reduce runoff of pesticides to the Delta;
- Implementation of non-point source projects under the state's Section 319 program;
- Implementation of watershed projects;
- Implementation of measures under the San Francisco Estuary Blueprint; and
- Measures to promote water conservation, efficiency, or reuse that can decrease demands on the Delta.<sup>38</sup>

Applications are accepted on a continuous basis. The yearly average for the <u>CWSRF program</u> as a whole is \$450 million, and individual projects can rage from under \$1 million to over \$100 million. More information on the application process can be found on the <u>State Water Control Board</u>.

San Francisco Bay/Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Estuary (Bay-Delta) Staff from the State Water Board and the Central Valley and San Francisco Bay Regional Water Boards coordinate the Water Boards' activities in the San Francisco Bay and Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta (Bay-Delta). The Bay-Delta Team is charged with developing the Water Boards' short and long-term efforts for addressing impacts to the beneficial uses of water in the Bay-Delta. In December 2018, the State Water Board adopted a Bay-Delta Water Quality Control Plan for the lower San Joaquin River and Southern Delta. The State Water Board is in the process of developing and implementing updates to the Bay-Delta Water Quality Control Plan for the Sacramento River and tributaries, and the Central Valley and San Francisco Bay Regional Water Boards continue with their efforts to protect beneficial uses in the Bay-Delta watershed.

### C. COASTAL CONSERVANCY GENERAL GRANTS

The State of California Coastal Conservancy issues grants on a continuing basis for "property acquisition and project planning, design, and/or construction" that also meet objectives stated in the Conservancy's <u>Strategic Plan</u>. On-the-ground projects are preferred over "regional planning,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> California Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Proposition 1, and Proposition 68 Intended Use Plan 2019-2020

research, monitoring, and assessments."<sup>39</sup> Sea-level rise vulnerability is a key criteria for funding and therefore can be of particular benefit for the County.

There are no minimum or maximum grant amounts and applications are accepted on a continuous basis.

- <u>Application requirements</u>
- <u>Selection criteria and Program Guidelines</u>
- <u>Strategic Plan</u>

### D. COASTAL CONSERVANCY: PROPOSITION 1 GRANTS

The State of California Coastal Conservancy receives funds from Proposition 1 and issues grants three times a year. The grants are for "multi-benefit ecosystem and watershed protection and restoration projects."<sup>40</sup> They also specifically provide local assistance under the Delta levee maintenance subventions program, special flood protection projects, levee improvement projects that increase the resiliency of levees within the Delta to withstand earthquake, flooding, or sea level rise, and emergency response and repair projects. Furthermore, current priority programs are "water sustainability improvements, anadromous fish habitat enhancement, wetland restoration and urban greening."<sup>41</sup>

Applications open three times a year. There is no maximum or minimum funding requirement, and previously awarded grants range from \$33,645 to \$2,000,00.

The County has previously used Proposition 1 grants to fund the <u>Horse Valley Creek and Wetland</u> <u>Restoration</u>. The County could take advantage of the water sustainability and wetland restoration priority areas to fund projects along the shoreline.

- <u>Program and application overview</u>
- Overall guidance on selection criteria
- <u>Master list of Proposition 1 awardees</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> "Grant Application." <u>Coastal Conservancy</u>. <u>http://scc.ca.gov/grants/grant-application/</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> http://scc.ca.gov/grants/proposition-1-grants/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> http://scc.ca.gov/grants/proposition-1-grants/

### E. CALIFORNIA COASTAL CONSERVANCY: PROPOSITION 68

<u>Proposition 68</u> provides funding for "creating parks, enhancing river parkways, and protecting coastal forests and wetlands, as well as "funding for outdoor access, lower cost coastal accommodations and climate adaptation."

Funding is divided into regional and general categories. The categories most relevant to the County include:

- San Francisco Bay Restoration Authority projects (\$20 million)
- Lower Cost Coastal Accommodations (\$30 million)
- All Coastal Conservancy Purposes (\$85 million)
- Coastal Forest Watersheds (\$20 million)
- Acquisition of parcels to protect and restore habitat associated with estuarine lagoons and designated wildlife areas (\$5 million)
- San Francisco Bay Area Conservancy Climate Adaptation (\$14 million)

Furthermore, 15-20% of the funding in each category must go towards severely disadvantaged communities, defined as communities where the median household income is less than 60% of the state average. Oakley, Antioch, Pittsburg, Martinez, Richmond, and San Pablo have shoreline communities that are <u>categorized as severely disadvantaged</u>.

*Pre-proposals are accepted on an ongoing basis. There is no specified minimum or maximum grant amount.* 

- Program Guidelines and criteria for selection
- Map and search tool of severely disadvantaged communities

### F. COASTAL CONSERVANCY: EXPLORE THE COAST GRANT

The State of California Coastal Conservancy issues Explore the Coast Grants for a "wide range of programs that bring people to the coast." While many of its programs are aimed at helping underserved communities visit and learn about California's coast, the program also funds programs around stewardship of coastal resources, public education programs, or coastal-related programs that focus on low-income communities and schools.

The maximum grant award is \$50,000 and applications are open once a year, with applications usually due around April.

The County might be able to use this grant to fund education campaigns around the impact of rising tides, especially within low-income communities. It could also be used as a way to bring citizens from central Costa County to parks on the shoreline as part of an education initiative around the impact of coastal lands.

- <u>Application Process Overview</u>
- <u>Previously funded projects</u>

### G. CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION: WHALE TAIL GRANTS

The California Coastal Commission issues <u>Whale Tail grants</u> annually to "teach California's children and the general public to value and take action to improve the health of the state's marine and coastal resources."

In particular, grants can be directed towards:

- shoreline cleanup and enhancement programs (such as Adopt-A-Beach);
- youth education programs;
- programs for educating the general public

Grants are also directed towards two specific subcategories of programs:

- projects addressing climate change as it relates to the ocean or coastline; and
- grants for organizations with annual operating budgets of \$500,000 or less, that are working with underserved communities

The Whale Tale grant is focused on <u>coastal projects</u>, and specifies that "...if a project will take place in an inland area or on a bay, the proposal should address how the project includes coastal and marine educational content, including a description of how the connections between bays or inland areas and the coast and ocean will be emphasized."

Whale Tail Grants are issued once a year with maximum awards of \$50,000, although 25-50% will be grants under \$12,000. Applications typically open around Labor Day.

The County might be able to use the grant to fund education campaigns around the impact of rising tides, especially if the proposal speaks specifically to the sub-category of addressing climate change.

- <u>Program Eligibility Requirements</u>
- Overview of previous winners

### 4. FEDERAL FUNDING

The below descriptions are drawn from the federal agency websites. <sup>42</sup> Grants.gov also has a list of the most updated grant and loan opportunities available from the federal government.

#### A. FEMA: THE HAZARD MITIGATION GRANT PROGRAM

"FMA is authorized by the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (NFIA), with the goal of reducing or eliminating claims under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). FMA funding is available through the National Flood Insurance Fund (NFIF) for flood hazard mitigation projects as well as plan development and is appropriated by Congress.

States, territories, and federally-recognized tribes are eligible to apply for FMA funds. Local governments are considered sub-applicants and must apply to their Applicant State, territory, or federally-recognized tribe."<sup>43</sup>

## B. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (USDA) ACQUISITION OF FLOODPLAIN EASEMENTS AND GRANTS FOR FLOOD RISK REDUCTION PROJECTS

"The Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) provides financial and technical assistance to agricultural producers to address natural resource concerns and deliver environmental benefits such as improved water and air quality, conserved ground and surface water, reduced soil erosion and sedimentation, and improved or created wildlife habitat.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Flood Resilience and Risk Reduction: Federal Assistance and Programs, Congressional Research Service, July 25, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance Hazard Mitigation Grant Program, Pre-Disaster Mitigation

Program, and Flood Mitigation Assistance Program. February 27, 2015

This voluntary conservation programs helps producers make conservation work for them. Together, NRCS and producers invest in solutions that conserve natural resources for the future while also improving agricultural operations.

Through EQIP, NRCS provides agricultural producers with financial resources and one-on-one help to plan and implement improvements, or what NRCS calls conservation practices. Using these practices can lead to cleaner water and air, healthier soil and better wildlife habitat, all while improving agricultural operations. Through EQIP, you can voluntarily implement conservation practices, and NRCS co-invests in these practices with you."<sup>44</sup>

C. THE NATIONAL COASTAL WETLANDS CONSERVATION GRANT PROGRAM (United States Fish and Wildlife Financial Assistance)

"Annually provides grants of up to \$1 million to coastal and Great Lakes states, as well as U.S. territories to protect, restore and enhance coastal wetland ecosystems and associated uplands. The grants are funded through the Sport Fish Restoration and Boating Trust Fund, which is supported by excise taxes on fishing equipment and motorboat fuel".<sup>45</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> "United States Department of Agriculture, Environmental Quality Incentives Program." Natural Resources Conservation Service. <u>https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/national/programs/financial/eqip/</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> "The National Coastal Wetlands Conservation Grant Program." US Fish and Wildlife Assistance. <u>https://www.fws.gov/coastal/coastalgrants/</u>.

## APPENDIX B: ASSET MAP BY CITY

Cities noted with an asterisk (\*) were included in the ART Study West. Remaining cities will be assessed in the ART Study East, so assets listed for these cities are similar to what was included in the completed ART Study West. The below chart can help the working group planning committee assess the incentives and constraints faced by each of the participating cities, and to develop a messaging and engagement strategy.

City	Geography & Pop	Assets & Notes	Financial	Potential Support
	<b>Pop:</b> 102,372	Antioch Unified School District	Capital Projects <u>Funds</u>	Government
	<b>Area</b> (sq mi)	Transportation - Antioch Bridge,	<u>17-18</u>	- Mayor Sean Wright
	City: 30.12	Amtrak station, and BART	\$4,263,325	- CA Sen. Steve Glazer
	Land: 29.35	National Register of Historical Places:		- Asm. Jim Frazier
Antioch	Water: 2.52%	Black Diamond Mines, Butler Hard	Total Revenue	- US Congress Jerry McNerney and
		House, Riverview Union High School	\$124,738,686	Mark DeSaulnier
		Building and Shannon-Williamson		
		Ranch		
		Hospitals - 10		
	<b>Pop:</b> 51,481	Liberty Union High and Brentwood	Capital Funds ( <u>2018</u>	<u>Government</u>
	<b>Area</b> (sq mi)	Union School Districts and	Fund Balance Reserve)	- Mayor Robert Taylor
	Total: 14.86	Brentwood Los Medanos College	\$30,548,568	- CA Sen. Steve Glazer
	Land: 14.85	Campus		- Asm. Jim Frazier
Brentwood	Water: 0.13%	Delta Patrol Station (DPS)	Total Fund	- U. S. Congress Jerry McNerney
		Agriculture remains central to	\$449,766,729	
		economy, and wineries are growing		
		in popularity; no heavy industry		
		Los Vaqueros Reservoir		
	<b>Pop:</b> 10,897	Does not directly touch the Delta.	Capital Improvement	<u>Government</u>
	<b>Area</b> (sq mi)		\$2,746,513	- Mayor Jim Diaz
Clayton	Total: 3.84			- CA Sen. Steve Glazer
	Land: 3.84		Total <u>Budget</u>	- Asm. Tim Grayson
	Water: 0.00		\$13,447,028	- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier
	<b>Pop:</b> 122,068	Does not directly touch the Delta.	Capital Grants	Government
	<b>Area</b> (sq mi)		\$14.1 million	- Type City Council/City Manager
	Total: 30.54	Pop. exposed to flooding - 44 <sup>46</sup>		- Mayor Carlyn Obringer
Concord	Land: 30.54	Mt. Diablo USD	Total <u>Revenues</u> \$130.9	- CA Sen. Steve Glazer
	Water: 0.00	Buchanan Field Airport, Concord	million	- Asm. Tim Grayson
		Army Air Base		- U.S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier
Town of	<b>Pop:</b> 42,039	Does not directly touch the Delta.	Capital Appropriations	Government
Danville	Area (sq mi)		18-19	- Mayor Robert Storer

	Total: 18.08 Land: 18.08 Water: 0.00 <b>Pop:</b> 23,549 <b>Area</b> (sq mi) Total: 3.66 Land: 3.66 Water: 0.00	San Ramon Valley Unified Does not directly touch the Delta.	\$10,388,808. <u>18-19</u> , Total Revenues \$i37,847,199 Capital Projects Funds \$1,327,149	<ul> <li>CA Sen. Steve Glazer</li> <li>Asm. Rebecca Bauer-Kahan</li> <li>U.S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier and Eric Swalwell</li> <li><u>Government</u></li> <li>Mayor Pardue-Okimoto</li> </ul>	
	Water: 0.00 <b>Pop:</b> 23,549 <b>Area</b> (sq mi) Total: 3.66 Land: 3.66	Does not directly touch the Delta.	\$i37,847,199 Capital Projects Funds	- U.S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier and Eric Swalwell <u>Government</u>	
	<b>Pop:</b> 23,549 <b>Area</b> (sq mi) Total: 3.66 Land: 3.66	Does not directly touch the Delta.	\$i37,847,199 Capital Projects Funds	Eric Swalwell Government	
	<b>Area</b> (sq mi) Total: 3.66 Land: 3.66	Does not directly touch the Delta.	Capital Projects Funds	Government	
	<b>Area</b> (sq mi) Total: 3.66 Land: 3.66	Does not directly touch the Delta.			
	Total: 3.66 Land: 3.66		\$1,327,149	- Mayor Pardue-Okimoto	
El Cerrito	Land: 3.66			5	
El Cerrito				- CA Sen. Nancy Skinner	
	Water: 0.00	1	Total <u>Funds</u>	- Asm. Buffy Wicks	
			\$44,489,747	- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier	
				- County Board District 1: John Gioia	
	<b>Pop</b> : 24,060	Neighborhood-Scale Area - Northern	City Capital Projects	Government	
	Area (sq mi)	part of Chelsea Bay Neighborhood <sup>47</sup>	N/A	- Mayor Chris Kelley	
Hercules*	Total: 19.98			- CA Sen. Nancy Skinner	
	Land: 6.41		<u>17-18</u> Balance	- Asm. Buffy Wicks	
	Water: 65.87%		\$36,562,317	- U. S. Congress Mike Thompson	
	<b>Pop:</b> 23,893	Lafayette Unified School District	Capital Improvement	Government	
	Area (sq mi)		<u>Projects</u>	- Mayor Cameron Burks	
	Total: 15.21		\$3,005,500	- CA Sen. Steve Glazer	
Lafayette	Land: 15.05			- Asm. Rebecca Bauer-Kahan	
	Water: 0.17,		Total	- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier	
	1.08%		\$31,143,197		
	<b>Pop:</b> 33,152	Does not directly touch the Delta.	Capital Projects Fund	Government	
	Area (sq mi)		\$118,713	- Mayor Ken Carlson	
Pleasant Hill	Total: 7.08	Acalanes Union High School District	<u>Total</u>	- Asm. Tim Grayson	
	Land: 7.08	and Diablo Valley College	\$26,223	- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier	
	Water: 0.00				
	<b>Pop:</b> 35,824	Commercial- 164 parcels <sup>48</sup>	Capital Grants	Government	
	Area (sq mi)	Industrial - 68 <sup>49</sup>	\$6,205,765	- Mayor Rob Schroder	
	Total: 13.63	IT Vine Hill Complex/Acme Landfills <sup>50</sup>		- CA Sen. Bill Dodd	
	Land: 12.63	Tesoro and Shell refineries <sup>51</sup>	Total	- Asm. Tim Grayson	
	Water: 7.64%	Power Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>52</sup>	\$37,646,556	- U.S. Congress Mike Thompson and	
Martinez*		Neighborhood-Scale Area - 3 53		Mark DeSaulnier	
		Marina - 1 <sup>54</sup>			
		Pop. exposed to flooding - 3,028 <sup>55</sup>			
		-/ozo			

<sup>47</sup> ART, pg. 66
 <sup>48</sup> ART, pg. 28
 <sup>49</sup> ART, pg. 36
 <sup>50</sup> ART, pg. 44 and 45
 <sup>51</sup> ART, pg. 52
 <sup>52</sup> ART, pg. 58
 <sup>53</sup> ART, pg. 66
 <sup>54</sup> ART, pg. 86
 <sup>55</sup> ART, pg. 93

03,701 Cor sq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	gional Medical Center and artinez Convalescent Hospital <sup>56</sup> e Stations - 3 <sup>57</sup> artinez USD mmercial - 58 parcels <sup>58</sup> dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup> ighborhood-Scale Area - 3 <sup>63</sup>	<i>Capital Improvement</i> \$25.1M <i>Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u> \$372.3 million</i>	<u>Government</u> - Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks - U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier
03,701         Cor           03,701         Cor           sq mi)         Ind           2.51         WC           80.05         Che           42.71%         Pov	e Stations - 3 <sup>57</sup> artinez USD mmercial - 58 parcels <sup>58</sup> dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
03,701 Cor sq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	artinez USD mmercial - 58 parcels <sup>58</sup> dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
03,701 Cor sq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	mmercial - 58 parcels <sup>58</sup> dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
iq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
iq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
iq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
iq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
iq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
iq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
iq mi) Ind 2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	dustrial - 187 <sup>59</sup> CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	\$25.1M Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Mayor Tom Butt - Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
2.51 WC 30.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	CC Sanitary Landfill <sup>60</sup> evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	Total <u>2019 Expenditure</u> <u>Budget</u>	- Supervisor District 1: John Gioia - CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
0.05 Che 42.71% Pov Nei	evron Richmond Refinery <sup>61</sup> wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	<u>Budget</u>	- CA Sen. Nancy Skinner - Asm. Buffy Wicks
42.71% Pov Nei	wer Distribution Substation - 5 <sup>62</sup>	<u>Budget</u>	- Asm. Buffy Wicks
Nei			2
	ighborhood-Scale Area - 3 <sup>63</sup>	\$372.3 million	- LLS Congress Mark DeSaulnier
Ma	arina - 5 <sup>64</sup>	\$372.3 million	0. 5. Congress Mark Desadmich
Рор	p. exposed to flooding - 2,598 <sup>65</sup>		
We	est Contra Costa USD		
6,016 Sair	int Mary's College of California	Capital Improvement	Government
sq mi) Mo	oraga School District	Program Budget	- Mayor Dave Trotter
9.47		\$6.37 million	-CA Sen. Steve Glazer
9.46			- Asm. Rebecca Bauer-Kahan
0.09%		Total <u>Budget</u>	- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier
		\$15.82 million	
9,139 Doe	es not directly touch the Delta.	Total Capital Funds	<u>Government</u>
sq mi)		\$1,300,280	- Mayor Cecilia Valdez
2.63 Ind	dustrial - 4 <sup>66</sup>		- County Board District 1:
2.63 Pov	wer Distribution Substation - $1^{67}$	Total <u>General Fund</u>	John Gioia
0.00 0%		\$92,197,665	- CA Sen. Nancy Skinner
			- Asm. Buffy Wicks
			- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier
	0,139 Do q mi) .63 Inc .63 Po	0,139Does not directly touch the Delta.q mi).63.63Industrial - 466.63Power Distribution Substation - 167	\$15.82 million9,139Does not directly touch the Delta.Total Capital Fundsq mi)\$1,300,280.63Industrial - 4 <sup>66</sup> Total General Fund63Power Distribution Substation - 1 <sup>67</sup> Total General Fund

<sup>56</sup> ART, pg. 108
 <sup>57</sup> ART, pg. 110
 <sup>58</sup> ART, pg. 28
 <sup>59</sup> ART, pg. 35
 <sup>60</sup> ART, pg. 44
 <sup>61</sup> ART, pg. 52
 <sup>62</sup> ART, pg. 58
 <sup>63</sup> ART, pg. 64
 <sup>64</sup> ART, pg. 93
 <sup>66</sup> ART, pg. 35
 <sup>67</sup> ART, pg. 58

City	Geography & Pop	Assets & Notes	Financial	Potential Support	
	<b>Pop:</b> 35,432	Oakley Union Elementary School	General Capital <u>Fund</u>	Government	
Oakley	Area (sq mi)	District	\$900,000	- Mayor Claire Alaura	
	Total: 16.17			- CA Sen. Steve Glazer	
	Land: 15.88		Total	- Asm. Jim Frazier	
	Water: 1.87%		\$9,750,000	- U. S. Congress Jerry McNerney	
	<b>Pop:</b> 72,148	San Ramon Valley USD	Capital Projects	Government	
	Area (sq mi)		\$11,523,405	- Mayor Bill Clarkson	
C D	Total: 18.64			- CA Sen. Steve Glazer	
San Ramon	Land: 18.63		<u>Total</u>	- Asm. Rebecca Bauer-Kahan	
	Water: 0.09%		\$103,092,786	- U.S Congress Mark DeSaulnier and	
				Eric Swalwell	
	<b>Pop:</b> 63,264	Industrial (in Bay Point) - 5 <sup>68</sup>	Capital Projects Budget	Government	
	Area (sq mi)	Marina (in Bay Point) - 1 <sup>69</sup>	\$12 million	- Mayor Juan Banales	
Pittsburg	Total: 19.15	Pop. exposed to flooding - 304 <sup>70</sup>	<u>General Fund</u> Total	- CA Sen. Steve Glazer	
	Land: 17.19	Pittsburg USD, Los Medanos College	(excluding capital	- Asm. Jim Frazier and	
	Water: 10.11%		funds)	Tim Grayson	
			\$13,182,997	- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier	
	<b>Pop:</b> 17,643	Orinda USD	Capital Improvement	Government	
	Area (sq mi)		Funds	- Mayor Inga Miller	
Orinda	Total: 12.87		\$2,000,000	- CA Sen. Steve Glazer	
Orinda	Land: 12.85		<u>General Fund</u> Ending	- Asm. Rebecca Bauer-Kahan	
	Water: 0.12%		Balance	- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier	
			\$5,925,627		
	<b>Pop:</b> 64,173	Walnut Creek USD	Capital Budget \$19.5	Government	
	Area (sq mi)		million	- Mayor Cindy Silva	
Walnut Creek	Total: 19.77			- CA Sen. Steve Glazer	
wainut Creek	Land: 19.76		Total <u>Revenue</u>	- Asm. Tim Grayson and Rebecca	
	Water: 0.06%		\$183.2 million	Bauer-Kahan	
				- U. S. Congress Mark DeSaulnier	
	<b>Pop:</b> 18,390	Pop. exposed to flooding - 118 <sup>71</sup>	Capital Outlay	Government	
Pinole*	Area (sq mi)		\$56,900	- Mayor Timothy Banuelos	
FINOIE"	Total: 11.76		<u>General Fund</u> Revenue	- CA Sen. Nancy Skinner	
	Land: 5.15		\$12,222,628	- Asm. Buffy Wicks	
	Water: 60.79%			- U. S. Congress Mike Thompson	

<sup>68</sup> ART, pg. 36

<sup>69</sup> ART, pg. 86

<sup>70</sup> ART, pg. 93

<sup>71</sup> ART, pg. 93

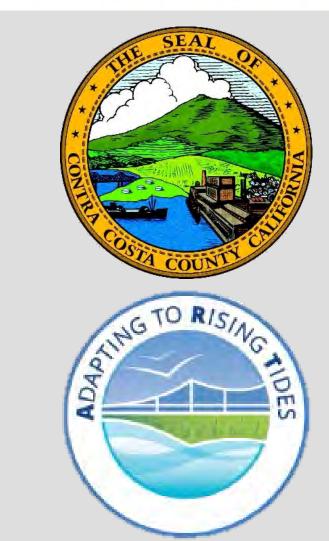


# CLIMATE RESILIENCE IN CONTRA COSTA COUNTY

Ellie Householder, Althea Lyness-Fernandez, Mimi Kaplan

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 87 of 110





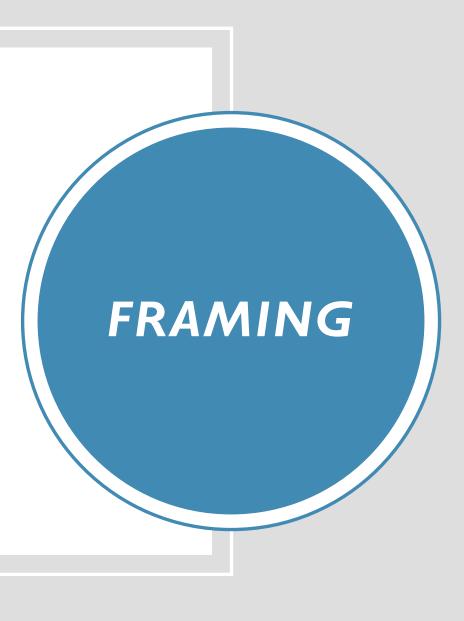
## **TODAY'S AGENDA**

- Introduction
- Overview of ART
- GSPP Project
- Next Steps & Questions
- Discussion



- i. What areas are likely to flood?
- ii. What is at risk?
- iii. What are the consequences of flooding?
- iv. What is an effective response?

## HOW DO WE DO THIS?

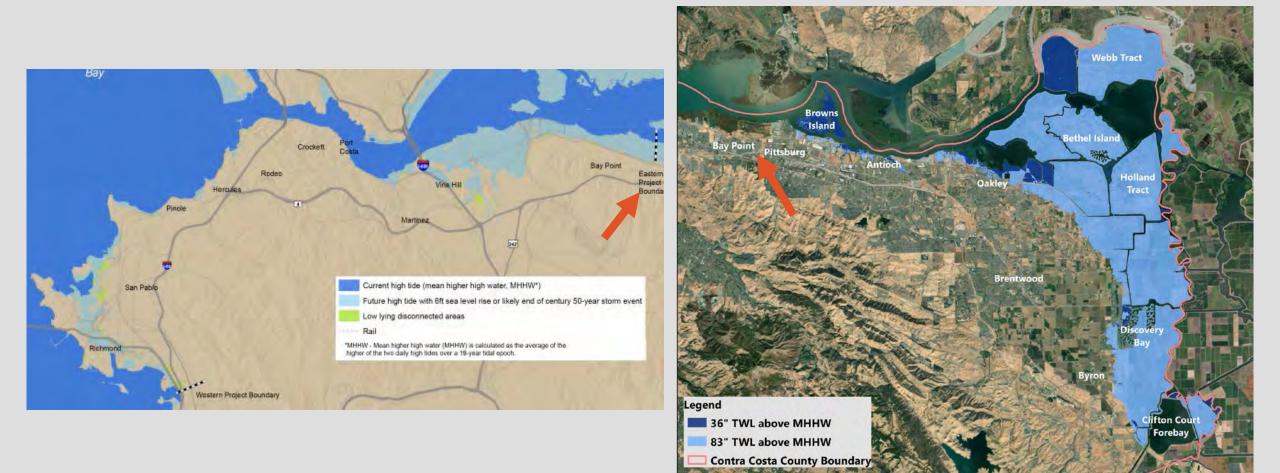




# AN OVERVIEW OF THE ART STUDY

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 90 of 110

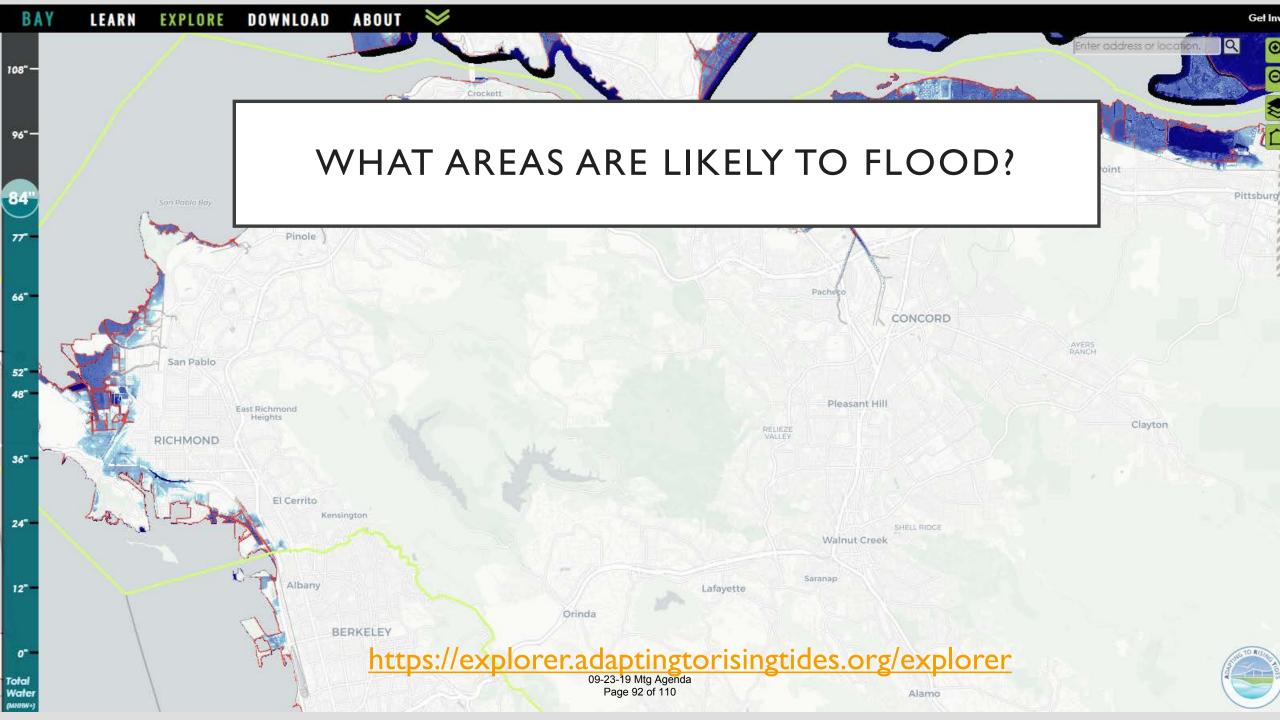
## **ART** CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: CONNECTING WEST & EAST COUNTY



## West County

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 91 of 110

## East County



Bay	Wastewater		SECTORS	TYPES OF ASSETS	I AT-RESK ASSETS <sup>1</sup>
	Pump Station			Commercial	277
	& Outfal	2000	BUSINESS & INDUSTRY	Industrial land use	462
		(Ciddo)		Hazardous Material Sites	1,287
Costa Wetlands	Riverview	Δ		Landfills	188-acres
	Apartments	<u>(a)</u>	CONTAMINATED LANDS	Brownfields	62
easide Vulas	AND STA	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		Refineries	41
	en ce	63	EMERGY	Pipelines	55
				Power Generation	1
		100		Power Distribution Stations	11
		8		Freight and Passenger Rail	14 miles
	WHATS	AT	RISK	Road ways	27,5 miles
				Single	507
	1	合計	HOUSING	(Viultifi <b>amii)y</b>	607
Portional Medical	B			Mobile homes	2
Regional Medical		1.01+++	PARKS & RECREATION	Regional Parks	7
enter Center				City Parks	1
Nature Nature	Business Park			Mannas	<b>6</b> 1
Center		G	PUBLIC SERVICES	K-12 Schools	46
				Public Healthcare Facilities	13
gh School 😝 🖉 Regional Park		1		Emergency Facilities	28
(Closed Landfill)		曲	SEAPORT TERMINALS	Port of Richmond	Limiting access from seapor
	100100	嵐	SCAPURI I CROWINALS	Marine Oil Terminals	Tidal, wind & wave erosion
Commercial		12411		Water Supply	477,212 residents
District	Bridge Substations	tg Age	WATER MANAGEMENT	Waste Water Services	6
V /// Victoria	Page 93			Storm Water Systems	B6% of system

## WHAT ARE THE CONSEQUENCES OF FLOODING?





Infrastructure and Services



鸓

Environment and Recreation

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 94 of 110



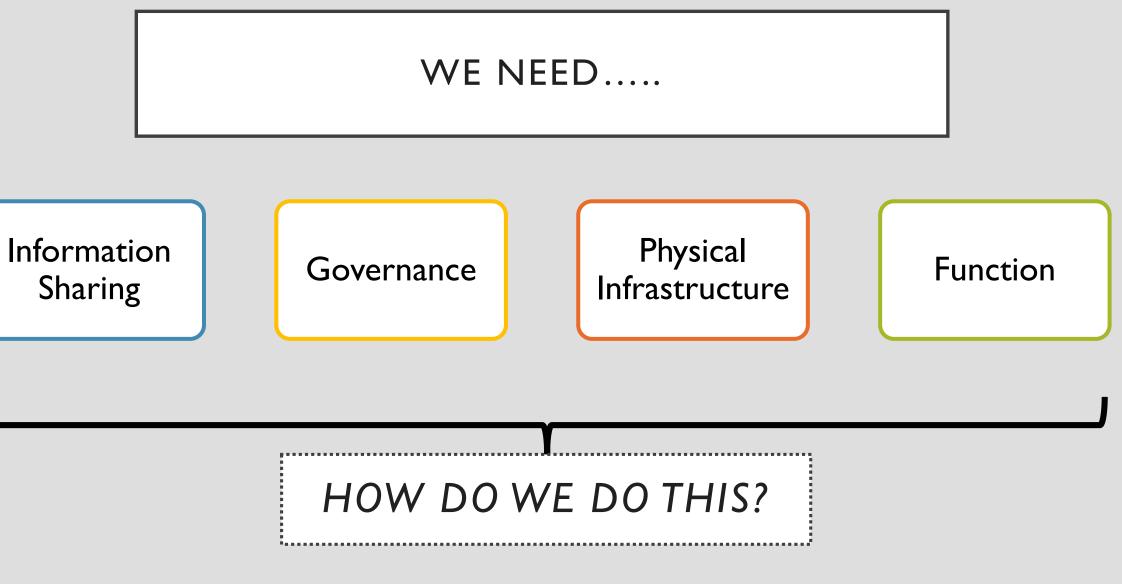




# HOW DO WE DO THIS?

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 96 of 110





09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 98 of 110

# **INTERVIEWS & CASE STUDIES**

## **Stakeholder Interviews**



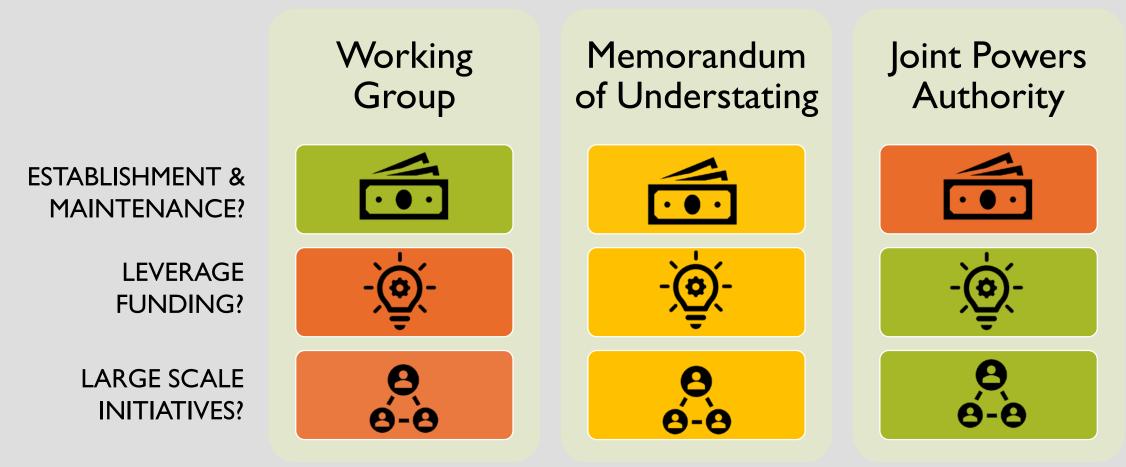
County Supervisors Office of Sustainability Bay Conservation & Development Commission

## **Case Studies**



Regional Climate-focused Governance structures

## **3 GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES**



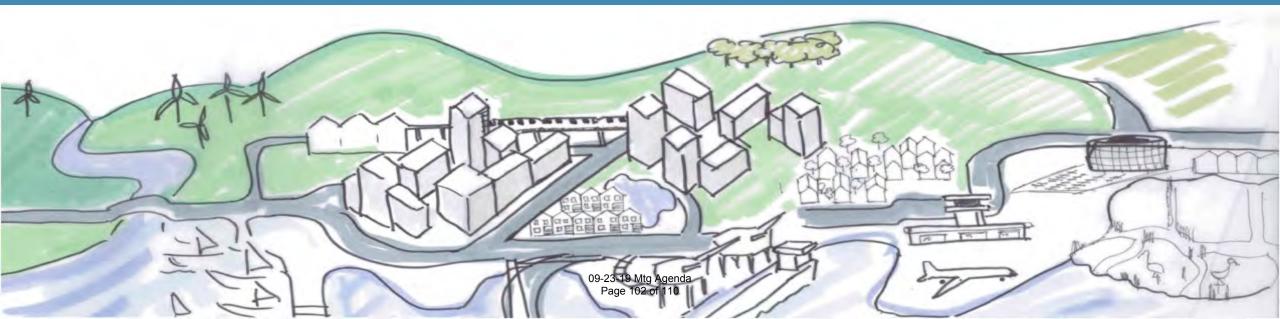
09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 100 of 110



# OUR RECOMMENDATION: WORKING GROUP

09-23-19 Mtg Agenda Page 101 of 110





## DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- Which of the "large projects and initiatives" seems the most feasible? Who needs to be at the table to make it happen? Are there other projects or initiatives we should focus on?
- What additional information or support do you need to start working on projects related to rising tides?
- How can your team incorporate the ART findings into existing job, responsibilities, and activities?
- What project does your team have that would benefit from a Goldman School team?



To learn how your team can work with a UC Berkeley, Goldman School of Public Policy, contact Althea Lyness-Fernandez (althealyness@berkeley.edu)

For more information on initiatives related to sustainability and climate adaption, contact: Jody London (jody.London@dcd.Cccounty.Us)



## Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

### Subcommittee Report

### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019
<u>Subject:</u>	RECEIVE Report from Sustainability Commission Chair.
Submitted For:	Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator
<b>Department:</b>	Conservation & Development
<b>Referral No.:</b>	N/A
<b>Referral Name:</b>	N/A
Presenter:	Nick Despota, Vice Chair <u>Contact:</u> Jody London (925) 674-7871

### **Referral History:**

This is a standing item of the Commission.

#### **Referral Update:**

The Sustainability Commission Chair provides an update at each meeting of the Sustainability Committee on the work of the Commission.

At its August meeting the Sustainability Commission adopted the attached environmental justice assessment tool and recommends its use in updating the County's General Plan.

### **Recommendation(s)/Next Step(s):**

RECEIVE report from Sustainability Commission Chair.

### Fiscal Impact (if any):

None.

### **Attachments**

Environmental Justice Assessment Tool

Proposed assessment tool for inclusion in Contra Costa County General Plan. It purpose is to bridge the gap between the County's Environmental Policy (2007) and day-to-day operations within each department.\*

#### ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ASSESSMENT TOOL Do our county's projects and policies meet environmental justice goals?

The following set of questions is proposed for internal use by all departments of Contra Costa County government. The questions are intended to help staff determine the degree to which its outreach, programs and policies align with the County's environmental justice goals.

- 1. Are public materials and workshops presented in the languages of residents who may be affected by a project or policy?
- 2. Are meetings and workshops scheduled at times and locations that enable participation by working people and those without cars? Are notices of these events distributed through diverse media, not just online media?
- 3. Do all neighborhoods have opportunities to engage in decision-making conversations?
- 4. Has data collection reflected the economic, gender and racial diversity of the affected population?
- 5. Are the costs and benefits of a project or policy shared equitably by all who may be affected, or are there disproportionate impacts?
- 6. Are economic opportunities concentrated within one segment of a population or area, or are they available to all who may wish to take advantage of them?
- 7. What will be the indirect or unintended impacts on the quality of life of residents within different communities?

Proposal by Nick Despota, Doria Robinson and Wes Sullens Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission June 9, 2019

\* Cities and counties are required to adopt an Environmental Justice element, or integrate EJ-related policies, objectives, and goals throughout other elements of their General Plan. An Environmental Justice Element is required by the Government Code Section 65302(h) (1), which specifies requirements for a city or county's General Plan. An environmental justice element is also required by under SB 1000.



## Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

## Subcommittee Report

### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019				
<u>Subject:</u>	RECEIVE REPORT from Sustainability Coordinator.				
<b>Submitted For:</b>	Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator				
<b>Department:</b>	Conservation & Development				
<b>Referral No.:</b>	N/A				
<b>Referral Name:</b>	N/A				
Presenter:	Jody London, DCDContact:Jody London (925)674-7871				

### **Referral History:**

The Ad Hoc Committee on Sustainability has requested an update at each meeting on sustainability work by County staff.

### **Referral Update:**

This report provides an update to the Sustainability Committee on the work of the County's Sustainability staff since the Committee last met in August 2019. Key activities during this period are listed below.

- Began developing recommended goals and strategies for the Climate Action Plan (CAP) update and organized community outreach meetings specific to the CAP. Met with community groups to discuss the same. Community meetings are scheduled for September 19 in Central County (Walnut Creek), September 26 in West County (Crockett), October 1 in North Richmond, and October 15 in East County (Antioch). Staff is working in partnership with community groups, the Sustainability Commission, and the City of Antioch to plan and host these meetings.
- Researched how other jurisdictions are approaching updates to their Climate Action Plans. Staff is working in collaboration with other Bay Area counties in considering whether a coordinated approach on some CAP issues may be useful.
- Presented on Contra Costa Centre as an example of transit-oriented development at the California Climate Action Planning Conference. Presented on County sustainability initiatives at the Watershed Forum. On September 27, the Sustainability Coordinator will be speaking at the California Health Officers Association on how Contra Costa County has pursued funding for sustainability and climate initiatives.
- Continued working with the Contra Costa Transportation Authority on the Electric Vehicle Readiness Blueprint, which was completed July 1, 2019. The CCTA Board accepted the report in July. CCTA and the County will host a conversation on options for implementing the Blueprint at the staff level at the September 26 Sustainability Exchange meeting. CCTA will present on the Blueprint at the October 3 meeting of the Mayors Conference.
- Continued working on the Cleaner Contra Costa Challenge.

- This summer, the Public Works Department constructed three Active Transportation projects that include improving bicycle and pedestrian facilities in Contra Costa. The projects include:
  - Camino Tassajara Bike Lane Gap Closure Project (Finley to Windemere Pkwy)
  - Tara Hills Pedestrian Infrastructure Project
  - San Pablo Dam Road Sidewalk Gap Closure Project
- Assisted the Board of Supervisors in creating an additional environmental justice seat on the Sustainability Commission and in advertising that new position plus two vacancies, in the District 3 and 5 alternate seats.
- Developed a draft solar overlay-zoning ordinance, as directed by the Board of Supervisors in December 2018, when it received the Renewable Resource Potential Study. Presented to the Board of the Discovery Bay Community Services District in August, and will be presenting to other interested municipal advisory councils in coming months.
- Hosted two briefings for County staff by students from the UC Berkeley Goldman School of Public Policy on suggestions for governance and implementation of the Adapting to Rising Tides studies.
- Participated in two working groups of the Urban Sustainability Directors Network (USDN). The first is focused on strategies for increasing local government engagement on sustainability issues with State regulatory and legislative bodies; the Local Government Sustainable Energy Coalition (of which the County is a member) is one of the few organizations doing this type of work in the nation. Staff is helping co-chair a second USDN group focused on counties.
- Continued working with the County Library to deploy the energy efficiency toolkits. The toolkits are expected to be available to library patrons soon.
- County staff learned that PG&E will not be funding the East Bay Energy Watch (EBEW) after this fiscal year. Major impacts to the County include: (1) Elimination of subsidy provided to our region for future CivicSpark Fellows; (2) no funding to update greenhouse gas inventory work for all jurisdictions in EBEW territory (Alameda and Contra Costa Counties); and (3) Lack of oversight or knowledge of PG&E third-party programs implementing energy efficiency programs in Contra Costa County.
- Collaborated with County staff working on topics including land use and transportation, hazardous materials, green business program, economic development health, Planning Integration Team for Community Health (PITCH), codes, solid waste, energy, and related.
- Participated in regional activities.

### **Recommendation(s)/Next Step(s):**

RECEIVE REPORT from County Sustainability Coordinator.

### Fiscal Impact (if any):

None.

#### **Attachments**

No file(s) attached.



## Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors

## Subcommittee Report

### SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

<b>Meeting Date:</b>	09/23/2019				
<u>Subject:</u>	DISCUSS and RECOMMEND to the Board of Supervisors a candidate for At-Large, Environmental Justice, Seat #2 on Contra Costa County Sustainability Cmsn				
<b>Submitted For:</b>	Jody London, Sustainability Coordinator				
<b>Department:</b>	Conservation & Development				
<b>Referral No.:</b>	N/A				
<b>Referral Name:</b>	N/A				
Presenter:	Jody London, DCDContact:Jody London (925)674-7871				

### **Referral History:**

On November 15, 2016, the Board of Supervisors approved the creation of a Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission. The mission of the Sustainability Commission is to:

- Provide advice to staff and the Board on successful implementation of the Climate Action Plan, including suggestions on how that work can be performed more efficiently and effectively.
- Advise the Board on opportunities to realize equity and fairness across the diverse communities of Contra Costa County in sustainability programs that support the Climate Action Plan.
- Provide suggestions to staff and the Board on how to better engage Contra Costa County residents and businesses on sustainability issues and implementation of the Climate Action Plan.

The Sustainability Commission has been operating since June 2017 with eleven members and five alternates. In August 2019, the Board of Supervisors created an additional at-large seat representing Environmental Justice, bringing the total number of members to twelve. The breakdown is as follows:

- Five District representatives nominated by individual members of the Board of Supervisors (representatives must be a resident of that district);
- Two members representing community groups whose mission includes sustainability and/or environmental issues ("At-Large, Community");
- Two members representing commercial groups or organizations whose business focuses on sustainability and/or environmental issues ("At-Large, Business");
- Two members representing environmental justice issues and who lives in disadvantaged communities ("At-Large, Environmental Justice"). The Environmental Justice seats should represent the geographic diversity of the County; and
- Five alternate District representatives nominated by individual members of the Board of Supervisors (alternates must be a resident of that district).

The terms of each seat were staggered so that about half expire every two years. This allows for continuity on the Commission.

The Board directed the Sustainability Committee to review and interview applicants to the At-Large seats and recommend candidates for those seats as they become vacant.

#### **Referral Update:**

On August 6, 2019, the Board of Supervisors created an additional At-Large, Environmental Justice Seat on the Sustainability Commission. The Department of Conservation and Development advertised this vacancy, as well as vacancies in the District 3 and District 5 alternate seats, and accepted applications through September 16, 2019. The solicitation notice is included as Attachment A.. Three people timely submitted applications to serve in the vacant At-Large seat described above. Attachment B shows the current members of the Sustainability Commission. Attachment C is a summary of the applications received for the At-Large, Environmental Justice seat. Attachment D is the eligible applications received by the Clerk of the Board, with personal contact information redacted.

### **Recommendation(s)/Next Step(s):**

DISCUSS and RECOMMEND to the Board of Supervisors a candidate for the At-Large, Environmental Justice, Seat #2 on the Contra Costa County Sustainability Commission.

### Fiscal Impact (if any):

None.

No file(s) attached.

**Attachments**