Andrea L. Dooley, Arbitrator 5111 Telegraph Avenue #273 Oakland, CA 94609 (510) 719-3089 3 andrealdooley@gmail.com IN THE FACTFINDING PROCEEDINGS 5 PURSUANT TO MEYER-MILIAS BROWN ACT 6 AMERICAN FEDERATION OF STATE, 7 Case No.: PERB Case No. SF-IM-201-M COUNTY & MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES, 8 LOCAL 2700, 9 FACTFINDING REPORT AND Union, RECOMMENDATION FOR SETTLEMENT 10 AFTER HEARING VS. 11 COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA, 12 Employer. 13 14 15 Chairperson: Andrea L. Dooley, Arbitrator 16 Employer Panel Member: Jeff Bailey, Labor Relations Manager 17 County of Contra Costa 18 Union Panel Member: Charles Allen, Business Agent **AFSCME Council 57** 19 20 Hearing Date: May 11, 2018 21 Appearances: For the Employer: Cynthia A. Schwerin, Esq., 22 Deputy County Counsel, County of Contra Costa 23 For the Union: 24 Andrew H. Baker, Esq. Beeson, Tayer & Bodine 25 26

The County of Contra Costa (hereinafter "County" or "Employer") and the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, Local 2700, (hereinafter "AFSCME" or "Union") are parties to a collective bargaining agreement. The Employer sought to implement changes to the Department of Children and Family Services (CFS) Children's Services Support Specialist (CSSS) position in August 2017. The parties met twice on November 16, 2017 and February 6, 2018 but were not able to reach an agreement.

The parties notified PERB that they were at an impasse and properly selected their panel members and Neutral Panel Member Andrea Dooley on April 2, 2018.

The factfinding panel convened a hearing on May 11, 2018. Both parties presented facts through their presenters (listed above) and the parties attempted mediation following the close of presentations. The parties were unable to reach an agreement, so the Panel Chair makes the following recommendations.

FACTFINDING CRITERIA

The Panel relied on Government Code Section 3505.4 in reaching its findings and recommendations:

- (d) In arriving at their findings and recommendations, the factfinders shall consider, weigh, and be guided by all the following criteria:
 - (1) State and federal laws that are applicable to the employer.
 - (2) Local rules, regulations, or ordinances.
 - (3) Stipulations of the parties.
 - (4) The interests and welfare of the public and the financial ability of the public agency.
- (5) Comparison of the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of the employees involved in the factfinding proceeding with the wages, hours, and FACTFINDING REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION FOR SETTLEMENT AFTER HEARING 2

conditions of employment of other employees performing similar services in comparable public agencies.

- (6) The consumer price index for goods and services, commonly known as the cost of living.
- (7) The overall compensation presently received by the employees, including direct wage compensation, vacations, holidays, and other excused time, insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization benefits, the continuity and stability of employment, and all other benefits received.
- (8) Any other facts, not confined to those specified in paragraphs (1) to (7), inclusive, which are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in making the findings and recommendations.

The Panel were provided facts that related to the following criteria:

State and Federal Laws

Government Code Section 3505 states:

The governing body of a public agency, or such boards, commissions, administrative officers or other representatives as may be properly designated by law or by such governing body, shall meet and confer in good faith regarding wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment with representatives of such recognized employee organizations, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 3501, and shall consider fully such presentations as are made by the employee organization on behalf of its members prior to arriving at a determination of policy or course of action.

"Meet and confer in good faith" means that a public agency, or such representatives as it may designate, and representatives of recognized employee organizations, shall have the mutual obligation personally to meet and confer promptly upon request by either party and continue for a reasonable period of time in order to exchange freely information, opinions, and proposals, and to endeavor to reach agreement on matters within the scope of representation prior to the adoption by the public agency of its final budget for the ensuing year. The process should include adequate time for the resolution of impasses where specific procedures for such resolution are contained in local rule, regulation, or ordinance, or when such procedures are utilized by mutual consent.

Stipulations of the Parties

The parties have stipulated to the following facts:

 The state of California mandates that all counties must use the Child Welfare System (CWS)/Case Management System (CMS).

2. The state of California pays for the Bay Area Academy to provide three-day trainings on the CWS/CMS modules.

Welfare and Interests of the Public

County employees in the Department of Children and Family Services and related department need to know how to use CWS/CMS. It is required by law. The practical implications of employees not knowing how to use the system puts children at risk. Users must use the system correctly to ensure the safety of children in the CFS System.

Comparison to Other Employees

The Union provided examples of job classifications in other counties which they contend are equivalent to the CSSS Specialist position in question as it relates to CWS/CMS-related work. The table below identifies the County, the job title, the annual salary range and the CWS/CMS training duties described in the classification specifications provided.

Ex.	County	Job Title	Salary Range	Training Duties	
EX7	Contra Costa	CSSS Specialist	57,737-70,180	Yes	
JX2	Contra Costa	SS Staff Dev. Specialist	72,719-88,391	Yes	
UX1	Sonoma	Admin. Aide	53,200-64,679	No	
UX2	Marin	Tech. Systems Spec. II	78,292-93,736	Yes	
UX3	Santa Clara	SSA App and DS Spec I	67,699-81,947	Yes	
UX4	Alameda	IS Specialist	63,564-85,113	No	

Overall Compensation

See above.

Other Factors

The Panel has considered all other evidence and arguments provided by the parties, as well as proposals which were made during the meet and confer process.

At issue in this case is whether the Employer can assign CSSS Specialists to provide group training on CWS/CMS to other County employees. The Employer contends that they may do so based on the job classification specification and have offered to provide necessary training to any employee who needs assistance learning to provide instruction in a group setting.

The Union proposes that either the CSSS Specialists be given a salary increase to reflect their change in duties or that the work be assigned to the Social Service Staff Development Specialist.

FINDING OF FACTS

The County of Contra Costa ("County" or "Employer") and the American Federation of State, County & Municipal Employees, Local 2700 ("AFSCME" or "Union") are parties to a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU"). The MOU had an original term of July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2017, and was extended to June 30, 2019, by mutual agreement of the parties. JX 1¹.

This matter concerns the Children's Services System Support (CSSS) Specialist classification in the County's Department of Children and Family Services (CFS). The CSSS Specialist is commonly referred to as an ATM, which stands for Application Trainer Mentor. In August 2017, CFS sought to assign ATMs to provide group training on the use and application of Child Welfare Services (CWS) Case Management System (CMS). According to the County, CWS/CMS training consists of three components:

¹ Joint Exhibit will be abbreviated JX. Union Exhibit will be abbreviated UX. Employer Exhibit will be abbreviated EX.

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- 1. A basic overview of CWS/CMS provided on an as-needed basis;
- 2. Regular module training (Introduction to CWS/CMS & Client Services, Referral Intake and Investigation, and Case Management & Case Plans); and,
- 3. A basic overview of Safe Measures (i.e. log-on and alert procedures to new staff. (EX. 7).

According to the Union, there was a past practice of assigning those duties to a different County classification, Social Services Staff Development Specialist. The Employer ceased assigning the work until the parties could meet and confer to resolve the issue.

The parties met and conferred on at least two occasions: November 16, 2017, and February 6, 2018. At the first meeting, CFS provided the Union with information about how CWS/CMS training had been conducted. For the prior ten years, the module components (No. 2) had been provided to staff three (3) times a year by the Bay Area Academy (BAA). Due to an increase in staffing, CFS contends that there is an operational need to provide additional in-house module trainings, and that this work belongs to the ATM/CSSS Specialist job classification.

The ATM/CSSS job classification specifications states that the position "provides training on (CWS/CMS) system use, access and applications," and "Develops and provides individual and group training on the use and application of the CWS/CMS system." EX 1. The position also "acts as a resource for Staff Development for training, provides support to CWS/CMS trainer and attends unit/division meetings to provide feedback. May provide information that is used to develop curriculum and/or present specific information attending a training class." Id. Finally, the job specifications require that employees have the "Ability to: Train and instruct individuals and groups on the use of software, system and hardware

applications." Id. The previous job classification specification for the position of CWS/CMS Support Assistant had the same job responsibilities as those indicated in EX 1. EX 2.

At its first meeting with the Union, CFS further contended that the CWS/CMS training nos. 1 and 3 are currently provided by ATMs to employees on a one-on-one basis, and that the Employer was directing the ATMs to provide the training to groups, as indicated in the job classification.

At the second meeting with the Union, CFS "attempted to engage the Union in discussion on how to better prepare the impacted employees in the anticipated performance of the full breadth of required training duties." EX 7. The Union contends that prior to the practice of using BAA to provide module training, it was conducted from 2001 until 2009 by a Social Services Staff Development Specialist who has since retired from the County. The employee, Vicky Matthews, had been an ATM prior to becoming a Staff Development Specialist.

After a layoff of County employees in 2008, the County had a hiring freeze until 2012, and has contracted out the CWS/CMS training to BAA since that time, hosting three trainings a year for new employees. The Employer intends to fill 30-40 vacancies and anticipates a need for more frequent trainings than BAA can provide. The Employer believes that individual trainings at that level are not efficient.

The Union agrees that the ATMs currently provide individual, one-on-one CWS/CMS training to other County employees on an as-needed basis. At least one ATM is qualified to perform group training and has experience doing so as a BAA trainer. The other current ATM has less experience providing group training. The third position is currently vacant.

In their current work, the ATMs have created Quick Guides for other employees to acquaint themselves with different CWS/CMS functions, and routinely provide technical instruction to end users. EX 5.

The Social Services Staff Development Specialists are former Social Workers who provide policy, programmatic or legal training to other County employees. They use the CWS/CMS system but are not technical experts in the same way the ATMs are. While they have extensive training related responsibilities, it is notable that one of the Staff Development Specialist's typical tasks is "Coordinates and arranges for speakers, instructors or other trainers to provide training in specific areas as necessary." JX 2. They are also required to have the ability to "Build into training continuous feedback mechanisms to instructor and participants and to construct practical evaluation devices to measure participant reaction, learning and behavior results." Id.

This position is distinguished from the ATM job in that it is primarily focused on "independently performing duties involving planning, developing, conducting and evaluating training and organizational programs," whereas the ATM are distinguished by their technical expertise in CWS/CMS computer systems and applications. JX 2, EX 7. The positions are represented by different bargaining unit representatives but do report to the same Supervisor, Brittanie Mills. EX 5.

Reviewing the positions which the Union contends are comparable, the Panel finds the following:

1. The Sonoma County Administrative Aide is distinguished from the ATMs because it is unrepresented, has a lower overall salary range, has very little training

responsibility and no duties related to CWS/CMS. UX 1. It is not a comparable position.

- 2. The Marin County Technology Systems Specialist II position is distinguished from the ATMs because their duties are not limited to a single department, and they are required to provide "training and support to end-users on general application software as well as specific departmental systems and equipment; provides professional level support including the development, support and maintenance of assigned hardware and software systems, support of agency/departmental networks and related equipment." UX 2. This position is much more highly compensated and has a broader portfolio. The ATMs are responsible for a departmental system which was engineered and required by the State. It is not a comparable position.
- 3. The Santa Clara SSA Application and Decision Support Specialist I is similar to the ATMs in that their work relates to a single department and they "may train end users and other stakeholders on policies, processes or systems." UX 3. However, the bulk of their work relates to SSA eligibility and/or employment-related services within a social services agency, and not to the technical components of the software system they use. It is not a comparable position.
- 4. Similar to the Marin position, the Alameda County Information Systems Specialist is responsible for a broader portfolio of computer systems, although, like the ATMs, they are expected to provide technical assistance, new user computer orientation and system overview and provide formal or informal training as needed. However, they are county-wide employees expected to provide assistance on a larger set of systems and applications. It is not a comparable position.

The Union contends that ATMs are appropriately providing short and quick orientations to individuals but that the BAA materials are comprehensive and voluminous compared to the quick guides they have prepared. JX 3.

RECOMMENDATIONS

After a review of the facts and arguments presented by both parties, the Chair recommends the following²:

- 1. The Employer may assign individual and group training duties to the ATM/CSSS

 Specialist employees. These duties are properly in the scope of their job classification based on the plain language in the specifications for the position.
- 2. The Employer shall define the scope of the work as to number of participants, number of trainings and extent of material to be covered and shall give the ATMs sufficient time to prepare and present the material to the defined group. Any ATM needing specialized training in group instruction will be offered such training before being assigned to provide group CWS/CMS training. While it is true that this duty falls within the scope of this classification, the Employer has not needed to assign these duties in many years. Therefore, the impact on the current ATM duties is unknown.

 The Employer should strive to ensure that the ATMs have sufficient time and support to complete all their assigned duties.
- 3. The ATMs are not entitled to additional compensation for the assignment of job duties which are in the scope of their job classification specifications. The Chair notes

² Recommendations are <u>underlined</u>. Factfinder Chair remarks are in *italics*.
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that the parties anticipate that they will be in bargaining within 12 months. At that point, the impact of this new assignment will be better known, and compensation for this position is subject to bargaining at that time.

4. The Employer may assign the Staff Development Specialists to coordinate and

evaluate trainings. The Chair notes that the Staff Development Specialists may have

expertise in coordinating trainings that would be valuable to the ATMs and would

minimize the additional work on the existing staff if properly assigned.

CONCLUSION

It is the hope of the Chair that these recommendations will be used by the parties to negotiate a settlement to the current impasse.

Dated: June 8, 2018

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Concur X	Concur X
Concur in part	Concur in part
Dissent in part	Dissent in part
Dissent	Dissent
Misla	· CA
Jeffrey Bailey, Employer Panel Member	Charles Allen, Union Panel Member