Stormwater Control Plan Date Received July 5, 2016



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PRELIMINARY

STORM WATER CONTROL PLAN

FOR

GLORIA TERRACE

APN 166-200-032 & 166-210-008 3198 GLORIA TERRACE Lafayette, CA 94549

June, 2016

Owner/Developer:

GLORIA TERRACE, LLC

C/O David Langon

3189 Danville Blvd Suite 245 Alamo, CA 94507

Tel: (925) 946-1850

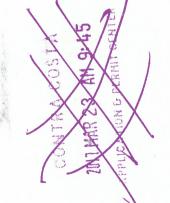
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Humann Company, Inc.

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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

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This Stormwater Control Plan was prepared using the template dated February 15, 2012.

I. PROJECT DATA

Table 1. Project Data

Project Name/Number	Gloria Terrace
,	
Application Submittal Date	July 2016
Project Location	3198 Gloria Terrace, APN 166-200-032 & 166-210-008
Name of Developer	David Langon Construction, Inc
Project Phase No.	N/A
Project Type and Description	Nine (9) Lot Residential Custom Homes Subdivision
Project Watershed	Grayson Creek
Total Project Site Area (acres)	7.68± acres
Total Area of Land Disturbed (acres)	3.3± acres
Total New Impervious Surface Area (sq. ft.)	71,334± sq. ft.
Total Replaced Impervious Surface Area	4,000± sq. ft.
Total Pre-Project Impervious Surface Area	4,000± sq. ft.
Total Post-Project Impervious Surface Area	75,334± sq. ft.
50% Rule[*]	Applied
Project Density	1.2 DU/Acre
Applicable Special Project Categories [Complete even if all treatment is LID]	None
Percent LID and non LID treatment	100% LID
HMP Compliance [†]	Apply as part of Common Plan of Development

[*50% rule applies if:

Total Replaced Impervious Surface Area > 0.5 x Pre-Project Impervious Surface Area]

[†HMP applies if:

(Total New Impervious Surface Area + Total Replaced Impervious Surface Area) ≥ 1 acre]

II. SETTING

II.A. Project Location and Description

The "GLORIA TERRACE" project is a proposed single family residential 9 custom home lots subdivision located at 3198 Gloria Terrace, near its intersection with Surmont Drive, Lafayette, California as shown on the vicinity map attached hereto under appendix A. The Project site occupies approximately 7.68 acres. GLORIA TERRACE project is located within R-20 zone.

II.B. Existing Site Features and Conditions

The site is a roughly rectangular parcel, located at the western end of a southwest-trending subsidiary ridgeline, in the hills immediately west of Pleasant Hill. The major portion of the site is a rough rectangle approximately 900 feet long by 400 feet wide, which straddles the top and steep sides of a natural ridgeline. The top of the ridge has an elevation of about 460 feet and moderate to steep natural slopes are present on the northwest, southwest and southeast sides of the ridge. Three residential houses are located along Gloria Terrace immediately west of the site. Several large residential parcels are also located along the south, east, and north sides of the site. A linear valley approximately 60 feet wide is located along the base of the southeastern slope. This valley begins at an elevation of approximately 330 feet and extends up to an elevation of about 370 feet. Finally, a small panhandle about 200 feet long by 50 feet wide is located on the southwest comer of the site and provides access to Gloria Terrace. The site is covered by natural weeds and grasses, numerous large to small trees are scattered across the site and a few large clumps of brush are present as well.

The grading pattern of the development part of the property will follow the existing drainage pattern and will ultimately connects to an existing drainage system located along Gloria Terrace.

The preliminary Geologic and Geotechnical Investigation entitled "Proposed 9-Lot Residential Subdivision, APNs 166-200-032 and 166-210-008, Gloria Terrace, California", and prepared by GFK & Associates, Inc., dated February 4, 2016 shall be consulted for all additional site soils information. It indicates that the property surficial soils correspond to type D soils as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Resources Conservation Services (NRCS). Groundwater was not encountered during excavation of the test pits, however, groundwater encountered at two borings located in the proximity of Lot 1 at depth between 9 and 10.5 feet below ground surface. It should be noted that groundwater levels can fluctuate seasonally and/or over a period of years.

II.C. Opportunities and Constraints for Stormwater Control

The site has been designed to maximize opportunities to utilize landscape and open space areas to minimize the impervious areas and treat the runoff generated from the project impervious areas in addition to maintaining the existing natural and hydrologic features as shown on attached Storm Water Control Plan Exhibit.

While, as mentioned before, the project's Geotechnical Report to be consulted for more details regarding the nature of the site soils, the design of the site drainage has taken into consideration the following practices and constrains:

- Ponding of water under floors or seepage toward foundation systems or nearby paved driveways at any time must be prevented.
- Storm water from roof downspouts should be conveyed in a manner to insure that it discharges away from structures.
- The near-surface soils nature as discussed under "Existing Site Conditions" will necessitate the use of sub-drains within the proposed bioretention basin.

III. LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT DESIGN STRATEGIES

III.A. Optimization of Site Layout

- III.A.1. Limitation of development envelope: The site is developed to its maximum practicable density, which maximizes the use of access roads and driveways
- III.A.2. Preservation of natural drainage features: No natural drainage features within the project site.
- III.A.3. Setbacks from creeks, wetlands, and riparian habitats: N/A.
- III.A.4. Minimization of imperviousness: The site is developed to its maximum practicable density, which maximizes the use of access roads and driveways
- III.A.5. Use of drainage as a design element: Open space, landscape areas and bioretention facility are utilized throughout the site to the maximum extent practicable.
- III.B. Use of Permeable Pavements: The use of permeable pavement was not utilized based on the presence of high swell-shrink surficial soils as mentioned in the geotechnical report.
- III.C. **Dispersal of Runoff to Pervious Areas:** To the extent practicable within the layout design of the site all impervious areas will be designed to drain into treatment facilities in the form of Bioretention basins before conveyed to the offsite storm drain system.

III.D. Feasibility Assessment of Harvesting and Use for Treatment and Flow-Control

III.D.1. Permeability of Site Soils

Site soils as mentioned before are clayey in nature and that leads to a saturated hydraulic permeability of less than 1.6 inches/hour.

III.D.2. Potential Opportunities for Harvesting and Use

No contiguous roof areas of 10,000 square feet and larger within the proposed project.

Harvesting and Use Feasibility Calculations

Table 2. Harvesting and Use Feasibility

A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
Building or other Impervious Area Description	Square feet of impervious surface	Acres	Uses and User Units	Toilet and Urinal Water Usage (gal/day)	Water Use per Acre (gal/ day/ acre)	Required demand (gal/ day / acre).	Is Projected Use > Required Demand? (Column F > Column G?)	Can runoff be piped to an irrigated area 2.5x the impervious area (Column B)?	Is there any other consistent, reliable demand for the quantity in Column G?
Roofs/ paving	75,334	1.73	2.8	216.7	125	5900	No	No	No

III.E. Integrated Management Practices

The project is subject to "Treatment and Flow Control" requirements as the total impervious surfaces created or replaced within this project exceeds the one acre threshold as mentioned in the "C.3 Stormwater Guidebook" Sixth edition.

Table 4-9 of the "C.3 Stormwater Guidebook" Sixth edition have been utilized in determining the type of IMP/BMP best fit the stormwater control design for this particular site. The project site's clayey native soils have deemed the use of dry wells and cisterns with bioretention inappropriate. Bioretention facilities equipped with sub-drain has been found to be the most suitable form of treatment IMP for this project site for its cost effectiveness, availability of the required hydraulic head and the natural blinding with the proposed improvements. The design utilizes the lowest portion of each of the DMAs that are also farthest from the structures, for use as the Bioretention facility. Consideration has been given to the most cost effective facility (construction and long term maintenance) in comparison to the other available facilities.

IV. DOCUMENTATION OF DRAINAGE DESIGN

IV.A. Descriptions of each Drainage Management Area

IV.A.1. Table of Drainage Management Areas

DMA Name

DMA-3:

DMA3-Roof & Driveway

DM.4-0:	Constraint Area	798
DMA1-LS DMA2-LS DMA3-LS DMA4-LS DMA5-LS	Self-treating Landscape Area	119,828 30,962 19,415 60,488 28,767
DMA1: DMA1-Roof & Driveway DMA1-Pav	Roofs & Concrete Paving AC paving	24,626 Total 20,000 4,626
DMA2: DMA2-Roof & Driveway DMA2-Pav	Roofs AC Paving	31,840 Total 10,000 21,840

Roofs & Concrete Paving

Surface Type

Area (square feet)

5,000

<u>DMA-4:</u> DMA4-Roof & Driveway	Roofs &Concrete Paving	5,000
DMA-5: DMA5-Roof & Driveway	Roofs &Concrete Paving	3,000
DMA-6: DMA6-Roof	Roofs &Concrete Paving	2,000
DMA-7: DMA7- Pav	AC Paving	3,070

IV.A.2. Drainage Management Area Descriptions

<u>DMA-0</u>, totaling 798 square feet, Constraint area consists of portion of the main entry roadway; drains directly offsite toward Gloria Terrace frontage.

DMA1-LS through 5-LS: totaling 258,870 square feet, consists of:

Undisturbed open space follows the unaltered existing surface drainage pattern or Landscape areas connected directly to the proposed drainage system.

DMA 1: totaling approximately 24,626 sf consists of:

DMA1-Roof: Contain 20,000 sf of roof and driveway allocated areas of lots 1 and Lots 7 through 9;

DMA1-Pav: Contain 4,626 sf portion of the access roadway impervious AC/Concrete paving;

DMA1 drains to an Integrated Management Practice "**IMP 1**" in the form of bioretention basin having an area of 1,250 sf as shown on the attached IMP sizing calculations.

DMA 2: totaling approximately 31,840 sf consists of:

DMA2-Roof: Contain 10,000 sf of roof and driveway allocated areas of Lots 2 & 3;

DMA2-Pav.: Contain 21,840 sf portion of the access roadway impervious AC/Concrete paving;

DMA2 drains to Integrated Management Practice "**IMP 2**" in the form of bioretention basin having an area of 1,486 sf as shown on the attached IMP sizing calculations.

<u>DMA 3 and DMA 4</u>: each totaling 5,000 sf of roof and driveway allocated areas of Lots 4 & 6 respectively. Each of the DMA areas drains to Integrated Management Practice "IMP 3 & 4" respectively in the form of bioretention basin having an area of 255 sf as shown on the attached IMP sizing calculations.

DMA 5: totaling 3,000 sf being the driveway and a portion of the roof allocated area of Lots 5. This DMA drains to Integrated Management Practice "IMP 5" of bioretention basin having an area of 155 sf as shown on the attached IMP sizing calculations.

DMA 6: totaling 2,000 sf being the remainder portion of the roof area allocated of Lots 5. This DMA drains to Integrated Management Practice "IMP 6" of flow-through planter having an area of 110 sf as shown on the attached IMP sizing calculations.

<u>DMA 7:</u> totaling 3,070 sf portion of the access roadway impervious AC/Concrete paving. This DMA drains to "IMP 7" being a bioretention basin having an area of 150 sf as shown on the attached IMP sizing calculations.

IV.B. Tabulation and Sizing Calculations

IV.B.1. Information Summary for IMP Design

Total Project Area (Square Feet)	334,645± sf
Mean Annual Precipitation	22 inches
IMPs Designed For:	Treatment and Flow Control

IV.B.2. Self-Treating Areas

Refer to attached table generated using the County Program's IMP Sizing Calculator.

IV.B.3. Areas Draining to IMPs

Refer to attached table generated using the County Program's IMP Sizing Calculator.

V. SOURCE CONTROL MEASURES

V.A. Site activities and potential sources of pollutants

The construction of this project will create few potential sources of storm water pollutants. All areas that receive these pollutants will drain to the stormwater treatment Best Management Practices (BMPs). To further reduce the potential for pollutants to enter runoff, permanent and operational BMPs will be implemented as described below. The table lists potential pollutant sources on the development site and the corresponding source control measures specified in the Stormwater C.3 Guidebook, sixth Edition, Appendix D.

V.B. Source Control Table

Potential Source	Permanent BMPs	Operational BMPs
On-site storm drain inlets	Use of inlets for treatment facilities have been minimized, reducing the potential for dumping.	 Inlet markings will be inspected annually and replaced or renewed as needed.
	All inlets that could be accessed from sidewalks and driveways will be marked with a "No Dumping – Drains to Bay"	Inlets and pipes conveying stormwater to BMPs will be inspected and maintained as part of BMP Operation and Maintenance Plan.
Need for future indoor and structural pest control.	Standard building design minimizes potential needs for future pest control	Integrated Pest Management (IPM) information will be provided to new owners.

Landscape/outdoor pesticide use	 Landscaping will be designed to minimize required irrigation and runoff, to promote surface infiltration where appropriate, and to minimize the use of fertilizers and pesticides that can contribute to storm water pollution. Plantings for vegetated filters, and landscape areas used to retain stormwater, will be selected to be appropriate to anticipated soil and moisture conditions. (Refer to Landscape Plan) Where possible, pest-resistant plants will be selected, especially for locations adjacent to hardscape. Plants will be selected appropriate to site soils, slopes, climate, sun, wind, rain, land use, air movement, ecological consistency, and plant interactions. 	 Landscape will be maintained using minimum or no pesticides. IPM information will be provided to new owners.
Vehicle and equipment cleaning		 No onsite car washing will be provided. Stormwater pollution prevention information will be provided to any new owners.
Vehicle maintenance		Vehicle maintenance or repair onsite is prohibited.
Refuse Areas	 Site refuse and recycled materials will be located in suitable designated locations, and stored for pickup. These refuse areas will be sized and detailed per the local municipal requirements. Dumpsters and receptacles will be covered, graded and paved to prevent run-on and runoff. 	See applicable operational BMP's in Fact Sheet SC-34, "Waste Handling and Disposal," in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com Receptacles will be inspected regularly. Leaky receptacles will be repaired or replaced. Receptacles shall remain covered. Dumping of liquid or hazardous waste is prohibited. Litter will be inspected and picked up daily and spills cleaned up immediately.

Roofing material	No roofing gutters and trim made of copper or unprotected metals that may leach into runoff.	
Roofing	Rooftop mounted equipment to be roofed or covered to prevent pollutants from entering runoff.	

V.C. Features, Materials, and Methods of Construction of Source Control BMPs

Refer to table above.

VI. STORMWATER FACILITY MAINTENANCE

VI.A. Ownership and Responsibility for Maintenance in Perpetuity

All storm water treatment facilities in this plan will be maintained in perpetuity. The applicant accepts responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the Bioretention facility, landscape and open space areas constructed in connection with this project until the responsibility is formally transferred to another legal owner(s) or other private entity(ies). The current owner and the future owners will provide and pay for maintenance of stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs), and execution of a Stormwater Management Facilities Operation and Maintenance Agreement and Right of Entry in the form provided by the Contra Costa County.

The applicant, or the property owner(s), will provide a Stormwater Treatment Facilities Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan, detailing maintenance requirements and a maintenance schedule for all treatment and control BMPs. This O & M Plan shall be submitted for the review of the Contra Costa County, and an Operation and Maintenance Agreement will be recorded on the property, including any necessary rights-of entry, prior to final occupancy.

Additionally, the property owner(s) will pay for all required Contra Costa County Fees associated with the long term O&M of these water quality features.

VI.B. Summary of Maintenance Requirements for Each Stormwater Facility

Bioretention facility area

The Bioretention facility area treats flow runoff by removing pollutants primarily by filtering runoff slowly through an active layer of soil. Routine maintenance is needed to ensure that flow is unobstructed, that erosion is prevented, and that soils are held together by plant roots and are biologically active. Typical maintenance consists of the following:

- Inspect surface for exposure of soils, or other evidence of erosion. Clear any obstructions and remove any accumulation of sediment. Examine rock, splash blocks or other material used as a protective splash pad and replace or replenish if necessary.
- Observe the active layer of the soil filter for uniform percolation throughout. If portions
 of the filter do not drain within 48 hours after the end of a storm, the soil should be
 tilled and replanted. Remove any debris or accumulations of sediment.

- Examine the vegetation to ensure that it is healthy and dense enough to provide filtering and to protect soils from erosion. Replenish mulch as necessary, remove fallen leaves and debris, prune large shrubs or trees, and mow turf areas if required. When mowing, remove no more than ½ height of grasses. Confirm that irrigation is adequate and not excessive. Replace dead plants and remove noxious and invasive vegetation.
- Abate any potential vectors by filling holes in the ground in and around the filter and by ensuring that there are no areas where water stands more than 48 hours following a storm. If mosquito larvae are present and persistent, contact the Contra Costa County Mosquito and Vector Control District for information and advice. Mosquito larvicides should be applied only when absolutely necessary and then only by a licensed individual or contractor.

Paved Surfaces

Paved areas such as patios and access walkways shall be swept as necessary to keep the areas clean of any solids, sediments and pollutants.

VII. CONSTRUCTION PLAN C.3 CHECKLIST

Stormwater Control Plan

Page #

BMP Description

See Plan Sheet #s

Section IV.	Treatment facilities IMP 1 thru IMP 7 sized as specified and designed to capture and route runoff from DMA1 thru DMA 7 respectively as delineated on the Storm Water Control Plan Exhibit.	SWCP Sheets C.3-1 & 2
Table V.B., Section V	Plant selection to minimize use fertilizers and pesticides.	
Section IV & Storm Water Control Plan Exhibit	The final grading plan conforms to the delineation of drainage areas in the SWCP.	SWCP Sheets C.3-1 & 2 and VTM-2
Section IV & Storm Water Control Plan Exhibit	The final drainage plan conforms to the SWCP; drainage from impervious areas, including building roofs, is routed to treatment facilities, as shown in the SWCP.	SWCP Sheet C.3-1 & 2 and VTM-1
Section IV & Storm Water Control Plan Exhibit	IMPs/BMPs details on the construction plan (e.g. connections between stormdrains and bioretention areas, etc.)	SWCP Sheet C.3-1 & 2 and VTM-1

VIII. CERTIFICATIONS

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION:

The selection, sizing, and preliminary design of stormwater treatment and other control measures in this plan meet the requirements of Regional Water Quality Control Board Order R2-2009-0074 and Order R2-2011-0083.

Print Name Izzat Nashashibi

Position: Civil Engineer

Humann Company, Inc. 1021 Brown Avenue Lafayette, CA 94549

IMP SIZING CALCULATIONS

Project Name: Gloria Terrace

Project Type: Treatment and Flow Control **Location:** 3198 Gloria Terrace, Lafayette, CA

APN: 166-20-032 & 166-210-008 **Drainage Area:** 337865 sf

Mean Annual Precipitation: 22 in

I. Self-Treating Areas

DMA Name	Area (sq ft)
DMA0-Constraint	798
DMA1-LS	119248
DMA2-LS	30962
DMA3-LS	19415
DMA4-LS	60488
DMA5-LS	28757

IV. Areas Draining to IMPs

IMP Name: IMP1 (Soil Type: D)

IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

Soil Type: D

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	ractor	DMA Area X Runoff			IMP Sizing	77 3 17 149
DMA1- Roof&Dway	20,000	Conventional Roof	1.00	20,000	IMP	Rain		Proposed
DMA1-pavement	4,626	Concrete or Asphalt	1.00	4,626	Sizing	Adjust- ment	Minimum Area or Volume	Area or
			Total	24,626	Factor	Factor		Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	1,134	1,250
			Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	952	1,000
		Subs	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	1,247	1,250
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.05
							Orifice Diameter (in)	1.46

IMP Name: IMP2 (Soil Type: D)

IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

Soil Type: D

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor		IMP Sizing
DMA2-	1			3	

Roof&Dway	10,000	Conventional Roof	1.00	10,000	IMP	Rain		Proposed
DMA2-pavement	21,840	Concrete or Asphalt	1.00	21,840	Sizing	Adjust- ment	Minimum Area or Volume	Area or
			Total	31,840	Factor	Factor	Alea of Volume	Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	1,466	1,486
		S	urface	Volume	0.042	0.921	1,231	1,238
		Subs	urface	Volume	0.055	0.921	1,613	1,664
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.07
							Orifice Diameter (in)	1.65

IMP Name: IMP3 (Soil Type: D)

IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area X Runoff			IMP Sizing	Sec. Co.	
DMA3-Roof&Dway	5,000	Conventional Roof	1.00	5,000	IMP Sizing	MP Rain izing Adjust- Minimum			
			Total	5,000		ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume	
				Area	0.050	0.921	230	255	
		5	Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	193	204	
		Subs	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	253	255	
						Max	kimum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.01	
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.66	

IMP Name: IMP4 (Soil Type: D)

IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

Soil Type: D

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area X Runoff			IMP Sizing	
DMA4-Roof&Dway	5,000 Conventional Roof 1.00 5,000 IMP Rain Sizing Adjust-				Minimum Propose			
			Total	5,000	Factor	ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	230	255
		5	Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	193	204
		Subs	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	253	255
						Max	ximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.01
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.66

IMP Name: IMP5 (Soil Type: D)

IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

Soil Type: D

14.00 14.	V W	New year his court as heart of	T		
	74 A		75	DMA	
	DMA	Post-	DMA	Area	

DMA Name	Area (sq ft)	Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor	x Runoff Factor	IMP Sizing				
DMA5-Roof&Dway	3,000	Conventional Roof	1.00	3,000	IMP Sizing	Rain Adjust-	Minimum	Proposed	
			Total	3,000		ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume	
				Area	0.050	0.921	138	155	
		5	Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	116	124	
		Subs	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	152	155	
						M	laximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.01	
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.51	

IMP Name: IMP6 (Soil Type: D)

IMP Type: Flow-Through Planter

Soil Type: D

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff				
DMA6-Roof	2,000	Conventional Roof	1.00	2,000	IMP Sizing	Rain Adjust-	Minimum	Proposed
			Total	2,000		ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	92	110
		9	Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	77	88
	Subsurface			Volume	0.055	0.921	101	110
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.00
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.39

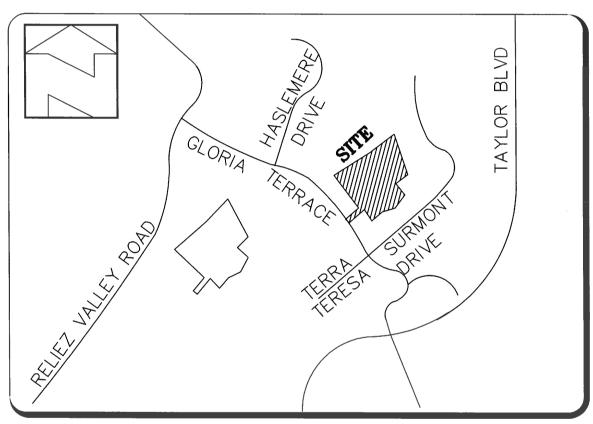
IMP Name: IMP7 (Soil Type: D)

IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

Soil Type: D

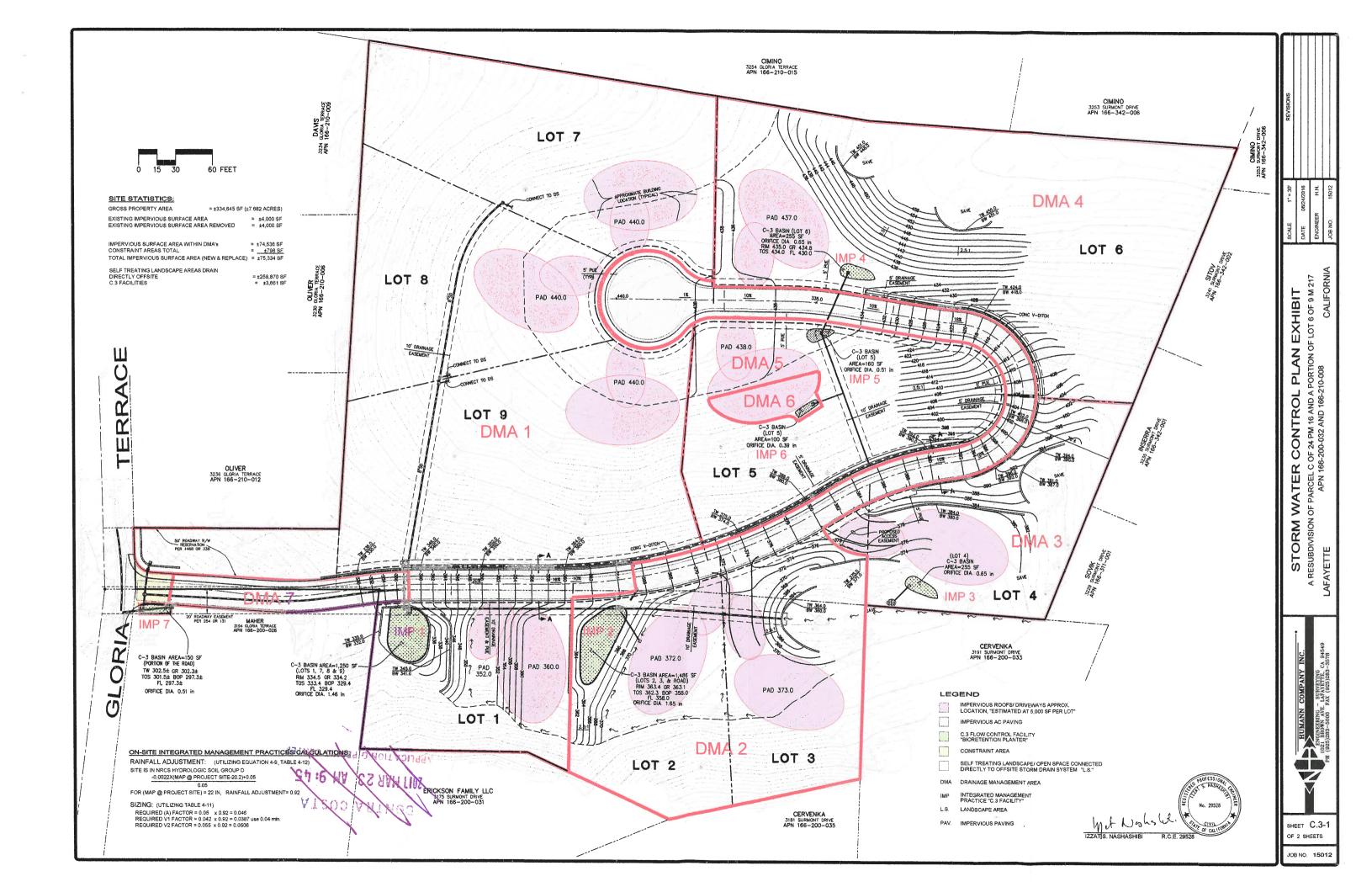
DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	RUDOTT				
DMA7-pavement	3,070	Concrete or Asphalt	1.00	3,070	IMP Sizing	Rain Adjust-	Minimum	Proposed
			Total	3,070	,	ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	141	150
		5	Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	119	125
		Subs	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	155	162
						Ma	ximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.01
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.51

VICINITY MAP



VICINITY MAP N.T.S.

ATTACHMENTS



Project Name: Gloria Terrace Project Type: Treatment and Flow Control Location: 3198 Gloria Terrace, Lafayette, CA APN: 166-20-032 & 166-210-008 Drainage Area: 337865 sf Mean Annual Precipitation: 22 in

I. Self-Treating Areas

DMA Name A	Area (sq ft)
DMA0-Constraint	798
DMA1-LS	119248
DMA2-LS	30962
DMA3-LS	19415
DMA4-LS	60458
DMA5-LS	28757
DMA5-LS	28757

IV. Areas Draining to IMPs

IMP Name: IMP1 (Soil Type: D) IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff			IMP Sizing	
DMA1- RoofsDway	20,050	Conventional Roof	1,00	20,000	IMP	Rain	#Al-1	Proposed
DMA1-pavement	4,626	4,626 Concrete or Asphalt	1.00	1.00 4.628		Adjust- ment	Minimum Area or Volume	Area or
			Total	24.625	Factor	Factor		Volume
				Area	0,050	0.921	1,134	1,250
			Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	952	1,000
		Sub	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	1.247	1,250
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	
							Orifice Diameter (in)	

IMP Name: IMP2 (Soil Type: D)

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff			IMP Sizing	A A SA	
DMA2- Root&Dway	10,000	Conventional Roof	1.00	10.000	IMP	Rain	1.0 Rep. (M. 1.0)	Proposed	
DMA2-pavement	.71,840	Concrete on Asphalt	1 00	21,840	Sizing	Adjust- ment	Minimum Area or Volume	Area or	
			Total	31.840	Factor	Factor	Area or volume	Volume	
				Area	0.050	0.921	1,468	1,486	
			Surface	Volume	0.942	0.621	1,231	1,238	
		Sub	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	1,613	1,664	
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.07	
							Orifice Diameter (in)	1,85	

IMP Name: IMP3 (Soil Type: D) IMP Type: Bioretention Facility Soil Type: D

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)		DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff	IMP Sizing		IMP Sizing	
DMA3-Roof&Dway	5 000	Conventional Roof	1.00	5,000	IMP Sizing	Rain Adjust-	Minimum	Proposed
			Total			ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	230	255
			Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	193	204
		Subs	surface	Volume	0.955	0.921	253	256
						Ma	ximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.01
							M 161 M11 M11 M11 M11 M11 M11 M11 M11 M1	

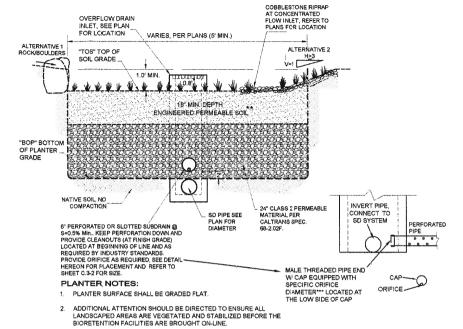
IMP Name: IMP4 (Soil Type: D) IMP Type: Bioretention Facility

Soil Type: D								
DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff Factor	ff IMP Sizing			
DAIA4-Roofs Dway	5,000	Conventional Roof	1.00	5,000	IMP Sizing	Rain Adjust-	Minimum	Proposed
			Total	5,000		ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	230	255
			Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	193	204
		Sub	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	253	255
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.01

Orifice Diameter (in) 0.66

IMP Name: IMP5 (Soil Type: D)

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff			IMP Sizing	
QMA6-Roof6Dway	3,000	Conventional Root	Nional Roof 100 3,000 IMP Rain Sizing Adjust- Minimum		Minimum	Proposed		
			Total	3,000	,	ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume
				Area	0.050	0.901	130	155
			Surface	Volume	0.047	0.921	116	129
		Sub	surface	Volume	0.055	0.921	162	156
						Ma	ximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.0
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.51



- ALL PERFORATED PIPE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 6" AND A MINIMUM OF THREE 3/4" DIA. HOLES EVENLY SPACED ALONG THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE PIPE AND NOT LESS THAN THREE HOLES PER LINEAL FOOT OF PIPE.
- 4. PLANTINGS MAY INCLUDE TREES; USE STRUCTURAL SOIL AS SHOWN ON C.C.Co. CLEAN WATER PROGRAM STORMWATER (C.S) GUIDEBOOK, 6TH EDITION. MINIMUM LONG TERM INFILTRATION RATE 5" PER HOUR.
- ** REFER TO LANDSCAPE PLANS AND TO C.C.C. CLEAN WATER PROGRAM STORNWATER (C.3) GUIDEBOOK, 6TH EDITION, APPENDIX B, ATTACHMENT L, FOR THE ENGINEERED SOIL MIX SPECIFICATIONS PRIOR TO ORDERING THE MIX.

BIORETENTION BASIN TYPICAL SECTION N.T.S.

IMP Name: IMP6 (Soil Type: D)

Soil Type	e: D							
DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff Factor		IMP Sizing		
MAG-Roof	2.000	Conventional Rom	1,00	2 000	IMP Sizing	Rain Adjust-	Minimum	Proposed
Total				2,000	Factor	ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume
				Area	0.050	0.921	92	110
		5	Surface	Volume	0.042	0,921	77	88
		Sub	surface	Volume	0.056	0,921	101	110
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.00
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.36

IMP Name: IMP7 (Soit Type: D)

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq ft)	Post- Project Surface Type	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area X Runoff	Inra ***	IMP Sizing		
MA7-pavement	3,070	Concrete or Aspnak	1,00	3.079	IMP Rain Sizing Adjust- Minimum			Proposed
	Total		3,079	Factor	ment Factor	Area or Volume	Area or Volume	
				Area	0.050	0.921	141	150
		\$	Surface	Volume	0.042	0.921	119	125
		Subs	surface	Volume	0.055	0.924	155	182
							Maximum Underdrain Flow (cfs)	0.01
							Orifice Diameter (in)	0.51

Mut Nobeled. IZZATJS. NASHASHIBI

CONTROL PLAN EXHIBIT
OF 24 PM 16 AND A PORTION OF LOT 6 OF 9 M 217
5-200-032 AND 166-210-008
CALIFORNI. STORM WATER CARESUBDIVISION OF PARCEL COF

V

SHEET **C.3-2** OF 2 SHEETS

JOB NO. 15012

